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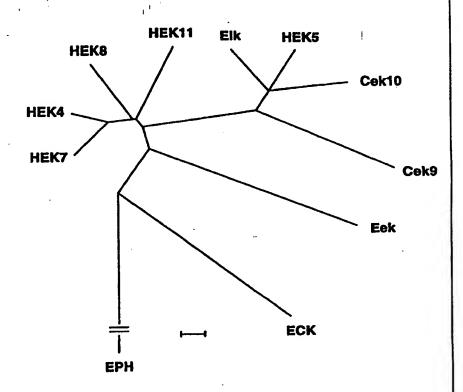
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- (54) Title: HEK5, HEK7, HEK8, HEK11, NEW EPH-LIKE RECEPTOR PROTEIN TYROSINE KINASES
- (57) Abstract

Four novel members of the EPH subfamily of receptor protein tyrosine kinases are disclosed. Nucleic acid sequences encoding receptor proteins, recombinant plasmids and host cells for expression, and methods of producing and using such receptors are also disclosed.



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HEK5, HEK7, HEK8, HEK11, new EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinases

Field of the Invention

5 The invention relates generally to receptor protein tyrosine kinases (PTKs) and particularly to novel Eph-like receptor PTKs, to fragments and analogs thereof, and to nucleic acids encoding same. The present invention also relates to methods of producing and using such receptors.

Background of the Invention

Receptor PTKs are a structurally related family of proteins that mediate the response of cells to 15 extracellular signals (Ullrich et al. Cell 61, 203-212 These receptors are characterized by three major functional domains: an intracellular region containing the sequences responsible for catalytic activity, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning domain, 20 and a glycosylated extracellular region whose structure determines ligand binding specificity. Signal transduction is initiated by the binding of growth or differentiation factors to the extracellular domain of their cognate receptors. Ligand binding facilitates 25 dimerization of the receptor which can induce receptor autophosphorylation. Both soluble and membraneassociated protein ligands have been shown to function in this manner. This process is the initial step in a cascade of interactions involving the phosphorylation of 30 a variety of cytoplasmic substrates and culminating in a biological response by the cell. The best characterized response to tyrosine kinase receptor activation is cell However, analysis of the role of some growth factors in vivo suggests that differentiation or cell 35

survival might also be mediated by tyrosine kinase receptor/ligand interactions.

Receptor PTKs have been grouped into fairly 5 well-defined families on the basis of both sequence homology and shared structural motifs. The amino acid sequence of the portion of the intracellular domain responsible for the catalytic activity is well conserved among all tyrosine kinases and even more closely matched 10 within a receptor sub-family. Comparisons of this portion of the amino acid sequence have been used to construct phylogenetic trees depicting the relatedness of family members to each other and to the tyrosine kinases as a whole (Hanks and Quinn, Methods Enzymol. 15 200, 38-62 (1991)). This sequence conservation has also been exploited in order to isolate new tyrosine kinases using the polymerase chain reaction (PCR) (Wilks, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 1603-1607 (1989)). Oligonucleotides based on the highly conserved catalytic domain of PTKs can be used as PCR primers to amplify 20 related sequences present in the template. fragments can then be used as probes for isolation of the corresponding full-length receptor clones from cDNA libraries. Anti-phosphotyrosine antibodies have also 25 been used to identify PTK cDNA clones in phage expression libraries (Lindberg and Pasquale, Methods Enzymol. 200, 557-564 (1991)). These strategies have been used by a number of investigators to identify an ever-increasing number of protein tyrosine kinase 30 receptors.

There are now 51 distinct PTK receptor genes that have been published and divided into 14 sub-families One such sub-family is the EPH-like receptors. The prototype member, EPH, was isolated by Hirai et.al. (Science 238, 1717-1720 (1987)) using low

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stringency hybridization to a probe derived from the viral oncogene v-fps. EPH-like receptors have been implicated in cell growth based in part on studies which show that overexpression of the gene in NIH3T3 cells causes focus formation in soft agar and tumors in nude mice (Maru et al. Oncogene 5, 199-204 (1990)). Other members of the EPH sub-family which have been identified include the following:

ECK (Lindberg et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 10,

10 6316-6324 (1990))

Elk (Lhoták et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. <u>11</u>, 2496-2502 (1991))

Ceks 4,5,6,7,8,9, and 10 (Pasquale, Cell Regulation 2, 523-534 (1991); Sajjadi et al. The New Biologist 3, 769-778 (1991); Sajjadi and Pasquale Oncogene 8, 1807-1813 (1993))

HEK2 (Bohme et al. Oncogene <u>8</u>, 2857-2862 (1993))

Eek, Erk (Chan and Watt, Oncogene 6, 1057-1061

20 (1991))

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Ehk1, Ehk2 (Maisonpierre et al. Oncogene $\underline{8}$, 3277-3288 (1993))

Homologs for some of these receptors have been identified in other species (Wicks et al. Proc. Natl. 25 Acad. Sci. USA 89, 1611-1615 (1992)); Gilardi-Hebenstreit et al. Oncogene 7, 2499-2506 (1992)). expression patterns and developmental profiles of several family members suggest that these receptors and their ligands are important for the proliferation, 30 differentiation and maintenance of a variety of tissues (Nieto et al. Development 116, 1137-1150 (1992)). Structurally, EPH sub-family members are characterized by an Ig-like loop, a cysteine rich region, and two fibronectin-type repeats in their extracellular domains. 35 The amino acid sequences of the catalytic domains are

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more closely related to the SRC sub-family of cytoplasmic PTKs than to any of the receptor PTKs. Among the catalytic domains of receptor PTKs, the EPH sub-family is most similar in amino acid sequence to the epidermal growth factor receptor sub-family.

It is an object of the invention to identify novel receptors belonging to the EPH sub-family. A directed PCR approach has been used to identify five human EPH-like receptors from a human fetal brain cDNA library. These receptors are designated HEK4, HEK5, HEK7, HEK8, and HEK11. The relationship of these receptors to previously identified EPH-like receptors is as follows:

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HEK4 is the human homolog of Cek4 (chicken) and Mek4 (mouse) and is identical to HEK (Boyd et al. J. Biol. Chem. <u>267</u>, 3262-3267 (1992); Wicks et al., 1992) which was previously isolated from a human lymphoid tumor cell line.

HEK5 is the human homolog of Cek5, a fulllength eph-like receptor clone from chicken. A portion of the HEK5 sequence was previously disclosed as ERK, a human clone encoding about sixty amino acids (Chan and Watt, 1991)

25 HEK7 is the human homolog of Cek7 isolated from chicken.

HEK8 is the human homolog of Cek8 a fulllength clone from chicken and Sek, a full-length clone from mouse. (Nieto et al., 1992; Sajjadi et al., 1991)

HEK11 does not have a known non-human homolog. With the addition of the new members HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 and the report of a PCR fragment encoding an eph-like receptor (Lai & Lemke Neuron 6, 691-704 (1991)), a total of twelve distinct sequences that

represent EPH-like receptors have been published, making it the largest known sub-family of PTKs.

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It is a further object of the invention to generate soluble EPH-like receptors and antibodies to EPH-like receptors. Soluble receptors and antibodies are useful for modulating EPH-like receptor activation.

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Summary of the Invention

The present invention provides novel EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinases. More particularly, the invention provides isolated nucleic acids encoding four novel members of the sub-family of EPH-like receptor PTKs which are referred to collectively as HEKs (human-eph like kinases). Also encompassed are nucleic acids which hybridize under stringent conditions to EPH-like receptor nucleic acids. Expression vectors and host cells for the production of receptor polypeptides and methods of producing receptors are also provided.

Isolated polypeptides having amino acid sequences of EPH-like receptors are also provided, as are fragments and analogs thereof. Antibodies specifically binding the polypeptides of the invention are included. Also comprehended by the invention are methods of modulating the endogenous activity of an EPH-like receptor and methods for identifying receptor ligands.

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Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows the nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequence of the HEK5 receptor.

30 Figure 2 shows the nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequence of the HEK7 receptor.

Figure 3 shows the nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequence of the HEK8 receptor.

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Figure 4 shows the nucleotide and predicted amino acid sequence of the HEK11 receptor.

Figure 5 shows the comparison of the amino acid 5 sequences of the human EPH receptor sub-family. The multiple sequence alignment was done using the LineUp program included in the Genetics Computer Group sequence analysis software package (Genetics Computer Group, (1991), Program Manual for the GCG Package, Version 7, 10 April 1991, Madison, Wisconsin, USA 53711). indicate spaces introduced in order to optimize alignment. The predicted transmembrane domains and signal sequences of each receptor are indicated by underlining and italics, respectively. Cysteine 15 residues conserved throughout the sub-family are indicated with asterisks. Arrows indicate the tyrosine kinase catalytic domain. Amino acid sequences of EPH, ECK and HEK2 were taken from the appropriate literature references.

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Figure 6 shows the molecular phylogeny of the EPH subfamily of receptor protein tyrosine kinases. Catalytic domain sequences were analyzed as described by Hanks and Quinn, 1991. The scale bar represents an arbitrary evolutionary difference unit. The EPH branch, which has been shown with a discontinuity for the sake of compactness, is 23.5 units in length.

Figures 7-11 show Northern blot analyses of the tissue distribution of the HEK receptors. Receptor cDNA probes, labeled with ³²P, were hybridized to either 2 μg of poly A⁺ RNA from human tissues (panel A, Clontech) or 10 μg of total RNA from rat tissues (panel B). Sizes of the transcripts were determined by comparison with RNA molecular weight markers (Bethesda Research Labs,

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Gaithersburg, MD). Figure 7, HEK4; Figure 8, HEK5; Figure 9, HEK7; Figure 10; HEK8; Figure 11; HEK 11.

Detailed Description of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel 5 EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinases. More particularly, the invention relates to isolated nucleic acids encoding four novel members of the sub-family of EPH-like receptor PTKs. These four members are designated herein as HEK (human eph-like kinases). 10 Nucleic acids encoding HEK receptors were identified in a human fetal brain cDNA library using oligonucleotide probes to conserved regions of receptor PTKs and EPHlike receptor PTKs. The predicted amino acid sequences of three HEK receptors had extensive homology in the 15 catalytic domain to previously identified EPH-like receptors Cek5, Cek7 and Cek8 isolated from chicken and, accordingly, are designated HEK5, HEK7 and HEK8. predicted amino acid sequence of the fourth HEK receptor revealed that it was not a homolog of any previously 20 identified EPH-like receptor. It is designated HEK11. It is understood that the term "HEKs" comprises HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 as well as analogs, variants, and mutants thereof which fall within the scope of the 25 invention.

The invention encompasses isolated nucleic acids selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) the nucleic acids set forth in any of SEQ 30 ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, or SEQ ID NO: 16 and their complementary strands;
 - (b) a nucleic acid hybridizing to the coding regions of the nucleic acids in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, or SEQ ID NO: 16 under
- 35 stringent conditions; and

(c) a nucleic acid of (b) which, but for the degeneracy of the genetic code, would hybridize to the coding regions of the nucleic acids in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14, or SEQ ID NO: 16. The nucleic acids of the invention preferably hybridize 5 to HEK5, HEK7, HEK8, or HEK11 coding regions under conditions allowing up to about 5% nucleotide mismatch based upon observed nucleic acid identities among known human or nonhuman EPH-like receptors. An example of such a condition is hybridization at 60° in 1M Na+ 10 followed by washing at 60° in 0.2XSSC. hybridization conditions may be ascertained by one skilled in the art which allow base pairing with similar levels of mismatch.

15 In a preferred embodiment, the isolated nucleic acids encode polypeptides having the amino acid sequences of HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 or HEK11. A nucleic acid includes cDNA, genomic DNA, synthetic DNA or RNA. Nucleic acids of this invention may encode full-length receptor polypeptides having an extracellular 20 ligand-binding domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain, or may encode fragments such as extracellular domains which are produced in a soluble, secreted form. Nucleic acid constructs which produce soluble HEK receptors are described in Example 3. 25 Polypeptides and fragments encoded by the nucleic acids have at least one of the biological activities of an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase, such as the ability to bind ligand.

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The invention also encompasses nucleic acids encoding chimeric proteins wherein said proteins comprise part of the amino acid sequence of a HEK receptor linked to an amino acid sequence from a heterologous protein. One example of such a chimeric protein is an extracellular domain of a HEK receptor

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fused to a heterologous receptor cytoplasmic domain. Example 5 describes the construction and expression of a chimeric receptor comprising the HEK8 extracellular domain with the trkB cytoplasmic domain and a second chimeric receptor comprising the HEK11 extracellular domain with the trkB cytoplasmic domain. HEK receptors may also be fused to other functional protein domains, such as an Ig domain which acts as an antibody recognition site.

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The nucleic acids of the present invention may be linked to heterologous nucleic acids which provide expression of receptor PTKs. Such heterologous nucleic acids include biologically functional plasmids or viral vectors which provide genetic elements for transcription, translation, amplification, secretion, etc. One example of an expression vector suitable for producing EPH-like receptors of the present invention is pDSRa which is described in Example 3. It is understood that other vectors are also suitable for expression of 20 EPH-like receptors in mammalian, yeast, insect or bacterial cells. In addition, in vivo expression of nucleic acids encoding EPH-like receptor PTKs is also encompassed. For example, tissue-specific expression of 25 EPH-like receptors in transgenic animals may be readily effected using vectors which are functional in selected tissues.

Host cells for the expression of EPH-like receptor PTKs will preferably be established mammalian 30 cell lines, such as Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells or NIH 3T3 cells, although other cell lines suitable for expression of mammalian genes are readily available and may also be used. Such host cells are transformed or transfected with nucleic acid constructs suitable for 35 expression of an EPH-like receptor. Transformed or

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transfected host cells may be used to produce suitable quantities of receptor for diagnostic or therapeutic uses and to effect targeted expression of EPH-like receptors in selected adult tissues, such as brain, kidney, and liver, or in embryonic or rapidly dividing tissues.

The present invention provides purified and isolated polypeptides having at least one of the biological properties of an EPH-like receptor (e.g. 10 ligand binding, signal transduction). The isolated polypeptides will preferably have an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16. Polypeptides of this invention may be full-length polypeptides having an extracellular 15 domain, a transmembrane domain, and a cytoplasmic domain, or may be fragments thereof, e.g., those having only an extracellular domain or a portion thereof. will be understood that the receptor polypeptides may also be analogs or naturally-occurring variants of the 20 amino acid sequences shown in SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16. Such analogs are generated by amino acid substitutions, deletions and/or insertions using methods available in the art.

Polypeptides of the invention are preferably the product of expression of an exogenous DNA sequences, i.e., EPH-like receptors are preferably produced by recombinant means. Methods of producing EPH-like receptors comprising culturing host cells which have been transformed or transfected with vectors expressing an EPH-like receptor are also encompassed. EPH-like receptors, particularly fragments, may also be produced by chemical synthesis. The polypeptides so produced may be glycosylated or nonglycosylated depending upon the host cell employed, or may have a methionine residue at the amino terminal end. The polypeptides so produced

are identified and recovered from cell cultures employing methods which are conventional in the art.

are used for the production of antibodies to the

receptors. Antibodies to HEK receptors have been described in Example 4. Antibodies which recognize the polypeptides of the invention may be polyclonal or monoclonal and may be binding fragments or chimeric antibodies. Such antibodies are useful in the detection of EPH-like receptors in diagnostic assays in the purification of receptor, and in the modulation of EPH-like receptor activation.

As described in co-pending and co-owned U.S. Serial No. 08/145,616, the only known ligand for an 15 EPH-like receptor is a protein which binds to and induces phosphorylation of the eck receptor. receptor ligand was previously identified as B61. (Holzman et al. Mol. Cell. Biol. 10, 5830-5838 (1990)). The availability of ECK receptor was important for the 20 identification of a ligand since B61, although known, had not been previously implicated as an ECK receptor ligand. Therefore, EPH-like receptors having ligand binding domains are useful for the identification and purification of ligands. Polypeptides of the present 25 invention may be used to identify and purify ligands for HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 receptors. Binding assays for the detection of potential ligands may be carried out in solution or by receptor immobilization on a solid support using methods such as those described in 30 co-pending and co-owned U.S. Serial No. 08/145,616. Such assays may employ an isolated ligand binding domain of a HEK receptor. Alternatively, a HEK ligand binding domain fused to an Ig domain may be used to detect the presence of HEK ligand on cell surfaces. 35

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Soluble EPH-like receptors may be used to modulate (i.e., increase or decrease) the activation of the cell-associated receptors, typically by competing with the receptor for unbound ligand. Modulation of EPH-like receptor activation may in turn alter the proliferation and/or differentiation of receptor-bearing cells. For example, based upon the observed tissue distribution of the receptors of this invention (see Table 5), soluble HEK7 receptor is likely to primarily affect proliferation and/or differentiation of brain cells, while soluble HEK5 receptor may affect primarily brain and pancreatic cells, although effects of HEK5 receptor on other tissues may not be excluded.

Antibodies to EPH-like receptors are useful reagents for the detection of receptors in different 15 cell types using immunoassays conventional to the art. Antibodies are also useful therapeutic agents for modulating receptor activation. Antibodies may bind to the receptor so as to directly or indirectly block ligand binding and thereby act as an antagonist of 20 receptor activation. Alternatively, antibodies may act as an agonist by binding to receptor so as to faciliate ligand binding and bring about receptor activation at lower ligand concentrations. In addition, antibodies of the present invention may themselves act as a ligands by 25 inducing receptor activation. It is also contemplated that antibodies to EPH-like receptors are useful for selection of cell populations enriched for EPH-like receptor bearing cells. Such populations may be useful in cellular therapy regimens where it is necessary to 30 treat patients which are depleted for certain cell types.

The isolated nucleic acids of the present inventions may be used in hybridization assays for the detection and quantitation of DNA and/or RNA coding for HEK5, HEK7, HEK8, HEK11 and related receptors. Such

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assays are important in determining the potential of various cell types to express these receptors and in determining actual expression levels of HEK receptors. In addition, the nucleic acids are useful for detecting abnormalities in HEK receptor genes, such as translocations, rearrangements, duplications, etc.

Therapeutic regimens involving EPH-like receptors will typically involve use of the soluble form of the receptor contained in a pharmaceutical 10 composition. Such pharmaecutical compositions may contain pharmaceutically acceptable carrier, diluents, fillers, salts, buffers, stabilizers and/or other materials well known in the art. Further examples of such constituents are described in Remington's 15 Pharmaceutical Sciences 18th ed., A.R. Gennaro, ed. (1990). Administration of soluble EPH-like receptor compositions may be by a variety of routes depending upon the condition being treated, although typically administration will occur by intravenous or subcutaneous 20 methods. Pharmaceutical compositions containing antibodies to EPH-like receptors will preferably include mouse-human chimeric antibodies or CDR-grafted antibodies in order to minimize the potential for an immune response by the patient to antibodies raised in 25 mice. Other components of anti-EPH antibody compositions will be similar to those described for soluble receptor.

The amount of soluble Eph-like receptors or

anti-Eph antibody in a pharmaceutical composition will
depend upon the nature and severity of the condition
being treated. Said amount may be determined for a
given patient by one skilled in the art. It is
contemplated that the pharmaceutical compositions of the
present invention will contain about 0.01 µg to about

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100 mg of soluble receptor or anti-Eph antibody per kg body weight.

A method for modulating the activation of an EPH-like receptor PTK is also provided by the invention. 5 In practicing this method, a therapeutically effective amount of a soluble EPH-like receptor or an anti-EPH antibody is administered. The term "therapeutically effective amount" is that amount which effects an increase or decrease in the activation of an EPH-like 10 receptor and will range from about 0.01 μg to about 100 mg of soluble receptor or anti-EPH antibody per kg body weight. In general, therapy will be appropriate for a patient having a condition treatable by soluble receptor or anti-EPH antibody and it is contemplated that such a condition will in part be related to the state of proliferation and/or differentiation of receptor-bearing cells. Based upon the tissue distribution of HEK receptors shown in Table 4, treatment with the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention may be 20 particularly indicated for disorders involving brain, heart, muscle, lung, or pancreas. However, some HEK receptors are displayed on a wide variety of tissues, so it is understood that the effects of modulating receptor activation may not be limited to those tissues described 25 herein.

The following examples are offered to more fully illustrate the invention, but are not to be

30 construed as limiting the scope thereof. Recombinant DNA methods used in the following examples are generally as described in Sambrook et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 2nd ed. (1989)

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EXAMPLE 1

Cloning and Sequencing of HEK Receptor cDNA

We have isolated clones for five members of the EPH sub-family of receptor PTKs from a human fetal 5 brain cDNA library. Oligonucleotides were designed based on conserved amino acid sequences within the kinase domain. Primer I was based on the amino acid sequence Trp-Thr-Ala-Pro-Glu-Ala-Ile (SEQ ID NO: 1), which is well-conserved among PTKs of many families. 10 Primer II was based on the sequence Val-Cys-Lys-Val-Ser-Asp-Phe-Gly (SEQ ID NO: 2), which is invariant among EPH sub-family members but, except for the sequence Asp-Phe-Gly, is rarely found in other PTKs. Fully degenerate oligonucleotides corresponding to reverse translations 15 of these protein sequences were synthesized and utilized as primers in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with disrupted phage from a human fetal brain cDNA library as the template. The products of this PCR reaction were cloned into the plasmid vector pUC19 and the nucleotide 20 sequence of the inserts was determined. Of the 35 PCR inserts sequenced, 27 were recognizable as portions of PTK genes. Their correspondence to previously published sequences is summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1

Number of Clones PEAI (SEQ ID NO: 3)	EAI (SEQ ID NO: 4) 5*	EAI (SEQ ID NO: 5) B	EAI (SEQ ID NO: 6) 4	EAI (SEQ ID NO: 7) 1	EAI (SEQ ID NO: 8) 6*	
PCR Products VCKVSDFGLSRYLQDDTSDPTYTSSLGGKIPVRWTAPEAI	VCKVSDFGLSRVLEDDPEAAYTT RGGKIPIRWTAPEAI	VCKVSDFGLSRFLEDDTSDPTYTSALGGKIPIRWTAPEAI	VCKVSDFGMSRVLEDDPEAAYTT RGGKIPIRWTAPEAI	VCKVSDFGLSRVIEDDPEAVYTTT GGKIPVRWTAPEAI	VCKVSDFGLAR LIEDNEYTARQ GAKFPIKWTAPEAI	
Receptor Elk	НЕК4, НЕК7	нек5	некв	некіл	SRC	8 B

An asterisk indicates that different nucleic acid sequences encoded the amino acid sequence shown.

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Six PCR inserts predict amino acid sequences which are identical to a portion of SRC, although they comprise two distinct nucleotide sequences. appears to code for the human platelet derived growth factor (PDGF)- β receptor. The remaining 18 PCR inserts 5 consist of 6 distinct nucleotide sequences, all of which appear to be fragments of EPH sub-family members. of the sequence predicts an amino acid sequence identical to the corresponding region of rat Elk (Lhotak et al., 1991)) and is likely to represent its human 10 homolog. Two inserts predict amino acid sequences which match the translation of the PCR fragment tyro-4 (Lai and Lemke, 1991)) but are clearly distinct at the nucleotide level while two others correspond to tyro-1 and tyro-5. The sixth PCR insert has a previously 15 unreported EPH-related sequence. Since five of the clones contained portions of potential EPH sub-family members for which full-length sequences had not been reported, each was radiolabeled and used as a probe to screen a human fetal brain cDNA library. Several clones 20 corresponding to each of the five probes were isolated. For each of the five receptors, the nucleotide sequence of the clone containing the largest portion of the predicted coding region was determined.

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A single cDNA clone containing the complete coding region was isolated only for HEK4. The portions of HEK5, HEK7, HEK10 and HEK11 coding for the amino terminus of these receptors were not found in any of the clones. In order to obtain the complete coding sequence, the Rapid Amplification of cDNA Ends (RACE) technique was employed. In some cases, more than one round of RACE was necessary to obtain the missing portion of the coding region. Using this strategy, complete coding sequences were obtained for all clones except HEK7 which lacked the complete leader sequence.

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The DNA sequences of HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 are shown in Figures 1-4, respectively, and in SEQ ID NO: 10 (HEK5), SEQ ID NO: 12 (HEK7), SEQ ID NO: 14 (HEK 8) and SEQ ID NO: 16 (HEK11). The amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID NO: 11 (HEK5), SEQ ID NO: 13 (HEK7), SEQ ID NO: 15 (HEK8) and SEQ ID NO: 17 (HEK 11).

EXAMPLE 2

10 Analysis of HEK Receptor Sequences

human EPH sub-family members, although homologs for all except HEK11 have been isolated from other species. We refer to human EPH receptor sub-family members as HEKs (human EPH-like kinases) following the nomenclature of Wicks et al., 1992). We have chosen names and numbers for these receptors to correspond with previously discovered members of the family in chicken (Ceks) and in mouse (Mek) (Sajjadi et al. 1991; Sajjadi and Pasquale, 1993; Pasquale, 1991). Extending the convention of designating the species of origin by the first letter, we refer to the rat homologs of the HEK receptors as Reks (rat EPH-like kinases).

HEK4 is the human homolog of the chicken receptor Cek4 (91% amino acid identity in the catalytic domain) and the mouse receptor Mek4 (96% amino acid identity in the catalytic domain). The amino acid sequence of HEK5 is very closely related (96% amino acid identity in the catalytic domain) to the chicken receptor Cek5 (Pasquale et al. J. Neuroscience 12, 3956-3967 (1992); Pasquale, 1991). HEK7 is probably the human homolog of the recently reported Cek7 (Sajjadi and Pasquale, 1993). HEK8 is likewise very closely related to Sek (Gilardi-Hebenstreit et al., 1992)) and Cek8 (95% amino acid identity in the catalytic domain) (Sajjadi

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and Pasquale, 1993)). The human homologs for Cek6 and Cek9 have yet to be reported, while the human homolog of Cek10 has just recently been published. One of our human receptors has no close relatives in other species and apparently represents a novel member of the EPH subfamily. We have designated this receptor HEK11, assuming that human homologs for Cek 9 and 10 will be named HEK9 and HEK10, respectively. A summary of known EPH sub-family members is shown in Table 2.

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TABLE 2

EPH receptor sub-family members

15	<u>Human</u>	Non-human homologs
	ЕРН	None identified
	ECK	None identified
	None identified#	· Eek
	HEK4*	Cek4, Mek4
20	HEK5	Cek5, Nuk, ERK
	None identified#	Cek6, Elk
	HEK7	Cek7, Ehk1
	HEK8	Cek8, Sek
	None identified#	Cek9
25	HEK2	Cek10
	HEK11	None identified
	None identified	Ehk2

*published by Wicks et.al., 1992 as HEK

#Using the present nomenclature, the predicted human homolog of Eek is designated HEK3. For Cek6, the predicted human homolog is designated HEK6; For Cek9, the predicted human homolog is designated HEK9.

The predicted amino acid sequences of the four novel receptor clones and the previously known EPH sub-family members ECK (SEQ ID NO: 18), EPH (SEQ ID NO: 19), HEK2 (SEQ ID NO: 20) and HEK4 (SEQ ID NO: 21) were 5 aligned as shown in Fig. 5. The four clones are closely related to each other and to the known EPH sub-family The extracellular domain sequences of all four novel receptors contain the Ig-loop, fibronectin-type III repeats, and cysteine-rich region characteristic of 10 EPH sub-family members. The positions of the 20 cysteine residues are conserved among all sub-family members. Also completely conserved is the portion of the catalytic domain used as the basis for the EPH subfamily specific primer (Val-Cys-Lys-Val-Ser-Asp-Phe-Gly, 15 SEQ ID NO: 2, amino acids 757-764 in Fig. 5). Table 3 summarizes the percentage of sequence identity between pairs of human EPH sub-family members. The lower portion of the table shows percent amino acid identity in the catalytic domain while the upper half shows 20 percent amino acid identity in the extracellular region. The amino acid sequences of the EPH-like receptors are extremely well-conserved (60-89% amino acid identity) in the catalytic region but not as highly conserved in the extracellular region (38-65% amino acid identity), as 25 would be expected for members of the same receptor subfamily.

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TABLE 3

Eph family amino acid sequence comparison

			extracellular domains					
	EPH	ECK	нек4	HEK5	HEK7	HEK8	HEK2	HEK11
EPH	*	47	42	38	40	43	40	42
ECK	62	*	47.	41	45	46	41	46
HEK4	62	76	*	53	65	61	51	59
HEK5	60	74	81	*	52	53	63	51
HEK7	61	76	89	83	*	62	48	61
HEK8	62	76	86	85	88	*	52	57
HEK2	61	74	81	89	82	83	*	48
HEK11	60	74	83	83	85	85	80	*

Catalytic domains

Numbers shown are precent identity

Pairwise comparisons of amino acid sequences 10 can be used to construct phylogenetic trees depicting the evolutionary relatedness of a family of molecules. Figure 6 is such a tree, which summarizes the relationships among the EPH sub-family members. one family member is shown from each group of cross-15 species homologs and the human representative was used whenever possible (refer to Table 2 for a summary of cross-species homologs). The branch lengths represent the degree of divergence between members. shown previously that the EPH sub-family lies on a 20 branch evolutionarily closer to the cytoplasmic PTKs than to other receptor PTKs (Lindberg and Hunter, 1993). Interestingly, the further one moves up the tree, the more closely related the receptors become and expression becomes more localized to the brain. 25

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EXAMPLE 3

Construction and Expression of HEK Receptor Extracellular Domains

Soluble extracellular forms of HEK receptor 5 proteins were constructed by deletion of DNA sequences encoding transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains of the receptors and introduction of a translation stop codon at the 3' end of the extracellular domain. A construct of the HEK5 extracellular domain had a stop codon 10 introduced after lysine at position 524 as shown in Figure 1; the HEK7 extracellular domain was constructed with a stop codon after glutamine at position 547 as shown in Figure 2; the HEK 8 extracellular domain was constructed with a stop codon after threonine at 15 position 547 as shown in Figure 3.

HEK extracellular domain was amplified from a human fetal brain cDNA library by PCR using primers 5' and 3' to the extracellular domain coding region.

20 For HEK5, the primers

- 5' CTGCTCGCCGCGTGGAAGAAACG (SEQ ID NO: 22) and;
- 5' GCGTCTAGATTATCACTTCTCCTGGATGCTTGTCTGGTA (SEQ ID NO: 23)

25

30

were used to amplify the extracellular domain and to provide a restriction site for cloning into plasmid pDSR α . In addition, the following primers were used to provide a translational start site, the elk receptor signal peptide for expression; and a restriction site for cloning into pDSR α :

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- 5 GCGGTCGACGCCGCCATGGCCCTGGATTGCCTGCTGTTCCTCCTG (SEQ ID NO: 24) and;

The resulting construct resulted in fusion of DNA encoding the elk signal sequence Met-Ala-Leu-Asp-Cys-Leu-Leu-Phe-Leu-Leu-Ala-Ser (SEQ ID NO: 26) to the first codon of the HEK5 receptor.

The resulting HEK5 extracellular domain was cloned into pDSR α after digestion with SalI and XbaI and transfected into CHO cells for expression.

HEK8 extracellular domain was amplified from a human fetal brain cDNA library by PCR using primers 5' and 3' to the extracellular domain coding region. For HEK8, the primers

- 5' GAATTCGTCGACCCGGCGAACCATGGCTGGGAT and
- 20 5' GAATTCTCTAGATTATCATGTGGAGTTAGCCCCATCTC

were used to amplify the extracellular domain and to provide restriction sites for cloning into plasmid pDSRa.

The resulting HEK8 extracellular domain was cloned into pDSRα after digestion with SalI and XbaI and transferred CHO cells for expression.

HEK7 extracellular domain was amplified from a human fetal brain cDNA library by PCR using primers 5' and 3' to the extracellular domain coding region. For HEK7, the primers

- 5 TTCGCCCTATTTTCGTGTCTCTTCGGGATTTGCGACGCTCTCCGGACCCTCCTG
- 35 5' GAATTCTCTAGATTATCACTGGCTTTGATCGCTGGAT

5

were used to amplify the extracellular domain. In addition, the following primers were used to provide a translational start site, the HEK8 receptor signal peptide sequence, and restriction site for cloning into plasmid pDSRa.

5 '
GAATTCGTCGACCCGGCGAACCATGGCTGGGATTTTCTATTTCGCCCTATTTTCGT
GTCT

10 5' GAATTCTCTAGATTATCACTGGCTTTGATCGCTGGAT

The resulting construct resulted in fusion of DNA incoding HEK8 signal sequence Met-Ala-Gly-Ile-Phe-Tyr-Phe-Ala-Leu-Phe-Ser-Cys-Leu-Phe-Gly-Ile-Cys-Asp to the first codon of the HEK7 receptor.

The resulting HEK7 extracellular domain was cloned into pDSR α after digestion with SalI and XbaI and transfected into CHO cells for expression.

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EXAMPLE 4

Antibodies to HEK Receptors

Antibodies to HEK receptor proteins were generated which recognize the extracellular domain by using bacterial fusion proteins as the antigen.

Antibodies were also generated which recognize the cytoplasmic domain by using synthetic peptides as the antigen.

The methodology employed has been previously

described (Harlow and Lane, In <u>Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual, 1988</u>). For the extracellular domain antibodies, cDNAs were inserted into the pATH vector (see Table 4 for the regions of each receptor encoded by this construct). These constructs were expressed in bacteria and the resultant TrpE-fusion proteins were purified by SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis. For the

- 25

cytoplasmic domain anti-peptide antibodies, peptides were synthesized (see Table 4 for the sequences) and covalently coupled to keyhole limpet hemocyanin . fusion proteins and coupled peptides were used as antigens in rabbits and antisera were generated and characterized as described (Harlow and Lane, 1988). Anti-peptide antibodies were affinity purified by using a SulfoLink kit (Pierce, Rockford IL).

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HEK Receptor Antigens

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EXAMPLE 5

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HEK/TrkB Chimeric Receptors

Generation of pSJA1 encoding rat trkB cytoplasmic domain.

All of the chimeric receptors are composed of the extracellular domain and the transmembrane region of one of the HEK receptors and the intracellular portion of rat trkB. To simplify each individual construction, an intermediate or parental plasmid, called RtrkB/AflII (or pSJA1), was generated. First, without altering the coded peptide sequence, an AflII site (CTTAAG) was 35 introduced into position 2021 (cytosine at position 2021

(C2021) to guanine at position 2026 (G2026, CTCAAG) of the rat trkB cDNA (Middlemas, et al., Mol. Cell. Biol. 11, 143-153 (1991)) by PCR aided mutagenesis. Briefly, PCR primers were synthesized based on the rat trkB cDNA sequence. Primer I encompassed C2003 to G2034 of the cDNA. This primer contained two mutations, a cytosine to thymine(T) substitution at position 2023 (C2023T) and an insertion of an adenine (A) in between T2013 and These mutations created the AfIII site at position C2021 and an additional XhoI site flanking the 10 AfIII site. Primer II was in the reverse direction encompassing T2141 to A2165 of the cDNA which bore an ApaI site. The PCR fragment produced with these primers and the rat trkB cDNA template was digested with XhoI and ApaI enzymes and sub cloned into the XhoI and ApaI 15 sites of an expression vector, pcDNA3 (InVitroGen), to generate pSJA1-b. Following, pSJA1-b was linearized with ApaI and ligated with a BanII digested rat trkB cDNA fragment (G2151 to G4697) to reconstitute a larger fragment (C2021 to G4697) including the coding sequence 20 of the whole intracellular domain of the rat trkB protein (L442 to G790) and 1571 residues (A3131 to G4697) of the 1627 nucleotide 3'-end non-coding region of the cDNA.

2. Generation of HEK8/rat trkB (pSJA5) chimera.

HEK8/rat trkB chimera was generated with a similar strategy as mentioned above. A SalI/BsaI cDNA fragment was first isolated from plasmid TK10/FL13.

30 This fragment included the nucleotide sequence from the beginning to T1689 of the HEK8 cDNA (Figure 3). Then, a pair of oligonucleotides was synthesized based on the HEK8 cDNA sequence. The sequence of the first oligonucleotide was the same as G1690 to C1740 of the Hek8 cDNA, with an additional C residue added to its 3'-end. The second oligonucleotide was in the reverse

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orientation of the HEK8 cDNA. It contained C1694 to C1740 of the HEK8 cDNA sequence and an additional five residue motif, TTAAG, at its 5'-end. These two oligonucleotides were kinased and annealed with equal molar ratio, to create a double strand DNA fragment with the sequence of G1690 to C1740 of the HEK8 cDNA and with the BsaI and the AflII cohesive ends at its 5' and 3' ends, respectively. This fragment was ligated together with the SalI/BsaI cDNA fragment into XhoI/AflII linearized pSJA1 to generate the HEK8/RtrkB (pSJA5) chimerical construct.

Generation of HEK11/rat trkB (pSJA6)

To generate the HEK11/rat trkB chimera, a SalI/AccI fragment covering the sequence of nucleotide 15 C1 to T1674 of the HEK11 cDNA (Figure 4) was first isolated from plasmid TK19T3. Then, a pair of oligonucleotides was synthesized based on the HEK11 cDNA sequence. The first oligonucleotide had the same sequence as from nucleotide A1666 to T1691 of the HEK11 20 cDNA, which contained the AccI site. The second oligonucleotide was in the reverse orientation of the HEK11 cDNA. It encompassed G1895 to T1919 of the HEK11 cDNA sequence. An additional ten residue motif, CCCGCTTAAG, was added to the 5'-end of this 25 oligonucleotide to introduce an AfIII site, which would be used to link the external domain and the transmembrane region of the HEK11 receptor to the intracellular domain of the rat trkB cDNA cloned in pSJA1 in the same reading frame. PCR was performed with 30 these oligonucleotides as primers and the HEK11 cDNA as template. The PCR fragment was digested with AccI and AfIII enzymes and ligated with the SalI/AccI cDNA fragment and the XhoI/AflII linearized pSJA1 to generate the HEK11/rat trkB (pSJA6) chimerical construct. 35

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EXAMPLE 6

Tissue Distribution of HEK Receptors

The distribution of mRNA expression for HEK4, HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 receptors in human and rat tissues was examined by Northern blot hybridization.

Rat total RNA was prepared from tissues using the method of Chomczynski and Sacchi (Anal. Biochem 162, 156-159 (1987)). The RNA was separated by formaldehydeagarose electrophoresis and transferred to Hybond-N membranes (Amersham, Arlington Heights, IL) using 20X SSC (Maniatis et al. 1982). The membrane was dried at 80°C in vacuo for 30 minutes, then crosslinked for 3

- minutes on a UV transilluminator (Fotodyne, New Berlin, WI). The membrane was prehybridized for 2 hours at 42°C in 50% formamide, 5X SSPE, 5X Denhardt's, 0.2% SDS, and 100 µg/ml denatured herring sperm DNA (Maniatis et al. 1982). Northern blots of human tissue were purchased
- from Clontech (Palo Alto, CA). Probes were prepared by labeling the fragment of cDNA which encoded the extracellular domain of the receptor with ³²P-dCTP using a hexanucleotide random priming kit (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis, IN) to a specific activity of at
- least 1x109 cpm/ug. The probe was hybridized to the membrane at a concentration of 1-5 ng/ml at 42°C for 24 to 36 hours in a buffer similar to the prehybridization buffer except that 1x Denhardt's was used. After hybridization, the membranes were washed 2 times for 5
- minutes each in 2X SSC, 0.1% SDS at room temperature followed by two 15 minute washes in 0.5X SSC, 0.1% SDS at 55°C. Blots were exposed for 1-2 weeks using Kodak XAR film (Kodak, Rochester, NY) with a Dupont Lightning Plus intensifying screen. The results are shown in

35 Figures 7-11.

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Homologs for HEK4 have been previously identified from mouse, chicken, and rat. In the adult mouse, expression is detected primarily in the brain and testis (Sajjadi et al. 1991). A slightly different pattern was found in adult chicken tissues, with the main sources of expression being the brain, liver, and Lower levels of expression were detectable in the lung and heart (Marcelle & Eichmann, Oncogene 7, 2479-2487 (1992)). A fragment of the Rek4 gene (tyro-4) 10 has been isolated and used to look at tissue expression in the adult rat (Sajjadi et al. 1991). The brain was the only tissue that expressed Rek4 mRNA. However, RNA from lung or testis were not examined. Previous studies on HEK4 only looked at the expression of the mRNA in 15 cell lines, where it was found in one pre-B cell line and two T-cell lines (Wicks et al. 1992). significance of this with regard to in vivo expression remains to be determined. In this study we have looked at the HEK4 expression in human tissues, and also the 20 expression of Rek4 in rat tissues. The HEK4 mRNA corresponds to a single transcript with a size of about 7 kb (Fig 7A). HEK4 mRNA was most abundantly expressed in placenta, with lower levels present in heart, brain, lung, and liver. On prolonged exposures, trace amounts 25 of mRNA were detectable in kidney and pancreas. Expression in the rat was more similar to that detected in the mouse and chicken. Rek4 was expressed at the lowest levels of any of the family members characterized herein. A transcript of about 7 kb was detectable in rat lung, with a lower amount detectable in brain (Fig. 30 7B). Also, a 4 kb transcript was expressed in rat testis. Because the transcripts were barely detectable using total RNA, some of the other rat tissues may contain amounts of Rek4 below the level of detection.

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The expression of HEK5 in adult tissues has been previously studied in chicken and rat. Studies in the chicken have identified the Cek5 protein in the brain and liver, with a smaller protein detected in the intestine. In the rat, the tyro-5 fragment detected mRNA expression only in the adult brain, though intestine was not examined (Lai and Lemke, 1991). Our results show that HEK5 mRNA was expressed at much higher levels than HEK4 and was found as transcripts of several 10 The most abundant mRNAs were of approximately 4.0 and 4.4 kb, with lesser amounts of higher molecular weight transcripts of 9.5 kb and longer (Fig. 8A). HEK5 mRNA was most abundantly expressed in placenta, but was also highly expressed in brain, pancreas, kidney, 15 muscle, and lung. Longer exposures of the blots revealed the presence of transcripts in heart and liver as well. The rat homolog of HEK5 (Rek5) showed a somewhat similar pattern of expression. Rek5 was most abundant in intestine, followed by brain, kidney, lung, 20 thymus, stomach, and ovary (Fig. 8B). Expression was not detectable in testis, muscle, heart, or liver. During our analysis of this family, we concluded that the rat Erk fragment (Chan & Watt, 1991) likely encodes a portion of the Rek5 receptor. Erk expression was 25 examined in several rat tissues and found only in the lung. The reason for the discrepancy between that report and what we and others (Lai & Lemke, 1991) have found is unclear.

Homologs for HEK8 have been identified from chicken, mouse, and rat. In the adult chicken, a single Cek8 transcript was found to be expressed at high levels in the brain, with expression also detected in the kidney, lung, muscle, and thymus. The expression of the mouse homolog of HEK8, Sek, has been detected as a single transcript with abundant expression in the adult

brain and lower expression in the heart, lung and kidney. A fragment of Rek8 (tyro-1) was used to look at expression in rat tissues, with expression found only in the brain (Lai & Lemke, 1991). We found that HEK8 mRNA was expressed at levels comparable to that of HEK5. Multiple transcripts were also observed, the most abundant at 7'kb and 5 kb. The highest level of mRNA expression was seen in the brain, although substantial levels were detected in other tissues including heart, 10 lung, muscle, kidney, placenta, and pancreas. Expression in liver was much lower than in the other The only difference in expression patterns tissues. between human and mouse was expression in human muscle, also seen for Cek8 in chicken. Among the rat tissues, Rek8 was most highly expressed in the brain, followed by 15 the lung, heart, and testis (Fig. 10B). In contrast to HEK8, expression of Rek8 appeared to be lower in muscle and kidney, two tissues where HEK8 was readily detectable. In addition, Rek8 was not expressed as a 5.0 kb transcript, as it was not visible even on 20 prolonged exposures.

During the analysis of this family, we deduced that HEK7 is the human homolog of Cek7. The only expression seen in adult chicken was an 8.5 kb 25 transcript found in the brain (Sajjadi & Pasquale, 1993). Of the five EPH sub-family members described here, HEK7 was the most restricted in its expression pattern. Analysis of human mRNA revealed significant expression only in the brain, with a much lower level 30 detectable in the placenta (Fig. 9A). Prolonged exposures did not reveal expression in any other tissue examined. Two prominent transcripts were found in brain, the most highly expressed with a size of 6 kb and the other with a length of 9 kb. In the placenta, 35 however, only the 9 kb transcript was detected. Rek7

mRNA was expressed in a pattern similar to HEK7. The highest level of expression was found in brain, with a much lower level in ovary (Fig. 9B). The transcripts were of similar size as for HEK7, with the 6 kb transcript detected only in brain.

With major mRNAs of length 7.5, 6.0 and 3.0 kb and minor transcripts of 4.4 and 2.4 kb (Fig. 11A). All five mRNAs were expressed at the highest levels in brain, followed by heart. Placenta, lung and kidney had significant amounts of four of the five transcripts, with lower expression seen in muscle. Pancreas had barely detectable amounts of HEK11 mRNA, while liver had no detectable HEK11 transcript. Rek11 had a similar pattern of expression, with four transcripts (10, 7.5, 3.5 and 3.0 kb) detected in brain (Fig. 11B).

The relative level of mRNA expression for each of the five receptors in all tissues studied is summarized in Table 5.

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TABLE 5
Tissue Distribution of HEK Receptors

	Human	HEK4	HEK5	HEK7	HEK8	HEK11
•	Brain	++	++	++ • •	+++	++
	Heart	+	+ ,	bd	++	+
	Kidney	+	+	bd	+	+ '
	Liver	+	+	bd	+	bd
	Lung	+	+	bd	++	+
	Muscle	+	+	bd	++	+
	Pancreas	, +	++	bd	+	bd
	Placenta	+++	+++	bd	++	+ '
,						
	Rat	HEK4	HEK5	HEK7	HEK8	HEK11
	Brain	+	++	+++	+++	++
	Heart	bd	i bd	bd	+	bd
	Intestine	e bd	+++	bd	bd .	bd
	Kidney	bd	++	bd	bd	bd
	Liver	bd	bd	bd	bd	bd
	Lung	+	+	bd	++	bd
	Muscle	bd	bd	bd	bd	bd
	Ovary	bd	+	+	· bd	bd
	Stomach	bd	+	bd	bd	bd
	Testis	+	bd	bd	+	bd
	Thymus	bd	+	bd	bd	bd

bd= below detection

The transcripts for HEKs 4,5,8, and 11 were rather widely distributed in human tissue while HEK7 was specific for brain. Expression patterns between rat and human tissue were roughly comparable given that the rat blots were less sensitive due to the use of total RNA rather than polyA⁺. As was found for the Cek mRNAs by Sajjadi and Pasquale (Sajjadi & Pasquale, 1993), often there were several different size transcripts detected for a single receptor. The size distribution of the transcripts appears to be both tissue and species specific. Previous work has shown that the smaller transcript of Mek4 encodes a potentially secreted receptor (Sajjadi et al. 1991).

The following sections describe Materials and Methods used to carry out experiments described in Example 1.

Isolation, cloning and sequencing of HEK receptor cDNAs

20 Fragments containing a portion of the catalytic domain of EPH sub-family receptors were generated using a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) with disrupted phage from a human fetal brain cDNA library as a template. A $10\mu l$ aliquot of the cDNA library (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) was treated at 70°C for 5 25 minutes to disrupt the phage particles, then cooled on wet ice. The disrupted phage were added to $10\mu l$ of 10XTag polymerase buffer, 8ul of 2mM each dNTP, 100 picomoles of each primer, and 1.5 μl of $\underline{\text{Tag}}$ polymerase (Promega, Madison, WI) in a total volume of $100\mu l$. 30 reaction was run for 35 cycles, each consisting of 1 minute at 96° C, 1 minute at 50° C, and 2 minutes at 72° C. A 5 minute, 72°C incubation was added at the end to ensure complete extension. The primers used were degenerate mixtures of oligonucleotides based on amino 35

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acid sequences which are highly conserved among EPH sub-family members.

5'AGGGATTCCAYCGNGAYYTNGCNGC' (SEQ ID NO: 27);
5 5'AGGGGATCCRWARSWCCANACRTC'(SEQ ID NO: 28).

The products of the PCR reaction were digested with EcoRI and BamHI and cloned into M13mp19 (Messing, Methods Enzymol. (1983)) for sequence analysis. The five clones which were identified as fragments of EPH 10 receptor sub-family members were labeled with 32p-dCTP by random priming and each was used to screen Genescreen nitrocellulose filters (NEN, Boston, MA) containing plaques from the human fetal brain cDNA library. Phage stocks prepared from positively screening plaques were 15 plated and rescreened with the same probe in order to obtain single clones. cDNA inserts were transferred into pBluescript using the in vivo excision protocol supplied with the cDNA library (Stratagene, La Jolla, Nucleotide sequences were determined using Taq 20 DyeDeoxy Terminator Cycle Sequencing kits and an Applied Biosystems 373A automated DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems, Foster City, CA).

25 <u>5' Race</u>

The 5' ends of the cDNAs were isolated using a 5' RACE kit (GIBCO/BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) following the manufacturer's instructions. Excess primers were removed after first strand cDNA synthesis using ultrafree-MC cellulose filters (30,000 molecular weight cutoff, Millipore, Bedford, MA). Amplified PCR products were digested with the appropriate restriction enzymes, separated by agarose gel electrophoresis, and purified using a Geneclean kit (Biol01, La Jolla, CA). The purified PCR product was ligated into the plasmid vector pUC19 (Yanisch-Perron et al. Gene 33, 103-119 (1985))

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which had been digested with appropriate restriction enzymes and the ligation mixture was introduced into host bacteria by electroporation. Plasmid DNA was prepared from the resulting colonies. Those clones with the largest inserts were selected for DNA sequencing.

While the present invention has been described in terms of preferred embodiments, it is understood that variations and modifications will occur to those skilled in the art. Therefore, it is intended that the appended claims cover all such equivalent variations which come within the scope of the invention as claimed.

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SEQUENCE LISTING

- (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:
 - (i) APPLICANT: Amgen Inc.
 - (ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: EPH-Like Receptor Protein Tyrosine Kinases
 - (iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 28
 - (iv) CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
 - (A) ADDRESSEE: Amgen Patent Operations/RBW
 - (B) STREET: 1840 Dehavilland Drive
 - (C) CITY: Thousand Oaks
 - (D) STATE: California
 - (E) COUNTRY: USA
 - (F) ZIP: 91320
 - (v) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
 - (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
 - (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
 - (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
 - (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
 - (vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
 - (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
 - (B) FILING DATE:
 - (C) CLASSIFICATION:
 - (viii) ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
 - (A) NAME: Winter, Robert B.
 - (C) REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: A-287
- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:1:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 7 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:1:

Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:2:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 8 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:2:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly 1

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ'ID NO:3:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:3:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Tyr Leu Gln Asp Asp 1 5 15

Thr Ser Asp Pro Thr Tyr Thr Ser Ser Leu Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Val 20 25 30

Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile 35 40

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:4:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

BNIGDOCID- JUIO DESOADAA4 I -

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:4:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Asp 1 5 10

Pro Glu Ala Ala Tyr Thr Thr Arg Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp 20 25 30

Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile 35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:5:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 40 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:5:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Phe Leu Glu Asp Asp 1 5 10 15

Thr Ser Asp Pro Thr Tyr Thr Ser Ala Leu Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile 20 25 30

Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile 35 40

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:6:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:6:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Met Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Asp
1 10 15

Pro Glu Ala Ala Tyr Thr Thr Arg Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp
20 25 30

Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile 35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:7:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 38 amino acids(B) TYPE: amino acid

 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:7:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Val Ile Glu Asp Asp

Pro Glu Ala Val Tyr Thr Thr Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Val Arg Trp 20 25

Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile 35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:8:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 36 amino acids

 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:8:

Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ala Arg Leu Ile Glu Asp Asn

Glu Tyr Thr Ala Arg Gln Gly Ala Lys Phe Pro Ile Lys Trp Thr Ala

Pro Glu Ala Ile 35

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:9:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 37 amino acids

 - (B) TYPE: amino acid(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

•	(xi)	SEQU	JENCE	DES	CRIE	OIT	1: SI	II QE	ON C	.9:							
	Val 1	Суз	Lys	Val	Ser 5	Asp	Phe	Gly	Leu	Ala 10	Arg	Asp	Ile	Met	Arg 15	Asp	
	Ser	Asn	Ţýr	Ile 20	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ser	Thr 25	Phe	Leu	Pro	Leu	Lys 30	Trp	Thr	
	Ala	Pro	Glu 35	Ala	Ile		-	•		•						٠	
(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION 1	FOR	SEQ	ID N	0:10	: ,	1								
	(i)	(A (B (C	UENC) LE) TY) ST) TO	ngth Pe: Rand	: 29 nucl EDNE	62 b eic SS:	ase ; acid sing	pair	s		,						•
	(ii)	MOL	ECUL	E TY	PE:	cDNA					•		,				Ē
		FEA	TURE L) NA L) LO	: Me/k	EY:	CDS				ŧ							
							_										
	-		UENC														
CTG Leu 1	CTC Leu	GCC Ala	GCC Ala	GTG Val 5	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	ACG Thr	CTA Leu	ATG Met 10	GAĆ Asp	TCC Ser	ACT Thr	ACA Thr	GCG Ala 15	ACT		48
GCT Ala	GAG Glu	CTG Leu	GGC Gly 20	TGG Trp	ATG Met	GTG Val	CAT His	CCT Pro 25	CCA Pro	TCA Ser	GGG Gly	TGG Trp	GAA Glu 30	GAG Glu	GTG Val		96
AGT Ser	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 35	GAT Asp	GAG Glu	AAC Asn	ATG Met	AAC Asn 40	ACG Thr	ATC Ile	CGC Arg	ACG Thr	TAC Tyr 45	CAG Gln	GTG Val	TGC Cys		144
AAC Asn	GTG Val 50	Phe	GAG Glu	Ser	AGC Ser	Gln	AAC Asn	AAC Asn	TGG Trp	CTA Leu	CGG Arg 60	ACC Thr	AAG Lys	TTT Phe	ATC Ile		192
CGG Arg 65	Arg	CGT Arg	GGG Gly	GCC Ala	CAC His 70	CGC Arg	ATC Ile	CAC His	GTG Val	GAG Glu 75	ATG Met	AAG Lys	TTT Phe	TCG	GTG Val 80		24
CGT Arg	GAC Asp	TGC Cys	AGC Ser	AGC Ser 85	Ile	CCC	AGC Ser	GTG Val	CCT Pro 90	GTĀ	TCC Ser	TGC Cys	AAG Lys	GAG Glu 95	ACC		28
TTC Phe	AAC Asn	. CTC	TAT Tyr 100	Tyr	TAT	GAG Glu	GCT Ala	GAC Asp 105	Phe	GAC Asp	TCG Ser	GCC Ala	ACC Thr 110	nys	ACC Thr		33

T'	PC C	:CC	AAC	TG	G AT	rg g	AG A	LAT	CCZ	TG	G G	rg a	AG	GTG		ጥ አ	CC :	N CO CO	GCA	
			115		p Me	ic G	Lu ,	ısıı	120	Tr	p Va	al L	ys	Val	. As 12	р Т 5	hr :	[le	Ala	
	1	30		00.			1	35	vaı	. AS	b re	eu G	ŢĀ	Gly 140	Ar	g Va	A Le	let	AAA Lys	432
AT 11 14		AC'.	ACC Thr	GA0	G GT	G C0 1 A1 15	.y s	GC er	TTC Phe	GG1	A CC	O V	TG al 55	TCC Ser	CG	C AC	SC G	GC 1y	TTC Phe 160	480
TA Ty	C C	rg (SCC Ala	TTC	CA: Gl: 16:	u no	CT.	AT (GC Sly	GGC	TG 7 Cy 17	s Me	rg :	TCC Ser	CTO	C AT	e A	CC la 75	GTG Val	528
CG Ar	T G:	C T	TTC Phe	TAC Tyr 180	wi	C AA J Ly	G To	GC (,ro CCC	CGC Arg 185	IT	C AT	C (CAG Gln	AA1 Asn	GG G1 19	уА	CC la	ATC Ile	576
TTC Pho	C CA	-	AA lu 95	ACC Thr	CTC	TC Se	G GG	.у н	CT la 00	GAG Glu	AG(C AC	A I	rcg Ser	CTG Leu 205	Va	G GO	CT la	GCC Ala	624
CG(G GG G G1 21	C A y S 0	GC er	TGC Cys	ATC	GC(C AA A As 21	11 W	CG la	GAA Glu	GA0	GT Va	1 A	SAT Sp 20	GTA Val	Pro	C AI	C :	AAG Lys	672
225	•	,			013	GAC Asp 230)	у G.	Lu	Trp	Leu	23.	1 P 5	ro :	Ile	Gl	Ar	g (Cys 240	720
	-	-			245	TTC	. 01	u A.	La	vaı	250	ASI	ı G.	ly :	Thr	Val	Cy 25	s A 5	irg	768
-	•	_	2	60	OL,	ACT Thr	E 116	ב ה7	2	265	Asn	Glr	ı G	ly A	Asp	Glu 270	Ala	a C	ys	816
ACC Thr	CAC	Cy 27		CC .	ATC Ile	AAC Asn	AG(28	a ı	ACC	ACT Thr	TC1 Ser	GZ GI	Lu G	GG Sly 185	GCC Ala	ACC Th:	C A	AC sn	864
TGT Cys	GTC Val 290	TG Cy	C C	GC 1	AAT Asn	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 295	TA	C A	GA irg	GCA Ala	GAC Asp	CI Le	u A	AC sp	CCC Pro	CTC	G L A:	AC sp	912
ATG Met 305	CCC Pro	TG Cy	C A	CA ? hr]		ATC Ile 310	CCC Pro	TC Se	C G	CG (CCC Pro	CAG Gln 315	GC Al	T G	TG :	ATT Ile	TCC	A0 Se 32	er	960
GTC Val	AAT Asn	GA(A E		er :	CTC Leu	ATG Met	CTC	G G.	iu i	rgg Prp 330	ACC Thr	CC'	T C	CC (CGC	GAC Asp 335	T(C er	1008

								AAC Asn 345									1056
								TGC Cys									1104
								CCA Pro									1152
								GAG Glu									1200
								CAG Gln						•			1248
								GTG Val 425								•	1296
								TCG Ser									1344
								CTG Leu									1392
								AAA Lys									1440
								GTC Val									1488
Val	Ala	Gly	Tyr 500	Gly	Arg	Tyr	Ser	GGC Gly 505	Lys	Met	Tyr	Phe	Gln 510	Thr	Met		1536
								ATC Ile									1584
								GTC Val									1632
								GGG Gly							GAG Glu . 560		1680

TA Ty	C AC	G GA	C AA(G CTO S Leu 565	ı Glı	A CAC	TAC Tyr	C ACC	Sea 570	Gl	C CAC y Hi:	C ATA	A AC	C CC. F Pro 57	A GGC o Gly 5		1728
we	с гу	3 110	580	: Ile	e Asp) Prc	Phe	585	Туг	: Glı	ı Asp	Pro	59(n Gli	G GCA 1 Ala	i	1776
va.	L Arç	595	ı Phe	e Ala	Lys '	Glu	600	Asp	Ile	Ser	: Cys	605	L Lys	3 Ile	GAG Glu		1824
CA(Gl:	610	TTE	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	GG Gly	GAG Glu 615	Phe	GGC	GAG Glu	GTC Val	Cys 620	Ser	GGC Gly	CAC His	CTG Leu	•	1872
625	; ;	Pro	eta	Lys	Arg 630	Glu	Ile	Phe	Val	Ala 635	Ile	Lys	Thr	Leu	Lys 640		1920
ser	GIY	Tyr	ACG Thr	645	Lys	Gln	Arg	Arg	Asp 650	Phe	Leu	Ser	Glu	Ala 655	Ser		1968
116	met	GIĀ	Gln 660	Phe	Asp	His	Pro	Asn 665	Val	Ile	His	Leu	Glu 670	Gly	Val		2016
Val	Thr	675	AGC Ser	Thr	Pro	Val	Met 680	Ile	Ile	Thr	,Glu	Phe 685	Met	Glu	Asn		2064
GIY	690	ren	GAC Asp	Ser	Phe	Leu 695	Arg	Gln	Asn	Asp	Gly 700	Gln	Phe	Thr	Val		2112
705	GIII	ren	GTG Val	GIĀ	710	Leu	Arg	Gly	Ile	Ala 715	Ala	Gly	Met	Lys	Tyr 720		2160
Leu	ATS	Asp	ATG Met	725	Tyr	Val	His	Arg	Asp 730	Leu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Asn 735	Ile		2208
rea	vaı	Asn	AGC Ser 740	Asn	Leu	Val	Cys	Lys 745	Val	Ser	Asp	Phe	Gly 750	Leu	Ser		2256
Arg	Pue	755	GAG Glu	Asp	Asp	Thr	Ser 760	Asp	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Thr 765	Ser	Ala	Leu	;	2304
GGC Gly	GGA Gly 770	AAG Lys	TTC Phe	CCC Pro	Ile .	CGC Arg 775	TGG . Trp	ACA Thr	GCC Ala	Pro	GAA Glu 780	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	CAG Gln	TAC Tyr	;	2352

											TAC Tyr						2400
TGG Trp	GAG Glu	GTG Val	ATG Met	TCC Ser 805	TAT Tyr	GLY	GAG Glu	CGG Arg	CCÇ Pro 810	TAC Tyr	TGG Trp	GAC Asp	ATG Met	ACC Thr 815	AAC Asn	ı	2448
											CGG						2496
											CTG Leu						2544
											ATT Ile 860						2592
											GCC Ala						2640
											ACG Thr	_					2688
											GCC Ala						2736
											ACC Thr						2784
_	-		_								GTT Val 940						2832
											CAG Gln						2880
			CAG Gln							TGA	CATTO	CAC (CTGC	CTCG	€C		2930
TCAC	CTC	TTC (CTCC	AAGC	cc cc	SCCC(CTC	r GC									2962

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:11:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 970 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:11:

Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Thr Leu Met Asp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr Ala Glu Leu Gly Trp Met Val His Pro Pro Ser Gly Trp Glu Glu Val Ser Gly Tyr Asp Glu Asn Met Asn Thr Ile Arg Thr Tyr Gln Val Cys Asn Val Phe Glu Ser Ser Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Lys Phe Ile 55 Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala His Arg Ile His Val Glu Met Lys Phe Ser Val Arg Asp Cys Ser Ser Ile Pro Ser Val Pro Gly Ser Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Ala Asp Phe Asp Ser Ala Thr Lys Thr Phe Pro Asn Trp Met Glu Asn Pro Trp Val Lys Val Asp Thr Ile Ala 120 Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Ser Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Gly Arg Val Met Lys Ile Asn Thr Glu Val Arg Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ser Arg Ser Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Tyr Gly Gly Cys Met Ser Leu Ile Ala Val Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Lys Cys Pro Arg Ile Ile Gln Asn Gly Ala Ile 185 Phe Gln Glu Thr Leu Ser Gly Ala Glu Ser Thr Ser Leu Val Ala Ala Arg Gly Ser Cys Ile Ala Asn Ala Glu Glu Val Asp Val Pro Ile Lys Leu Tyr Cys Asn Gly Asp Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Arg Cys Met Cys Lys Ala Gly Phe Glu Ala Val Glu Asn Gly Thr Val Cys Arg Gly Cys Pro Ser Gly Thr Phe Lys Ala Asn Gln Gly Asp Glu Ala Cys

Thr His Cys Pro Ile Asn Ser Arg Thr Thr Ser Glu Gly Ala Thr Asn

280

275

Суз	Val 290	Суз	Arg	Asn	Gly	Tyr 295	Tyr	Arg	Ala	Asp	Leu 300	Asp	Pro	Leu	Asp
Met 305	Pro	Суз	Thr	Thr	Ile 310	Pro	Ser	Ala	Pro	Gln 315	Ala	Val	Ile	Ser	Ser 320
Val	Asn	Glu	Thr	Ser 325	Leu	Met	Leu	Glu	Trp 330	Thr	Pro	Pro	Arg	Asp 335	Ser
Gly	Gly	Arg	Glu 340	Asp	Leu	Val	Tyr	Asn 345	Ile	Ile	Суз	Lys	Ser 350	Суз	Gly
Ser	Gly	Arg 355	Gly '	Ala	Cys	Thr	Arg 360	Cys	Gly	Asp	Asn	Val 365	Gln	Tyr	Ala
Pro	Arg 370	Gln	Leu	Gly	Leu	Thr 375	Glu	Pro '	Arg	Ile	Tyr 380	Ile	Ser	Asp	Leu
Leu 385	Ala	His	Thr	Gln	Туг 390	Thr	Phe	Glu	Ile	Gln 395	Ala	Val	Asn	Gly	Val 400
	_		į	405					410		1		Asn	415	
			420					425			•		Gln 430		
		435				•	440			' 1 '		445	Asp		
	450					455					460		Lys		
465		_			470					475			Thr		480
_		_		485					490				Ala	495	
			500					505			-		Gln 510		
		515					520					525			
	530					535					540		Val		
545					550					555			Asp		560
_				565					570				Thr	575	
Met	Lys	Ile	Tyr 580		Asp	Pro	ьие	585		GIU	Asp	, ŁIÓ	Asn 590	GIU	WT¢

Va	l Ar	g G1 59	u Ph 5	e Al	a Ly	s Gl	u Il 60	e As O	p Il	e Se	r Cy	s Va 60		s Il	e Glu
Gl	n Va.	1 I1 0	e Gl	y Al	a Gl	y Gl 61	u Pho	e Gl	y Gl	u Va	1 Cy		r Gl	y Hi	s Leu
Ly: 62!	s Lei	u Pr	o Gl	y Ly:	63	g Gl	u Il	e Ph	e Va	1 Ala 63	a Ile 5	e Ly	5 Th	r Le	u Lys 640
Se	r Gly	Y Ty:	r Th	645	Lys	s Gl	n Arq	g Ar	g As _] 65	Phe	e Lėt	ı Sei	r Gl	u Ala 65	a Ser
Ile	e Met	: G1	660 660	Phe	Asp	His	Pro	_66!	n Va:	l Ile	His	Leu	Gl:		y Val
Val	. Thr	675	s Ser	Thr	Pro	Va]	Met 680	: Ile	e Ile	Thi	Glu	Phe 685		: Glu	a Asn
Gly	Ser 690	Let	Asp	Ser	Phe	695	Arg	Glr	Asr	a Asp	Gly 700	Gln	Phe	Thr	· Val
11e 705	Gln	Lev	Val	Gly	Met 710	Leu	Arg	Gly	' Ile	Ala 715	Ala	Gly	Met	Lys	Tyr 720
Leu	Ala	Asp	Met	Asn 725	Tyr	Val	His	Arg	730	Leu	Ala	Ala	Arg	Asn 735	Ile
			740					745					750		Ser
Arg	Phe	Leu 755	Glu	Asp	Asp	Thr	¹ Ser 760	Asp	Pro	Thr	Tyr	Thr 765	Ser	Al,a	Leu
Gly	Gly 770	Lys	Phe	Pro	Ile	Arg 775	Trp	Thr	Ala	Pro	Gļu 780	Ala	Ile	Gln	Tyr
,03					790					795	Tyr				800
Trp	Glu	Val	Met	Ser 805	Tyr	Gly	Glu	Arg	Pro 810	Tyr	Trp	Asp	Met	Thr 815	Asn
Gln	Asp	Val	11e 820	Asn	Ala	Ile	Glu	Gln 825	Asp	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Pro 830	Pro	Pro
Met	Asp	Суз 835	Pro	Ser	Ala	Leu	His 840	Gln	Leu	Met	Leu	Asp 845	Суз	Trp	Gln
Lys	Asp 850	Arg	Asn	His	Arg	Pro 855	Lys	Phe	Gly	Gln	Ile 860	Val	Asn	Thr	Leu
Asp 865	Lys	Met	Ile	Arg	Asn 870	Pro	Asn	Ser	Leu	Lys 875	Ala	Met	Ala	Pro	Leu 880
Ser	Ser	Gly	Ile	Asn 885	Leu	Pro	Leu	Leu	Asp 890	Arg	Thr	Ile :		Asp 895	Tyr

- 49 -

Thr	Ser	Phe	Asn 900	Thr	Val	Asp	Glu	Trp 905	Leu	Glu	Ala ,	Ile	Lys 910	Met	Gly	
Gln	Tyr	Lys 915	Glu	Ser	Phe	Ala	Asn 920	Ala	Gly	Phe	Thr	Ser 925	Phe	Asp	Val	
Val	Ser 930	Gln _.	Met	Met	Met	Glu 935	Asp	Ile	Leu	Arg	Val '9'40	Gly	Val	Thr	Leu	
Ala 945	Gly	His	Gln	Lys	Lys 950	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ser	11e 955	Gln	Val	Met	Arg	Ala 960	
Gln	Met	Asn	Gln	11e 965	Gln	Ser	Val	Glu	Val 970							
(2)	INF	ORMA!	rion	FOR	SEQ	ID 1	NO:1	2:						ı		
	(i)			CE CE					rs			•				
		(1	3) T	YPE: IRANI	nuc	leic	aci	đ								1
				OPOLO				316								•
	(ii) MO	LECU	LE T	YPE:	CDN	A									
	(ix		ATUR										•			
				AME/1 OCAT:								•		,		
							017 .	670	TD 11	2.12	_					
	•		_	CE DI										000	000	40
CCA Pro	GCG Ala	TCC Ser	CTG Leu	GCC Ala	GGC Gly	TGC Cys	TAC Tyr	TCT Ser	GCA Ala	Pro	Arg	Arg	Ala	Pro	Leu	48
1				5					10					15		
TGG	ACG	TGC	CTT	CTC Leu	CTG	TGC	GCC	GCA Ala	CTC	CGG	ACC	CTC	CTG	GCC	AGC Ser	96
Trp	THE	Cys	20	ren	nea	Cys	NIG	25		9		200	30			
CCC	AGC	AAC	GAA	GTG	AAT	TTA	TTG	GAT	TCA	CGC	ACT	GTC	ATG	GGG	GAC	144
Pro	Ser	Asn 35	Glu	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu 40	Asp	Ser	Arg	Thr	Val 45	Met	Gly	Asp	
CTG	GGA	тсс	דידא	GCT	TTT	CCA	AAA	AAT	GGG	TGG	GAA	GAG	ATT	GGT	GAA	192
Leu	Gly 50	Trp	Ile	Ala	Phe	Pro 55	Lys	Asn	Gly	Trp	Glu 60	Glu	Ile	Gly	Glu	
GTG	GAT	GAA	AAT	TAT	GCC	CCT	ATC	CAC	ACA	TAC	CAA	GTA	TGC	AAA	GTG	240
Val 65	_	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ala 70		Ile	His	Thr	Tyr 75	GŢÙ	val	Cys	гла	80	
		CAC	ח ממ	CAG	ልልጥ	AAC	TGG	СТТ	TTG	ACC	AGT	TGG	ATC	TCC	AAT	288
Met	Glu	Gln	Asn	Gln 85	Asn	Asn	Trp	Leu	Leu 90	Thr	Ser	Trp	Ile	Ser 95	Asn	

	GAI Glu	A GG	T GC y Al	T TO a Se	er Ar	A ATO	C TTO	C ATA	A GAM E Glu 105	ı Leı	C ÁÁI 1 Lys	A TT	T ACC	C CTC Let 110	Ar	G GAC g Asp	336
	TG(Cys	AA As:	C AG n Se 11	r Le	u Pr	T GG o Gly	A GG/ Y Gl	A CTO / Let 120	ı Gly	ACC Tha	TG1 Cys	AAC Lys	G GAA G Glu 125	Thr	TT:	T AAT e Asn	384
	net	130	r 1y	r Ph	e Gl	u Sei	135	Asp) Gln	Asn	Gly	Arg 140	, Asn	Ile	Lys	GAA Glu	432
	145	GII	1 1 y	r II	е гу	150	Asp	Thr	lle	Ala	Ala . 155	Asp	Glu	Ser	Phe	ACA Thr 160	480
•	GIU	Tet	ı AS	ь те	165	y Asp	Arg	Val	Meţ	Lys 170	Leu	Asn	Thr	Glu	V al		528
4	nsp	vaı	. GI	7 Pro 18))	ı Ser	Lys	Lys	Gly 185	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Phe 190	Gln	GAT Asp	576
,	Val	GIY	195	i Cys	3 116	ALA	Leu	Val 200	Ser	Val	Arg	Val	Tyr 205	Tyr	Lys	_	624
	.ys	210	sei	va.	L Val	CGA Arg	His 215	Leu	Ala	Val	Phe	Pro 220	Asp	Thr	Ile	Thr	672
2	25	VI	ASP) ser	ser	Gln 230	Leu	Leu	Glu	Val	Ser 235	Gly	Ser	Cys	Val	Asn 240	720
	1.5	ser	vai	Thr	245	GAA Glu	Pro	Pro	Lys	Met 250	His	Суз	Ser	Ala	Glu 255	Gly	768
G	Lu	rrp	ren	260	Pro	ATC Ile	GIŢ	Lys	Cys 265	Met	Cys	Lys	Ala	Gly 270	Tyr	Glu	816
G	Lu	гуз	275	стА	Thr	TGT Cys	Gln	Val 280	Cys	Arg	Pro	Gly	Phe 285	Phe	Lys	Ala	864
31	er	290	HIS	He	GIn	AGC Ser	Cys 295	Gly	Lys	Cys :	Pro	Pro 300	His :	Ser '	Tyr	Thr	912
n.	AT (is (GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	TCA Ser	ACC Thr 310	TCT Ser	TGT Cys	GTC (Cys (GAA ; Glu ; 315	AAG Lys	GAT ! Asp !	TAT ! Tyr !	Phe .	AGG Arg 320	960

AGA Arg	GAG Glu	TCT	GAT Asp	CCA Pro 325	CCC Pro	ACA Thr	ATG Met	GCA Ala	TGC Cys 330	ACA Thr	AGA Arg	CCC Pro	CCC Pro	TCT Ser 335	GCT Ala		1008
CCT Pro	CGG Arg	AAT Asn	GCC Ala 340	ATC I _l e	TCA Ser	AAT Asn	GTT Val	AAT Asn 345	GAA Glu	ACT Thr	AGT Ser	GTC Val	TTT Phe 350	CTG Leu	GAA Glu	1	1056
TGG Trp	ATT Ile	CCG Pro 355	CCT Pro	GCT Ala	GAC Asp	ACT Thr	GGT Gly 360	GGA Gly	AGG Arg	AAA Lys	GAC Asp	GTG Val 365	TCA Ser	TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr		1104
ATT Ile	GCA Ala 370	TGC Cys	AAG Lys,	AAG Lys	TGC Cys	AAC Asn 375	TCC Ser	CAT	GCA Ala	GGT Gly	GTG Val 380	TGT Cys	GAG Glu	GAG Glu	TGT Cys		1152
Gly	GGT Gly	His	GTC Val	AGG Arg	TAĆ Tyr 390	CTT Leu	CCC Pro	CGG Arg	Gln	AGC Ser 3.9.5	Gly	CTG Leu	Lys	AAC Asn	ACC Thr 400		1200
TCT Ser	GTC Val	ATG Met	ATG Met	GTG Val 405	GAT Asp	CTA Leu	CTC Leu	GCT Ala	CAC His 410	ACA Thr	AAC Asn	TAT Tyr	ACC Thr	TTT Phe 415	GAG Glu		1248
Ile	Glu	Ala	GTG Val 420	Asn	Gly	Val	Ser	Asp 425	Leu	Ser	Þго	Gly	Ala 430	Arg	Gln		1296
Tyr	Val	Ser 435	GTA Val	Asn	Val	Thr	Thr 440	Asn	Gln	Ala	Ala	Pro 445	Ser	Pro	Val		1344
Thr	Asn 450	Val	AAA Lys	Lys	Gly	Lys 455	Ile	Ala	Lys	Asn	Ser 460	Ile	Ser	Leu	Ser		1392
Trp 465	Gln	Glu	CCA Pro	Asp	Arg 470	Pro	Asn	Gly	Ile	Ile 475	Leu	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Ile 480		1440
Lys	His	Phe	GAA Glu	Lys 485	Asp	Gln	Glu	Thr	Ser 490	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Ile	Lys 495	Ser		1488
AAA Lys	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	ACT Thr 500	ATT Ile	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	GGC Gly 505	TTG Leu	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 510	GTT Val	TAT Tyr		1536
Val	Phe	Gln 515	ATT Ile	Arg	Ala	Arg	Thr 520	Ala	Ala	.Gly	Tyr	Gly 525	Val	Phe	Ser		1584
CGA Arg	AGA Arg 530	Phe	GAG Glu	TTT	GAA Glu	ACC Thr 535	ACC	CCA Pro	GTG Val	TTT Phe	GCA Ala 540	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	AGC Ser	GAT Asp		1632

Glr 545	Ser	Glı	ı Ile	e Pro	550	. Ile	Ala	val	. Ser	555	Thi	val	. Gl <u>y</u>	y Val	ATT lle 560	1680
Leu	. Leu	Ala	a Val	Va]	Ile	: Gly	Val	. Leu	570	Ser	Gly	Arg	Arg	575		1728
Tyr	Ser	Lys	580	Lys	Gln	Asp	Pro	Glu 585	Glu	Glu	Lys	Met	His 590	Phe	CAT His	1776
Asn	Gly	His 595	Ile	Lys	Leu	Pro	Gly 600	Val	Arg	Thr	Tyr	11e 605	Asp	Pro	CAT His	1824
Thr	610	Glu	Asp	Pro	Asn	Gln 615	Ala	Val	His	Glu	Phe 620	Ala	Lys	, Glu	ATA Ile	1872
625	Ala	Ser	Суз	Ile	Thr 630	Ile	Glu	Arg	Val	Ile 635	Gly	GCA Ala	Gly	Glu	Phe 640	1920
GIÀ	GIu	Val	Cys	Ser 645	Gly	Arg	Leu	Lys	Leu 650	Pro	Gly	AAA Lys	Arg	Glu 655	Leu	1968
PIO	Val	Ala	11e 660	Lys	Thr	Leu	Lys	Val 665	Gly	Tyŗ	Thr	GAA Glu	Lys 670	Gln	Arg	2016
Arg	Asp	675	ren	GIĀ	Glu	Ala	Ser 680	Ile	Met	Gly	Gln	TTT Phe 685	Asp	His	Pro	2064
ASN	690	Ile	His	Leu	Glu	Gly 695	Val	Val	Thr	Lys	Ser 700	AAA Lys	Pro	Val	Met	2112
705	Val	Thr	Glu	Tyr	Met 710	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ser	Leu 715	Asp	ACA Thr	Phe	Leu	Lys 720	2160
гÀЗ	Asn	Asp	Gly	Gln 725	Phe	Thr	Val	Ile	Gln 730	Leu	Val	GGC	Met	Leu 735	Arg	2208
GIÀ	Ile	Ser	Ala 740	Gly	Met	Lys	Tyr	Leu 745	Ser	Asp :	Met		Tyr 750	Val	His	2256
AGA Arg	Asp	Leu 755	Ala	Ala	AGA Arg	Asn	ATC Ile 760	TTA Leu	ATC Ile	AAC . Asn .	Ser	AAC Asn 765	CTT Leu	GTG Val	TGC Cys	2304

								GAT Asp				2352
								AGA Arg				2400
								AGT Ser				2448
								GGA Gly				2496
		Met		Asn				GTA Val 845		1		2544
								CTC Leu				2592
								CCC Pro				2640
								CCA Pro				2688
								TTA Leu				2736
								GGT Gly 925		_	-	2784
								ATG Met				2832
								GAG Glu				2880
								ATC Ile				2928
298	3							GTG Val			TAACTTCA	rg
		980	_			985			990		TTATT	3043
		 										-

3103

3162

TA	ACAA	AAAA	AGG	GGGA1	AAA (GGA	AAAC	AG TO	ATT	CTAI	A ACC	CTTA	GAAA	ACA!	TTTGCCT
CA	GCCA(CAGA	ATT:	IGTAI	ATC 2	ATGG:	TTT?	AC TO	SAAGT	TATCO	C AG	TCT!	Pagt	CCT	PAGTCT
(2)	INE	FORM	ATIOI	1 FQI	R SE() ID	NO:1	13:	1		ı	;			,
		·(i)	(<i>I</i>	1) LE 3) T)	ENGTI PE:	4: 99 amir				ls	•				
	((ii)	MOLE	CULE	TYP	E: p	rote	in							
	(xi)	SEQU	ENCE	DES	CRIP	TION	: SE	Q ID	NO:	13:				
Pro 1	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ala 5	Gly	Cys	Tyr	Seŗ	Ala 10		Arg	Arg	, Ala	Pro 15	Leu
Trp	Thr	Cys	Leu 20	Léu	Leu	Суз	Ala	Ala 25		Arg	Thr	Leu	Leu 30		Ser
Pro	Ser	Asn 35	Glų	Val	Asn	Leu	Leu 40		Ser	Arg	Thr	Val 45		Gly	Asp
Leu	Gly 50	Trp	Ile	Ala	Phe	Pro 55	Lys	Asn	Gly	Trp	Glu 60	Glu	Ile	Gly	Glu
Val 65	Asp	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Ala 70	Pro	Ile	His	Thr	Ту́г 75	, Gln	Val	Cys	Lys	Val 80
Met	Glu	Gln	Asn	Gln 85	Asn	Asn	Trp	Leu	Leu 90	Thr	Ser	Trp	Ile	Ser 95	Asn
Glu	Gly	Ala	Ser 100	Arg	Ile	Phe	Ile	Glu 105	Leu	Lys	Phe	Thr	Leu 110	Arg	Asp
Cys	Asn	Ser 115	Leu	Pro	Gly	Gly	Leu 120	Gly	Thr	Cys	Lys	Glu 125	Thr	Phe	Asn
Met	Tyr 130	Tyr	Phe	Glu	Ser	Asp 135	Asp	Gln	Asn	Gly	Arg 140	Asn	Ile	Lys	Glu
Asn 145	Gln	Tyr	Ile	Lys	Ile 150	Asp	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ala 155	Asp	Glu	Ser	Phe	Thr 160
Glu	Leu	Asp	Leu	Gly 165	Asp	Arg	Val	Met	Lys 170	Leu	Asn	Thr	Glu	Val 175	Arg
Asp	Val	Gly	Pro 180	Leu	Ser	Lys	Lys	Gly 185	Phe	Tyr	Leu	Ala	Phe 190	Gln	Asp
Val	Gly	Ala 195	Cys	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val 200	Ser	Val	Arg	Val	Tyr 205	Tyr	Lys	Lys
Cys	Pro 210	Ser	Val	Val	Arg	His 215	Leu	Ala	Val	Phe	Pro 220	Asp	Thr	Ile	Thr

Gly 225	Ala	Asp	Ser	Ser	Gln 230	Leu	Leu	Glu ,	Val	Ser 235	Gly	Ser	Суз	Val	Asn 240
His	Ser	Val	Thr	Asp 245	Glu	Pro	Pro	Lys	Met 250	His	Суз	Ser	Ala	Glu 255	Gly
Glu	Trp	Leu	Val 260	Pro	Ile	Gly	Lys	Суз 265	Met	Cys	Lys	Ala	Gly 270	Tyr	Glu
Glu	Lys	Asn 275	Gly	Thr	Cys	Gln	Val 9	Суз	Arg	Pro	Gly	Phe 285	Phe	Lys	Ala
Ser	Pro 290	His	Ile	Gln	Ser	Cys 295	Gly	Lys	Суз	Pro	Pro 300	His	Ser	Tyr	Thr
His 305	Glu	Glu	Ala	Ser	Thr 310	Ser	Суз	Val	Cys	Glu 315	Lys	Asp	Tyr	Phe	Arg 320
Arg	Glu	Ser	Asp	Pro 325	Pro	Thr	Met	Ala	Cys 330	Thr	Arg	Pro	Pro	Ser 335	Ala
Pro	Arg	Asn	Ala 340	Ile	Ser	Asn	Val	Asn 345	Glu	Thr	Ser	Val	Phe 350	Leu	Glu
Trp	Ile	Pro 355	Pro	Ala	Asp	Thr	Gly 360	Gly	Arg	Lys	Asp	Val 365	Ser	Tyr	Tyr
Ile	Ala 370	Суз	Lys	ГÀЗ	Cys	Asn 375	Ser	His	Ala	Gly	Val 380	Суз	Glu	Glu	Суз
385					390		Pro			395					400
				405			Leu		410					415	
			420				Ser	425					430		
-		435					Thr 440					445			
	450	ı	•			455					460				
465					470	l	Asn			475	•				481
				485	•		Glu		490)				495	
_			500)			Glu	505	•				510	,	
Val	. Phe	Glr		Arç	, Ala	Arç	Thi	Ala	Ala	Gly	Ty	: Gly 525	y Val	. Phe	Se

Ar	g A1 53	g P: 30	he G	lu P	he G	lu 1	thr 535	Th	r Pr	o Va	al P		1a 40	Ala	a Se	r Se	er Asp
G1 54	n Se 5	r G	ln I.	le P	ro V 5	al] 50 ,	le	Ala	a Va	l Se	r Va	al T 55	hr	Va.	l Gl	y Va	1 11e 560
Le	u Le	u A.	la Va	al V	al I. 65	le G	ily	Va.	l Le	u Le 57	ນ Se 0	er G	ly	Arg	J Ar	g Cy 57	s Gly 5
Ty:	r Se	r Ly	78 A. 58	la Ly 30	ys G	ln A	sp	Pro	58	u G1 5	u _, G]	u L	ys	Met	Hi:		e His
Ası	n Gl	у Ні 59	.s II	Le Ly	78 Le	eu P	ro	Gly 600	v Val	l Ar	g Th	r T		Ile 605		Pr	o His
Thi	61	r G1	u As	p Pi	o As	n G 6	ln 15	Ala	Va]	L Hi	s Gl	u Pl 62	ie 20	Ala	Lys	Gl:	u Ile
Glu 625	a Ala	a Se	r Cy	s Il	e Th	r I.	le	Glu	Arg	y Vai	1 I1 63	e G] 5	L y	Ala	GJ?	Gl:	Phe 640
Gly	Gli	ı Va	1 Су	s Se 64	r G1 5	y A:	rg	Leu	Lys	Le: 65(ı Pr	o ₍ G]	y :	Lys	Arg	Gl: 655	Leu
Pro	Val	L Al	a Il 66	e Ly 0	s Th	r Le	eu	Lys	Val 665	Gl	ту	r Th	r '(Glu	Lys 670		Arg
Arg	Asp	67.	e Le 5	u Gl	y Gl	u Al	La	Ser 680	Ile	Met	Gl	y Gl	n I	Phe 685	Asp	His	Pro
Asn	11e	: Ile	e Hi	s Le	u Gl	u G1 69	y \ 5	Val	Val	Thr	Lys	3 Se 70		Lys	Pro	Val	Met
Ile 705	Val	Thi	c Gl	а Ту	71	t G1	.ս Հ	Asn	Gly	Ser	Le:	ı As	p 1	hr	Phe	Leu	Lys 720
Lys	Asn	Asp	Gl ₃	7 Gl: 72	n Phe	∋ Th	r t	/al	Ile	Gln 730	Lev	va.	1 6	ily	Met	Leu 735	Arg
Gly	Ile	Ser	740	Gly	y Met	. Ly	s 1	yr	Leu 745	Ser	Asp	Met	t G		Tyr 750	Val	His
Arg	Asp	Leu 755	Ala	Ala	Arg	, As	n I 7	le 60	Leu	Ile	Asn	Se		sn 65	Leu	Val	Суз
Lys	Val 770	Ser	Asp	Phe	Gly	77.	u S 5	er	Arg	Val	Leu	Gl: 780		sp .	Asp	Pro	Glu
Ala 785	Ala	Tyr	Thr	Thr	790	G1	уG	ly	Lys	Ile	Pro 795	Ile	a A	rg '	Trp	Thr	Ala 800
Pro	Glu	Ala	Ile	Ala 805	Phe	Arg	J L	ys :	Phe	Thr 810	Ser	Ala	S	er i	Asp	Val 815	Trp
Ser	Tyr	Gly	11e 820	Val	Met	Tr	G	lu j	Val 825	Val	Ser	Tyr	G.		31u 330	Arg	Pro

54

102

TYL	Trp	835	Met	TNE	Asn	GIN	840	vai	116	гуз	Ala	845	GIU	014	01,		
Tyr	Arg 850	Leu	Pro	Ser	Pro.	Met 855	Asp	Суз	Pro	Ala	Ala 860	Leu	Tyr	Gln	Ļeu	,	
Met 865	Leu :	Asp	Cys	Trp	Gln 870	Lys.	Glu	Arg	Asn	Ser 875	Arg	Pro	Lýs	Phe	Asp 088		
Glu	Ile	Val	Asn	Met 885	Leu	Asp	Lys	Leu	11e 890	Arg	Asn	Pro	Ser	Ser 895	Leu		
Lys	Thr	Leu	Val 900		Ala	Ser	Cys	Arg 905		Ser	Asn	Leu	Lėu 910	Ala	Glu		í
His	Ser	Pro 915	Leu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Ala 920	Tyr	Arg	Ser	Val	Gly 925	Glu	Trp	Leu		
Glu	Ala 930	Ile	Lys	Met	Gly	Arg 935	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Ile	Phe 940	Met	Glu	Asn	Gly		i
Tyr 945	Ser	Ser	Met	Asp	Ala 950	Val	Ala	Gln	Val	Thr 955	Leu	Glu	Asp	Leu	Arg 960		
Arg	Leu	Gly	Val	Thr 965	Leu	Val	Gly	His	Gln 970	Lys	Lys	Ile	Met	Asn 975	Ser		
Leu	Gln	Glu	Met 980		Val	Gln	Leu	Val 985	Asn	Gļy	Met	Val	Pro 990	Leu			
(2)	INF	ORMA	TION	FOR	SEQ	ID	NO:1	4:									İ
	(i	(A) L B) T C) S	ENGT YPE : TRAN	HARA H: 3 nuc DEDN OGY:	116 leic ESS:	base aci sin	pai d	rs								
	(ii	.) MO	LECU	LE T	YPE:	cDN	A .										
	(ix	(AME/	KEY:			4									

BNSDOCID: <WO___9528484A1_I_>

AAGCGGCAGG AGCAGCGTTG GCACCGGCGA ACC ATG GCT GGG ATT TTC TAT TTC Met Ala Gly Ile Phe Tyr Phe

GCC CTA TTT TCG TGT CTC TTC GGG ATT TGC GAC GCT GTC ACA GGT TCC Ala Leu Phe Ser Cys Leu Phe Gly Ile Cys Asp Ala Val Thr Gly Ser

20

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:14:

AG Ar	g va	A TA 1 Ty 5	AC CC	c GC o Al	G AA a As	T GA n Gl 3	u Va	T AC 1 Th	C TT r Le	A TT u Le	G GA u As	p Se	C AG	A TC g Se	T GTI r Val	150
4	0	A GT	n re	u GI	y T <u>r</u> 4	p II. 5	e Al	a Se	r Pr	o Lei 5	u Gl	u Gl	y Gl	y Tr	G GAG P Glu 55	-
GA Gl	A GT u Va	G AG l Se	T AT	C AT(e Met	C AS	T GA	A AA 1 Ly:	A AA! S Asi	T AC	r Pro	A ATO	C CG/	A ACC	TA: Ty:	C CAA r Gln	246
Va.	ı cy.	o AS	n va. 7.	L Met	C GII	ı Pro	Se	Glr 80	n Ası)	n Asr	Trp	Lev	Arg 85	Th:	GAT Asp	294
TG(ATO	Th:	r Ar	A GAZ g Glu	A GG(GC1	CAC Glr 95	Arg	GTO	TAT Tyr	ATI	GAG Glu	Ile	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	342
****	105	, AL	y val	о сув	AŞT	110	Leu	Pro	Gly	' Val	Met 115	Gly	Thr	Cys	AAG Lys	390
120)	FILE	a ASI	ı ren	125	Tyr	Tyr	Glu	Ser	130	Asn	Asp	Lys	Glu	CGT Arg 135	438
		ALG	GIU	140	GIN	Pne	Val	ГÀЗ	11e 145	Asp	Thr	ATT	Ala	Ala 150	Asp	486
010	Ser	FILE	155	GIN	vaı	Asp	Ile	160	Asp	Arg	Ile	ATG Met	Lys 165	Leu	Asn	534
	014	170	ALG	АЗР	val	GTĀ	175	Leu	Ser	Lys	Lys	GGG Gly 180	Phe	Tyr	Leu	582
	185	GIII	кар	Val	GŢĀ	190	Cys	Ile	Ala	Leu	Val 195	TCA Ser	Val	Arg	Val	630
200	TYL	ту	гуз	Cys	205	ren	Thr	Val	Arg	Asn 210	Leu	GCC Ala	Gln	Phe	Pro 215	678
op		116	****	220	NIG	Asp	Thr	Ser	Ser 225	Leu	Val	GAA Glu	Val	Arg 230	Gly	726
TCC Ser	TGT Cys	GTC Val	AAC Asn 235	AAC Asn	TCA Ser	GAA Glu	GIU	AAA Lys 240	GAT Asp	GTG Val	CCA Pro	AAA . Lys :	ATG Met 1	TAC Tyr	TGT Cys	774

GGG Gly	GCA Ala	GAT Asp 250	GGT Gly	GAA Glu	TGG Trp	CTG Leu	GTA Val 255	CCC Pro	ATT Ile	GGC Gly	AAC Asn	TGC Cys 260	CTA Leu	TGC Cys	AAC Asn	822
GCT Ala	GGG Gly 265	CAT His	GAG Glu	GAG Glu	CGG Arg	AGC Ser 270	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	TGC Cys	CAA Gln	GCT Ala 275	TGC Cys	AAA Lys	ATT Ile	GGA Gly	870
				CTC Leu												918
				GTC Val 300												966
				GCT Ala												1014
Pro	Pro	Ser 330	Ala		Leu	Asn	Leu 335	Ile	Ser	Asn	Val	Asn 340	Glu	Thr	Ser	
Val	Asn 345	Leu	Glu	TGG Trp	Ser	Ser 350	Pro	Gln	Asn	Thr	Gly 355	Gly	Arg	Gln	Asp	1110
Ile 360	Ser	Tyr	Asn	GTG Val	Val 365	Cys	ⁱ Lys	Lys	Cys	Gly 370	Ala	Gly	Asp	Pŗo	Ser 375	1158
Lys	Cys	Arg	Pro	TGT Cys 380	Gly	Ser	Gly	Val	His 385	Tyr	Thr	Pro	Gln	Gln 390	Asn	1206
Gly	Leu	Lys	Thr 395	ACC	Lys	Val	Ser	Ile 400	Thr	Asp	Leu	Leu	Ala 405	His	Thr	1254
Asn	Tyr	Thr 410	Phe	GAA Glu	Ile	Trp	Ala 415	Val	Asn	Gly	Val	Ser 420	Lys	Tyr	Asn	1302
Pro	Asn 425	Pŗo	Asp	CAA Gln	Ser	Val 430	Ser	Val	Thr	Val	Thr 435	Thr	Asn	Gln	Ala	1350
Ala 440	Pro	Ser	Ser	ATT	Ala 445	Leu	Val	Gln	Ala	Lys 450	Glu	Val	Thr	Arg	Tyr 455	1398
				GCT Ala 460												1446

										,							
Leu	GAA Glu	A TAT	F GAZ C Glu 475	ı Val	C AAG l Lys	TAT	TAT Tyr	GAC Glu 480	Lys	GAT B Asp	CAC Gli	G AA! n Ası	T GA n Gl: 48	u Ar	A AGC g Ser		1494
Tyr	Arg	7 Il∈ 490	Va]	L Arg	y Thr	: Ala	Ala 495	Arg	AST	Thr	Asp	500	E Ly:	s Gl	C CTG y Leu	1	1542
Asn	505	Lev	Thr	Ser	Tyr	Val 510	. Phe	His	Val	Arg	Ala 515	a Arg	Th:	c Ala	A GCT		1590
GGC Gly 520	TAT Tyr	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	Phe	Ser 525	์ Glu	Pro	TTG Leu	GAG Glu	GTT Val 530	ACA Thr	ACC Thr	AAC Asr	C ACA	A GTG Val 535		1638
CCT Pro	TCC Ser	CGG	ATC	Ile 540	Gly	GAT 'Asp	GGG	GCT Ala	AAC Asn 545	TCC Ser	ACA Thr	GTC Val	CTI Leu	CTC Leu 550	GTC Val		1686
TCT	GTC Val	TCG Ser	GGC Gly 555	Ser	GTG Val	GTG Val	CTG Leu	GTG Val 560	GTA Val	ATT Ile	CTC	ATT	GCA Ala 565	Ala	TTT Phe		1734
GTC Val	ATC Ile	AGC Ser 570	CGG Arg	AGA Arg	CGG	AGT Ser	AAA Lys 575	TAC Tyr	AGT Ser	AAA Lys	GCC Ala	Lys 580	CAA Gln	GAA Glu	GCG Ala		1782
GAT Asp	GAA Glu 585	GAG Glu	AAA Lys	CAT His	TTG Leu	AAT Asn 590	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	GTA Val	AGA Arg	ACA Thr 595	TAT Tyr	GTG Val	GAC Asp	CCC		1830
TTT Phe 600	ACG Thr	TAC Tyr	GAA Glu	GAT Asp	CCC Pro 605	AAC Asn	CAA Gln	GCA Ala	GTG Val	CGA Arg 610	GAG Glu	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	AAA Lys	GAA Glu 615		1878
ATT Ile	GAC Asp	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	TGC Cys 620	ATT Ile	AAG Lys	ATT Ile	GAA Glu	AAA Lys 625	GTT Val	ATA Ile	GGA Gly	GTT Val	GGT Gly 630	GAA Glu		1926
TTT Phe	GGT Gly	GAG Glu	GTA Val 635	TGC Cys	AGT Ser	GGG Gly	CGT Arg	CTC Leu 640	AAA Lys	GTG Val	CCT Pro	GGC Gly	AAG Lys 645	AGA Arg	GAG Glu		1974
ATC Ile	TGT Cys	GTG Val 650	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	AAG Lys	ACT Thr	CTG Leu 655	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	ACA Thr 660	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	CAG Gln		2022
Arg .	AGA Arg 665	GAC Asp	TTC Phe	CTG Leu	AGT Ser	GAG Glu 670	GCC Ala	AGC Ser	ATC Ile	Met	GGA Gly 675	CAG Gln	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	CAT His		2070
CCG : Pro : 680	AAC Asn	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	CAC His	TTG Leu 685	GAA Glu	GGC (GTG Val	Val	ACT Thr 690	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GTA Val 695		2118

ATG Met	ATC Ile	ATA Ile	ACA Thr	GAG Glu 700	TAC Tyr	ATG Met	GAG Glu	AAT Asn	GGC Gly 705	TCC Ser	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	GCA Ala	TTC Phe 710	CTC Leu	,	2166
AGG Arg	AAA Lys	AAT Asn	GAT Aşp 715	еја ССС	AGA Arg	TTT Phe	ACA Thr	GTC Val 720	ATȚ Ile	CAG Gln	CTG Leu	GTG Val	GGC Gly 725	ATG Met	ĊTT Leu	1	2214
CGT Arg	GGC	ATT Ile 730	GGG Gly	TCT Ser	GGG Gly	ATG Met	AAG Lys 735	TAT Tyr	TTA Leu	TCT Ser	GAT Asp	ATG Met 740	AGC Ser	TAT Tyr	GTG Val		2262
CAT His	CGT Arg 745	GAT Asp	CTG Leu	GCC Ala	GCA Ala	CGG Arg 750	AAC Asn	ATC Ile	CTG Leu	GTG Val	AAC Asn 755	AGC Ser	AAC Asn	TTG Leu	GTC Val		2310
TGC Cys 760	Lys	GTG Val	TCT	Asp	TTT Phe 765	Gly	ATG Met	TCC Ser	CGA Arg	GTG Val 770	CTT Leu	GAG Glu	Asp	GAT Asp	CCG Pro 775		2358
Glu	Ala	Ala	Tyr 1	Thr 780	ACC Thr	Arg	Gly	Gly	Lys 785	Ile	Pro	Ile	Arg	Trp. 790	Thr	•	2406
Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala 795	Ile	GCC Ala	Tyr	Arg	Lys 800	Phe	Thr	Ser	Ala	Ser 805	Asp	Val		2454
Trp	Ser	Tyr 810	Gly	Ile	GTT Val	Met	Trp 815	Glu	Val	Meť	Ser	Tyr 820	Gly	Glu	Arg		2502
Pro	Tyr 825	Trp	Asp	Met	TCC Ser	Asn 830	Gln	Asp	Val	Ile	Lys 835	Ala	Ile	Glu	Glu		2550
Gly 840	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Pro	CCT Pro 845	Pro	Met	Asp	Суз	Pro 850	Ile	Ala	Leu	His	Gln 855		2598
Leu	Met	Leu	Asp	Cys 860		Gln	Lys	Glu	Arg 865	Ser	Asp	Arg	Pro	Lys 870	Phe		2646
Gly	Gln	Ile	Val 875	Asn	ATG Met	Leu	Asp	Lys 880	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn	Pro 885	Asn	Ser		2694
Leu	Lys	Arg 890	Thr	Gly	ACG Thr	Glu	Ser 895	Ser	Arg	Pro	Asn	Thr 900	Ala	Leu	Leu		2742
GAT Asp	CCA Pro 905	Ser	TCC	CCT Pro	GAA Glu	TTC Phe 910	Ser	GCT	GTG Val	GTA Val	TCA Ser 915	Val	GLY	GAT Asp	TGG		2790

				•													
CT Le 92	u Gli	GCC Ala	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	ATG Met 925	Asp	CGG Arg	TAT	AAG Lys	GAT Asp 930	Asr	TTO Phe	C AC.	A GCI	GCT Ala 935		2838
G1	TAT	ACC Thr	ACA Thr	CTA Leu 940	GAG Glu	GCT Ala	GTG Val	GTG Val	CAC His	Va]	AAC Asn	CAG Gln	GA(GAC Asp 950	CTG Leu		2886
GC: Ala	A AGA A Arg	ATT	GGT Gly 955	ATC Ile	ACA Thr	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	ACG Thr 960	His	Gln	AAT Asn	' AAG	AT: 116 965	TTG Leu	AGC Ser		2934
AG1 Se1	GTC Val	Gln 970	ита	ATG Met	CGA Arg	ACC Thr	CAA Gln 975	ATG Met	CAG Gln	CAG Gln	ATG Met	CAC His 980	Gly	AGA Arg	ATG Met		2982
GT1 Val	CCC Pro 985	GTC Val	TGA	SCCAG	TA (CTGA	LAATA	AC T	СААА.	ACTC	T TG	Aaat	TAGT	+		•	3031
TTA	CCTC	ATC (CATGO	CACTI	T AA	TTG!	JAGA	CT	GCAC!	TTTT	TTT	ACTT	CGT	CTTC	SCCCT	2	3091
TGA	AATT.	AAA (CAAAE	GAAA	A AA	AAA	I									1	3116
(2)	INF	ORMA!	rion	FOR	SEQ	ID N	10:15	i:									
		(i) :	(B)	NCE LEN TYP TOP	GTH: E: a	986 mino	ami aci	no a	: acids	3							
	(:	Li) N	OLEC	ULE	TYPE	: pr	otei	n						'			
	(2	ci) S	EQUE	NCE 1	DESC	RIPT	ION:	SEC) ID	NO:1	.5:						
Met 1	Ala	Gly	Ile	Phe :	Tyr 1	Phe	Ala :	Leu	Phe 10	Ser	Cys	Leu	Phe	Gly 15	Ile		
Суз	Asp	Ala	Val (Thr (3ly a	Ser .	Arg '	Val 25	Tyr	Pro	Ala	Asn	Glu 30	Val	Thr		
Leu	Leu	Asp 35	Ser	Arg S	Ser V	Val (Gln (Gly	Glu	Leu	Gly	Trp 45	Ile	Ala	Ser		
Pro	Leu 50	Glu	Gly (Gly 1	rp (51u (Glu V	Val	Ser	Ile	Met 60	Asp	Ģlu	Lys :	Asn		
thr 65	Pro	Ile .	Arg :	thr 1	yr (Sln V	Val (Cys :	Asn '	Val	Met	Glu :	Pro	Ser (Gln		

Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Asp Trp Ile Thr Arg Glu Gly Ala Gln Arg 85 90 95

Val Tyr Ile Glu Ile Lys Phe Thr Leu Arg Asp Cys Asn Ser Leu Pro 100 105 110 Gly Val Met Gly Thr Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Ser Asp Asn Asp Lys Glu Arg Phe Ile Arg Glu Asn Gln Phe Val Lys 135 Ile Asp Thr Ile Ala Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Thr Gln Val Asp Ile Gly 155 150 Asp Arg Ile Met Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Ile Arg Asp Val Gly Pro Leu Ser Lys Lys Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Val Gly Ala Cys Ile Ala Leu Val Ser Val Arg Val Phe Tyr Lys Lys Cys Pro Leu Thr Val Arg Asn Leu Ala Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Ile Thr Gly Ala Asp Thr Ser 215 Ser Leu Val Glu Val Arg Gly Ser Cys Val Asn' Asn Ser Glu Glu Lys 235 Asp Val Pro Lys Met Tyr Cys Gly Ala Asp Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Asn Cys Leu Cys Asn Ala Gly His Glu Glu Arg Ser Gly Glu 265 Cys Gln Ala Cys Lys Ile Gly Tyr Tyr Lys Ala Leu Ser Thr Asp Ala Thr Cys Ala Lys Cys Pro Pro His Ser Tyr Ser Val Trp Glu Gly Ala Thr Ser Cys Thr Cys Asp Arg Gly Phe Phe Arg Ala Asp Asn Asp Ala 305 Ala Ser Met Pro Cys Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Ile 330 Ser Asn Val Asn Glu Thr Ser Val Asn Leu Glu Trp Ser Ser Pro Gln 345 Asn Thr Gly Gly Arg Gln Asp Ile Ser Tyr Asn Val Val Cys Lys 360 Cys Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Ser Lys Cys Arg Pro Cys Gly Ser Gly Val His Tyr Thr Pro Gln Gln Asn Gly Leu Lys Thr Thr Lys Val Ser Ile Thr Asp Leu Leu Ala His Thr Asn Tyr Thr Phe Glu Ile Trp Ala Val 410 405

As	n Gl	.y V	al Se 42	er Ly 20	s Ty	r As	n Pr	o As 42	n Pr 5	o As	p Gl	n Se	r Va 43		r Vai
Th	r Va	1 Ti	hr Tì 35	or As	n Gl	n Al	a Al 44	a Pr 0	o Se	r Se	r Ile	e Ala 44		u Va	l Gln
Al	a Ly 45	s G: 0	lu Va	l Th	r Ar	g Ty 45	r Se: 5	r Va	l Al	a Le	Ala 460		Le	u Gl	u Pro
As;	p Ar 5	g Pı	co As	n Gl	y Va 47	1 110 0	e Le	a Gl1	u Ty	r Gl:	ı Val	Lys	з Ту	r Ty	Glu 480
Ly	s As	p G1	n As	n Gl 48	u Are	g Se:	r Tyi	Arg	490	0	Arg			495	Arg
Ası	Th:	r As	p Il 50	e Ly: 0	s Gly	y Let	ı Asr	505	Let	ı Thr	: Ser	Tyr	Val 510		His
Va]	L Ar	7 Al 51	a Ar 5	g Th:	r Ala	a Ala	Gly 520	Tyr	: Gl3	y Asp	Phe	Ser 525	Glu	Pro	Leu
Glu	530	L Th	r Th	r Ası	n The	Val 535	Pro	Ser	Arç	, Ile	Ile 540	Gly	Asp	Gly	Ala
Asn 545	Sei	Th	r Va	l Leı	550	Val	. Ser	Val	Ser	Gly 555	Ser	Val	Val	Leu	Val 560
				202					570					575	
			300	,	Glu			585					590	•	_
		55.	,		Asp		600					605			
	020				Lys	913					620				
023					Gly 630					635	•			-	640
				645	Arg				650					655	
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Thr 660	Asp	Lys	Gln	Arg	Arg 665	Asp	Phe	Leu	Ser	Glu 670	Ala	Ser
Ile	Met	Gly 675	Gln	Phe	Asp	His	Pro 680	Asn	Ile	Ile	His :	Leu 685	Glu	Gly	Val
Val	Thr 690	Lys	Cys	Lys	Pro	Val 695	Met	Ile	Ile	Thr	Glu 9 700	Tyr 1	Met	Glu	Asn
Gly 705	Ser	Leu	Asp	Ala	Phe 710	Leu	Arg	Lys	Asn	Asp 715	Gly i	Arg 1	Phe '		Val 720

Ile Gln Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Ile Gly Ser Gly Met Lys Tyr 730 Leu Ser Asp Met Ser Tyr Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile 745 | Leu Val Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Met Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Asp Pro Glu Ala Ala Tyr Thr Thr Arg Gly Gly 775 Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile Ala Tyr Arg Lys Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Met Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Trp Asp Met Ser Asn Gln Asp Val Ile Lys Ala Ile Glu Glu Gly Tyr Arg Leu Pro Pro Met Asp Cys Pro Ile Ala Leu His Gln Leu Met Leu Asp Cys Trp Gln Lys Glu 855 Arg Ser Asp Arg Pro Lys Phe Gly Gln Ile Val Asn Met Leu Asp Lys 870 875 Leu Ile Arg Asn Pro Asn Ser Leu Lys Arg Thr Gly Thr Glu Ser Ser Arg Pro Asn Thr Ala Leu Leu Asp Pro Ser Ser Pro Glu Phe Ser Ala 905 Val Val Ser Val Gly Asp Trp Leu Gln Ala Ile Lys Met Asp Arg Tyr Lys Asp Asn Phe Thr Ala Ala Gly Tyr Thr Thr Leu Glu Ala Val Val 935 His Val Asn Gln Glu Asp Leu Ala Arg Ile Gly Ile Thr Ala Ile Thr His Gln Asn Lys Ile Leu Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Met Arg Thr Gln Met 970 965 Gln Gln Met His Gly Arg Met Val Pro Val 980

(2) INFORMATIO	ON FOR	SEQ	ID	NO:16	:
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(i)	SECUENCE	CHARACTERISTICS .

- (A) LENGTH: 4529 base pairs
- (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: CDS (B) LOCATION: 186..3182

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:16:

CGG	TGCG	AGC	GAAC	AGGA	GT G	GGGG	GGAA	ŤT A	AAAA	AAAG	CTA	AACG	TGG	AGCA	GCCGAT	60
CGGGGACCGA GAAGGGGAAT CGATGCAAGG AGCACACTAA AACAAAAGCT ACTTCGGAAC															120	
AAACAGCATT TAAAAATCCA CGACTCAAGA TAACTGAAAC CTAAAATAAA ACCTGCTCAT															180	
GCA	GCACC ATG GTT TTT CAA ACT CGG TAC CCT TCA TGG ATT ATT TTA TGC Met Val Phe Gln Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Trp Ile Ile Leu Cys 1 5 10															227
TAC Tyr 15	Ile	TGG Trp	CTG Leu	CTC Leu	CGC Arg 20	TTT Phe	GCA Ala	CAC His	ACA Thr	GGG Gly 25	GAG Glu	GCG Ala	CAG Gln	GCT Ala	GCG Ala 30	275
AAG Lys	GAA Glu	GTA Val	CTA	CTG Leu 35	CTG Leu	GAT Asp	TCT Ser	AAA Lys	GCA Ala 40	CAA Gln	CAA Gln	ACA Thr	GAG Glu	TTG Leu 45	GAG Glu	323
TGG Trp	ATT	TCC Ser	TCT Ser 50	CCA Pro	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	TGG Trp 55	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	ATT	AGT Ser	GGT Gly 60	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	371
GAG Glu	AAC Asn	TAT Tyr 65	ACC Thr	CCG Pro	ATA Ile	CGA Arg	ACA Thr 70	TAC Tyr	CAG Gln	GTG Val	TGC Cys	CAA Gln 75	GTC Val	ATG Met	GAG Glu	419
CCC	AAC Asn 80	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	AAC Asn	TGG Trp	CTG Leu 85	CGG Arg	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	TGG Trp	ATT Ile 90	TCC Ser	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	AAT Asn	467
GCA Ala 95	CAA Gln	AGG Arg	ATT Ile	TTT Phe	GTA Val 100	GAA Glu	TTG Leu	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	ACC Thr 105	CTG Leu	AGG Arg	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	AAC Asn 110	515
AGT Ser	CTT Leu	CCT Pro	GGA Gly	GTA Val 115	CTG Leu	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	TGC Cys	AAG Lys 120	GAA Glu	ACA Thr	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	TTG Leu 125	TAC Tyr	563

												AGA Arg			CTC Leu	611
												TTT Phe 155				, 659
												GTG Val				707
												CAG Gln				755
GCT Ala	TGC Cys	ATA Ile	GCT Ala	TTG Leu 195	GTT Val	'TCT Ser	GTC Val	AAA Lys'	GTG Val 200	Tyr	Tyr	AAG Lys	Lys	TGC Cys 205	TGG Trp	803
												GTG Val				851
GAA Glu	TTT Phe	TCC Ser 225	TCT Ser	TTA Leu	GTC Val	GAG Glu	GTT Val 230	CGA Arg	GGG Gly	ACA Thr	TGT Cýs	GTC Val 235	AGC Ser	AGT Ser	GCA Ala	899
GAG Glu	GAA Glu 240	GAA Glu	GCG Ala	GAA Glu	AAC Asn	GCC Ala 245	CCC	AGG Arg	ATG Met	CAC His	TGC Cys 250	AGT Ser	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	GGA Gly	947
GAA Glu 255	TGG Trp	TTA Leu	GTG Val	CCC Pro	ATT Ile 260	GGA Gly	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	ATC Ile	TGC Cys 265	AAA Lys	GCA Ala	GGC	TAC Tyr	CAG Gln 270	995
CAA Gln	AAA Lys	GGA Gly	GAC Asp	ACT Thr 275	TGT Cys	GAA Glu	CCC Pro	TGT Cys	GGC Gly 280	Arg	GGG Gly	TTC Phe	TAC Tyr	AAG Lys 285	TCT Ser	1043
TCC	TCT	Gln	GAT Asp 290	CTT Leu	CAG Gln	TGC Cys	TCT Ser	CGT Arg 295	TGT Cys	CCA Pro	ACT Thr	CAC His	AGT Ser 300	TTT Phe	TCT Ser	1091
												GGG Gly 315				1139
Ala												CCT Pro				1187
												GTA Val				1235

															AGÀ Arg	1283
						AGT Ser									TGT Cys	1331
GLY	AGT Ser	AAC Asn 385	ATT Ile	GGA Gly	TAC Tyr	ATG Met	CCC Pro 390	CAG Gln	CAG Gln	ACT	GGA Gly	TTA Leu 395	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	AAC Asn	1379
TAT Tyr	GTC Val 400	ACT Thr	GTC Val	ATG Met	GAC Asp	CTG Leu 405	CTA Leu	GCC Ala	CAC His	GCT Ala	AAT Asn 410	TAT Tyr	ACT Thr	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	1427
GTT Val 415	Glu	GCT Ala	GTA Val	AAT Asn	GGA Gly 420	GTT Val	TCT Ser	GAC Asp	TTA Leu	AGC Ser 425	CGA Arg	TCC Ser	CAG Gln	AGG Arg	CTC Leu 430	1475
TTT Phe	GCT Ala	GCT Ala	GTC Val	AGT Ser 435	ATC Ile	ACC Thr	ACT Thr	GGT Gly	CAA Gln 440	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	CCC Pro	TCG Ser	CAA Gln 445	GTG Val	1523
AGC Ser	GGA Gly	GTA Val	ATG Met 450	AAG Lys	GAG Glu	AGA Arg	GTA Val	CTG Leu 455	CAG Gln	CGG Arg	AGT Ser	GTC Val	GAG Glu 460	CTT Leu	TCC Ser	1571
TGG Trp	CAG Gln	GAA Glu 465	CCA Pro	GAG Glu	CAT His	CCC Pro	AAT Asn 470	GGA Gly	GTC Val	ATC Ile	ACA Thr	GAA Glu 475	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu	ATC Ile	1619
AAG Lys	TAT Tyr 480	TAC Tyr	GAG Glu	AAA Lys	GAT Asp	CAA Gln 485	AGG Arg	GAA Glu	CGG Arg	ACC Thr	TAC Tyr 490	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	GTA Val	AAA Lys	1667
ACC Thr 495	AAG Lys	TCT Ser	ACT Thr	TCA Ser	GCC Ala 500	TCC Ser	ATT Ile	AAT Asn	AAT Asn	CTG Leu 505	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GGA Gly	ACA Thr	GTG Val 510	1715
TAT Tyr	GTT Val	TTC Phe	CAG Gln	ATT Ile 515	CGG Arg	GCT Ala	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	GCT Ala 520	GCT Ala	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	GGA Gly	AAT Asn 525	TAC Tyr	1763
AGT Ser	CCC Pro	AGA Arg	CTT Leu 530	GAT Asp	GTT Val	GCT Ala	Thr	CTA Leu 535	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	ACA Thr	GGT Gly 540	AAA Lys	ATG Met	1811
TTT Phe	GAA Glu	GCT Ala 545	ACA Thr	GCT Ala	GTC Val	TCC Ser	AGT Ser 550	GAA Glu	CAG Gln	AAT Asn	Pro	GTT Val 555	ATT Ile	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	1859
GCT Ala	GTG Val 560	GTT Val	GCT Ala	GTA Val	Ala	GGG Gly 565	ACC Thr	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	Leu	GTG Val 570	TTC Phe	ATG Met	GTC Val	TTT Phe	1907

					AGA Arg 580											195
					CTT Leu											200
					GAA Glu		Tyr									205 :
					CTA Leu											209
		Ala			TTC Phe	Gly		Val		Ser				1		214
					GTT Val 660											219
Tyr	Thr	Glu	Lys	Gln 675	AGG Arg	Arg	Asp	Phe	Leu 680	Суз	Glu	Ala	Ser	Ile 685	Met	224:
Gly	Gln	Phe	Asp 690	His	CCA Pro	Asn	Val	Val 695	His	Leu'	Glu	Gly	Val 700	Val	Thr	229:
Arg	Gly	Lys 705	Pro	Val	ATG Met	Ile	Val 710	Ile	Glu	Phe	Met	Glu 715	Asn	Gly	Ala	233
Leu	Asp 720	Ala	Phe	Leu	AGG Arg	Lys 725	His	Asp	Gly	Gln	Phe 730	Thr	Val	Ile	Gln	238
Leu 735	Val	Gly	Met	Leu	AGA Arg 740	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ala	Gly 745	Met	Arg	Tyr	Leu	Ala 750	243!
Asp	Met	GŢĀ	Tyr	Val 755	CAC His	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ala 760	Ala	Arg	Asn	Ile	Leu 765	Val	2483
Asn	Ser	Asn	Leu 770	Val	TGT Cys	Lys	Val	Ser 775	Asp	Phe	Gly	Leu	Ser 780	Arg	Val	253:
					GAA Glu											257

Pro	GTA Val 800	. Arg	TGG	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	CCC Pro 805	Glu	GCC	ATC Ile	CAG Gln	TAC Tyr 810	Arg	AAA Lys	TTC	ACA Thr	,	2627
TCA Ser 815	Ala	AGT Ser	GAT Asp	GTA Val	TGG Trp 820	Ser	TAT	GGA Gly	ATA Ile	GTC Val	Met	TGG	GAA Glu	GTI Val	Met 830	,	2675
TCT Ser	TAT Tyr	GGA Gly	GAA Glu	AGA Arg 835	CCT	TAT Tyr	TGG Trp	GAC Asp	ATG Met 840	Ser	AAT Asn	CAA Gln	GAT Asp	GTT Val 845	ATA Ile		2723
AAA Lys	GCA Ala	ATA Ile	GAA Glu 850	Glu	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	CGT Arg	T/TA Leu 855	CCA Pro	GCA Ala	CCC Pro	ATG Met	GAC Asp 860	TGC Cys	CCA Pro		2771
GCT Ala	GGC Gly	CTT Leu 865	CAC His	CAG Gln	CTA Leu	ATG Met	TTG Leu 870	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	TGG Trp	CAA Gln	AAG Lys 875	GAG Glu	CGT Arg	GCT Ala		2819
GAA Glu	AGG Arg 880	CCA Pro	AAA Lys	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	CAG Gln 885	ATA Ile	GTT Val	GGA Gly	ATT Ile	CTA Leu 890	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	ATG Met	ATT Ile		2867
CGA Arg 895	AAC Asn	CCA Pro	AAT Asn	AGT Ser	CTG Leu 900	AAA Lys	ACT Thr	CCC Pro	CTG Leu	GGA Gly 905	ACT Thr	TGT Cys	AGT Ser	AGG Arg	CCA Pro 910		2915
ATA Ile	AGC Ser	CCT Pro	CTT Leu	CTG Leu 915	GAT Asp	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	ACT Thr	CCT Pro 920	GAT Asp	TTC Phe	ACT Thr	ACC Thr	TTT Phe 925	TGT Cys		2963
TCA Ser	GTT Val	GGA Gly	GAA Glu 930	TGG Trp	CTA Leu	CAA Gln	GCT Ala	ATT Ile 935	AAG Lys	ATG Met	GAA Glu	AGA Arg	TAT Tyr 940	AAA Lys	GAT Asp		3011
AAT Asn	TTC Phe	ACG Thr 945	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr	AAT Asn 950	TCC Ser	CTT Leu	GAA Glu	TCA Ser	GTA Val 955	GCC Ala	AGG Arg	ATG Met		3059
ACT Thr	ATT Ile 960	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	GTG Val	ATG Met	AGT Ser 965	TTA Leu	GGG GLy	ATC Ile	ACA Thr	CTG Leu 970	GTT Val	GGT Gly	CAT His	CAA Gln		3107
AAG Lys 975	AAA Lys	ATC Ile	ATG Met	AGC Ser	AGC Ser 980	ATT Ile	CAG Gln	ACT Thr	ATG Met	AGA Arg 985	GCA Ala	CAA Gln	ATG Met	CTA Leu	CAT His 990		3155
TTA Leu	CAT His	GGA Gly	Thr	GGC Gly 995	ATT Ile	CAA Gln	GTG Val	TGAT	ATGC	AT T	TCTC	CCTT	т та	AGGG	AGAT		3209
TACA	GACT	GC A	AGAG.	AACA	G TA	CTGG	CCTT	CAG	TATA	TGC	ATAG	AATG	CT G	CTAG	AAGAC		3269
AAGT	GATG	TC C	TGGG	TCCT	T CC	AACA	GTGA	AGA	GAAG	ATT	TAAG	AAGC.	AC C	TATA	GACTT		3329
GAAC	TCCT	AA G	TGCC	ACCA	G AA	TATA	AAAT	AAG	GGAA	TTT	AGGA	TCCA	CC A	TCGG	TGGCC		3389

aggaaaatag	CAGTGACAAT	AAACAAAGTA	CTACCTGAAA	AACATCCAAA	CACCTTGAGC	3449
TCTCTAACCT	CCTTTTTGTC	TTATAGACTT'	TŢTAAAATGT	ACATAAAGAA	TTTAAGAAAG	3509
AATATATTTG	TCAAATAAAA	TCATGATCTT	ATTGTTAAAA	TTAATGAAAT	ATTTTCCTTA	3569
aatatgtgat	TTCAGACTAT	TCCTTTTTAA	AATCATTTGT	GTTTATTCTT	CATAAGGACT	3629
TTGTTTTAGA	AAGCTGTTTA	TAGCTTTGGA	CCTTTTTAGT	GTTAAATCTG	TAACATTACT	3689
ACACTGGGTA	CCTTTGAAAG	AATCTCAAAT	TTCAAAAGAA	ATAGCATGAT	TGAAGATACA	3749
TCTCTGTTAG	AACATTGGTA	TCCTTTTTGT	GCCATTTTAT	-TCTGTTTAAT	CAGTGCTGTT	3809
TTGATATTGT	TTGCTAATTG	GCAGGTAGTC	AAGAAAATGC	AAGTTGCCAA	GAGCTCTGAT	3869
AAATTTTTAAA	AAGAATTTTT	TTGTAAAGAT	CAGACAACAC	ACTATCTTTT	CAATGAAAA	3929
AGCAATAATG	ATCCATACAT	ACTATAAGGC	ACTTTTAACA	GATTGTTTAT	AGAGTGATTT	3989
TACTAGAAAG	AATTTAATAA	ACTCGAAGTT	TAGGTTTATG	AGTATATAAA	CAAATGAGGC	4049
ACTTCATCTG	AAGAATGTTG	GTGAAGGCAA	GTCTCTGAAA	GCAGAACTAT	CCAGTGTTAT	4109
СТАААААТТА	ATCTGAGCAC	ATCAAGATTT	TTTCATTCTC	GTGACATTAG	GAAATTTAGG	4169
ATAAATAGTT	GACATATATT	TTATATCCTC	TTCTGTTGAA	TGCAGTCCAA	ACATGAAAGG	4229
AAATAATTGT	TTTATATTAT	AACTCTGAAG	CATGATAAAG	GGGCAGTTCA	CAATTTTCAC	4289
CATTTAAACA	CAAATTTGCT	GCACAGAATA	TCACCATTGC	AGTTCAAAAC	AAAACAAAAC	4349
				TTAAATGAAA		4409
CCCTAGAAGG	AAGAGGTGAA	GGATCTGGCT	TGTTTTTAAA	GCTTTATTTA	TTAAACCATA	4469
TTATTTGATT	ACTGTGTTAG	AATTTCATAA	GCAATAATTA	AATGTGTCTT	TATGGAATTC	4529

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:17:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 998 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:17:

Met Val Phe Gln Thr Arg Tyr Pro Ser Trp Ile Ile Leu Cys Tyr Ile 1 5 10 15

Trp Leu Leu Arg Phe Ala His Thr Gly Glu Ala Gln Ala Ala Lys Glu 20 25 30

Val Leu Leu Asp Ser Lys Ala Gln Gln Thr Glu Leu Glu Trp Ile Ser Ser Pro Pro Asn Gly Trp Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Leu Asp Glu Asn Tyr Thr Pro Ile Arg Thr Tyr Gln Val Cys Gln Val Met Glu Pro Asn Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Asn Trp Ile Ser Lys Gly Asn Ala Gln 85 Arg Ile Phe Val Glu Leu Lys Phe Thr Leu Arg Asp Cys Asn Ser Leu Pro Gly Val Leu Gly Thr Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Thr Asp Tyr Asp Thr Gly Arg Asn Ile Arg Glu Asn Leu Tyr Val Lys Ile Asp Thr Ile Ala Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Thr Gln Gly Asp Leu 150 155 Gly Glu Arg Lys Met Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Val Arg Glu Ile Gly Pro 170 Leu Ser Lys Lys Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Val Gly Ala Cys 185 Ile Ala Leu Val Ser Val Lys Val Tyr Tyr Lys Lys Cys Trp Ser Ile Ile Glu Asn Leu Ala Ile Phe Pro Asp Thr Val Thr Gly Ser Glu Phe Ser Ser Leu Val Glu Val Arg Gly Thr Cys Val Ser Ser Ala Glu Glu Glu Ala Glu Asn Ala Pro Arg Met His Cys Ser Ala Glu Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Lys Cys Ile Cys Lys Ala Gly Tyr Gln Gln Lys 260 Gly Asp Thr Cys Glu Pro Cys Gly Arg Gly Phe Tyr Lys Ser Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Gln Cys Ser Arg Cys Pro Thr His Ser Phe Ser Asp Lys Glu Gly Ser Ser Arg Cys Glu Cys Glu Asp Gly Tyr Tyr Arg Ala Pro Ser Asp Pro Pro Tyr Val Ala Cys Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro Gln 330

Asn	Leu	Ile	Phe 340	Asn	Ile	Asn	Gln	Thr 345	Thr	Val	Ser	Leu	Glu 350	Trp	Ser
Pro	Pro	Ala 355	Asp	Asn	Gly,	Gly	Arg ¹	Asn	Asp	Val	Thr	Tyr 365	Arg	Ile	Leu
Суз	Lys 370	Arg	Су́з	Ser	Trp	Glu 375	Gln	Gly :	Glu	Cys ,	,Val 380	Pro	Суз	Gly	Ser
Asn 385	Ile	Gly.	Tyr	Met	Pro 390	Gln	Gln	Thr	Gly	Leu 395	Glu	Asp	Asn	Tyr	Val 400
Thr	Val	Met	Asp	Leu 405	Leu	Ala	His	Åla	Asn 410	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Glu	Val 415	Glu
Ala	Val	Asn	Gly 420	Val	Ser	Asp	Leu	Ser 425	Arg	Ser	Gln	Arg	Leu 430	Phe	Ala
Ala	Val	Ser 435	Ile	Thr	Thr	Gly	Gln 440	Ala	Ala	Pro	Ser	Gln 445	V al	Ser	Gly
	450		1			455					Glu 460				
465					470					475	Tyr				480
				485					490	, ,	Thr			495	
			500		٠.			505			Gly		510		
		515	_				520				Gly	525			
_	530					535				•	Gly 540		`		
545					550					555	Ile		-		560
				565		-			570		Met			575	
	•	•	580					585			Ala		590		
_		595					600		•		Gly	605			
	610					615					Ala 620				
Ala 625	Lys	Glu	Leu	Asp	Ala 630	Ser	Cys	Ile	Lys	11e 635	Glu	Arg	vai	шe	G1y

Ala Gly Glu Phe Gly Glu Val Cys Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys Arg Asp Val Ala Val Ala Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys Val Gly Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gln Arg Arg Asp Phe Leu Cys Glu Ala Ser Ile Met Gly Gln Phe Asp His Pro Asn Val Val His Leu Glu Gly Val Val Thr Arg Gly 695 Lys Pro Val Met Ile Val Ile Glu Phe Met Glu Asn Gly Ala Leu Asp Ala Phe Leu Arg Lys His Asp Gly Gln Phe Thr Val Ile Gln Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Ile Ala Ala Gly Met Arg Tyr Leu Ala Asp Met Gly Tyr Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Val Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Val Ile Glu Asp Asp Pro Glu Ala Val Tyr Thr Thr Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Val Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile Gln Tyr Arg Lys Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Met Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Trp Asp Met Ser Asn Gln Asp Val Ile Lys Ala Ile Glu Glu Gly Tyr Arg Leu Pro Ala Pro Met Asp Cys Pro Ala Gly Leu His Gln Leu Met Leu Asp Cys Trp Gln Lys Glu Arg Ala Glu Arg Pro Lys Phe Glu Gln Ile Val Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Met Ile Arg Asn Pro Asn Ser Leu Lys Thr Pro Leu Gly Thr Cys Ser Arg Pro Ile Ser Pro Leu Leu Asp Gln Asn Thr Pro Asp Phe Thr Thr Phe Cys Ser Val Gly Glu Trp Leu Gln Ala Ile Lys Met Glu Arg Tyr Lys Asp Asn Phe

- 75 -

Thr Ala Ala Gly Tyr Asn Ser Leu Glu Ser Val Ala Arg Met Thr Ile 955

Glu Asp Val Met Ser Leu Gly Ile Thr Leu Val Gly His Gln Lys Lys

Ile Met Ser Ser Ile Gln Thr Met Arg Ala Gln Met Leu His Leu His 985 980

Gly Thr Gly Ile Gln Val 995

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:18:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 976 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:18:

Met Glu Leu Gln Ala Ala Arg Ala Cys Phe Ala Leu Leu Trp Gly Cys 10

Ala Leu Ala Ala Ala Ala Ala Gln Gly Lys Glu Val Val Leu Leu

Asp Phe Ala Ala Gly Gly Glu Leu Gly Trp Leu Thr His Pro Tyr

Gly Lys Gly Trp Asp Leu Met Gln Asn Ile Met Asn Asp Met Pro Ile 50

Tyr Met Tyr Ser Val Cys Asn Val Met Ser Gly Asp Gln Asp Asn Trp

Leu Arg Thr Asn Trp Val Tyr Arg Gly Glu Ala Glu Arg Asn Asn Phe

Glu Leu Asn Phe Thr Val Arg Asp Cys Asn Ser Phe Pro Gly Gly Ala 105

Ser Ser Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Ala Glu Ser Asp Leu 120 115

Asp Tyr Gly Thr Asn Phe Gln Lys Arg Leu Phe Thr Lys Ile Asp Thr 135

Ile Ala Pro Asp Glu Ile Thr Val Ser Ser Asp Phe Glu Ala Arg His 155 150

Val Lys Leu Asn Val Glu Glu Arg Ser Val Gly Pro Leu Thr Arg Lys 170 Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Ile Gly Ala Cys Val Ala Leu Leu 185 Ser Val Arg Val Tyr Tyr Lys Lys Cys Pro Glu Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu 200 Ala His Phe Pro Glu Thr Ile Ala Gly Ser Asp Ala Pro Ser Leu Ala 215 Thr Val Ala Gly Thr Cys Val Asp His Ala Val Val Pro Pro Gly Gly 230 235 Glu Glu Pro Arg Met His Cys Ala Val Asp Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro 250 Ile Gly Gln Cys Leu Cys Gln Ala Gly Tyr Glu Lys Val Glu Asp Ala Cys Gln Ala Cys Ser Pro Gly Phe Phe Lys Phe Glu Ala Ser Glu Ser 280 Pro Cys Leu Glu Cys Pro Glu His Thr Leu Pro Ser Pro Glu Gly Ala Thr Ser Cys Glu Cys Glu Glu Gly Phe Phe Arg Ala Pro Gln Asp Pro 310 ុ 315 Ala Ser Met Pro Cys Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro His Tyr Leu Thr Ala Val Gly Met Gly Ala Lys Val Glu Leu Arg Trp Thr Pro Pro Gln Asp Ser Gly Gly Arg Glu Asp Ile Val Tyr Ser Val Thr Cys Glu Gln 360 Cys Trp Pro Glu Ser Gly Glu Cys Gly Pro Cys Glu Ala Ser Val Arg Tyr Ser Glu Pro Pro His Gly Leu Thr Arg Thr Ser Val Thr Val Ser Asp Leu Glu Pro His Met Asn Tyr Thr Phe Thr Val Glu Ala Arg Asn Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Val Thr Ser Arg Ser Phe Arg Thr Ala Ser Val Ser Ile Asn Gln Thr Glu Pro Pro Lys Val Arg Leu Glu Gly Arg Ser Thr Thr Ser Leu Ser Val Ser Trp Ser Ile Pro Pro Pro Gln Gln Ser 460

Arg 465	Val	Trp	Lys	Tyr	Glu 470	Val	Thr	Tyr	Arg	Lys 475	Lys	Gly	Asp	Ser	As:
Ser	Tyr	Asn	Val	Arg 485	Arg	Thr	Glu	Gly	Phe 490	Ser	Val	Thr	Leu	Asp '495	_
Leu	Ala	Þro	Åsp 500	Thr	Thr	Tyr	Leu	Val 505	Gln	Val	Gln	Ala	Leu 510	Thr	Gli
Glu	Gly	Gln 515	Gly	Ala	Gly	Ser	Lys 520	Val	His	Glu	Phe	Gln 525	Thr	Leu	Sez
Pro	Glu 530	Gly ī	Ser	Gly	Asn	Leu 535	'Ala	Val	Ile	Gly	Gly 540		Ala	Val	Gl
Val 545	Val	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val 550	Leu	Ala	Gly	Val	Gly 555	Phe	Phe	Ile	His	Arg 560
Arg	Arg	Lys	Asn	Gln 565	Arg	Ala	Arg	Gln	Ser 570	Pro	Glu	q e A,	Val	Tyr 575	Phe
Ser	Lys	Ser	Glu 580	Gln	Leu	Lys	Pro	Leu 585	Lys	Thr	Tyr	Val	Asp 590	Pro	His
Thr	Tyr	Glu 595	Asp	Pro	Asn	Gln	Ala 600	Val	Leu	Lys	Phe	Thr 605	Thr	Glu	Ile
	610				ι	615			1		620		Gly		
Gly 625	Glu	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gly 630	Met	Leu	Lys	Thr	Ser 635	Ser	Gly	Lys	Lys	Glu 640
Val	Pro	Val	Ala	Ile 645	Lys	Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala 650	Gly	Tyr	Thr	Glu	Lys 655	Gln
			660					665					Phe 670		
		675					680					685	Lys		
Met	Ile 690	Ile	Thr	Glu	Tyr	Met 695	Glu	Asn	Gly	Ala	Leu 700	Asp	Lys	Phe	Leu
705					710					715	•		Gly		720
				725					730				Asn	735	
٠.			740					745					Asn 750		
Суз	Lys	Val	Ser	Asp	Phe	Gly	Leu 760	Ser	Arg	Val	Leu	Glu 765	Asp	Asp	Pro

Glu Ala Thr Tyr Thr Thr Ser Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile Ser Tyr Arg Lys Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Phe Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Met Thr Tyr Gly Glu Arg 810 Pro Tyr Trp Glu Leu Ser Asn His Glu Val Met Lys Ala Ile Asn Asp 825 Gly Phe Arg Leu Pro Thr Pro Met Asp Cys Pro Ser Ala Ile Tyr Gln Leu Met Met Gln Cys Trp Gln Gln Glu Arg Ala Arg Arg Pro Lys Phe Ala Asp Ile Val Ser Ile Leu Asp Lys Leu Ile Arg Ala Pro Asp Ser Leu Lys Thr Leu Ala Asp Phe Asp Pro Arg Val Ser Ile Arg Leu Pro 890 Ser Thr Ser Gly Ser Glu Gly Val Pro Phe Arg Thr Val Ser Glu Trp 905 Leu Glu Ser Ile Lys Met Gln Gln Tyr Thr Glu His Phe Met Ala Ala Gly Tyr Thr Ala Ile Glu Lys Val Val Gln Met Thr Asn Asp Asp Ile 930 Lys Arg Ile Gly Val Arg Leu Pro Gly His Gln Lys Arg Ile Ala Tyr Ser Leu Leu Gly Leu Lys Asp Gln Val Asn Thr Val Gly Ile Pro Ile

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:19:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 984 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:19:

Met Glu Arg Arg Trp Pro Leu Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Leu Leu Cys 1 5 10 15

Ala	Pro	Leu	Pro 20	Pro	Gly	Ala	Arg	Ala 25	Lys	Glu	Val	Thr	Leu 30	Met	Asp
Thr	Ser	Lys 35	Ala	Glņ	Gly	Glu	Leu 40	Gly '	Trp	Leu	Leu	Asp 45	Pro	Pro	Lys
Asp	Gly 50	т́гр	Ser	Glu	Gln	Gln 55	Gln	Ile	Leu,	Asn	Gly 60	Thr	Pro	Leu	Туз
Met 65	Tyr	Gln	Asp	Суз	Pro 70	Met	Gln	Gly	Arg	Arg 75	Asp	Thr	Asp	His	Trp 80
Leu	Arg	Ser	Asn	Trp 85	Ile	Tyr	hrg	Gly	Glu 90	Glu	Ala	Ser	Arg	Val 95	His
Val	Glu	Leu	Gln 100	Phe	Thr	Val	Arg '	Asp 105	Cys	Lys	Ser	Phe	Pro 110	Gly	Gly
Ala	Gly	Pro 115	Leu	Gly	Cys	Lys	Glu 120	Thr	Phe	Asn	Leu	Leu 125	Tyr	Met	Glu
	130	1				135				ı	Pro 140				•
145					150					155	Ile		_		160
Ser	Gly	Ser	Val	Lys 165	Leu	Asn	Val	Glu	Arg 170	Суз	Ser	Leu	Gly	Arg 175	Leu
		_	180		_			185			Pro	_	190	_	
		195					200				Cys	205			
	210					215	-				Gly 220			-	
225					230					235	Arg				240
		_		245					250		Asp	_		255	
			260					265			Tyr		270		
		275					280		•		Ser	285			
	290					295					Gln 300				
Ser 305	Glu	Gly	Ala	Thr	Ile 310	Cys	Thr	Суз	Glu	Ser 315	Gly	His	Tyr	Arg	Ala 320

Pro Gly Glu Gly Pro Gln Val Ala Cys Thr Gly Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro 330 Arg Asn Leu Ser Phe Ser Ala Ser Gly Thr Gln Leu Ser Leu Arg Trp 345 Glu Pro Pro Ala Asp Thr Gly Gly Arg Gln Asp Val Arg Tyr Ser Val 360 Arg Cys Ser Gln Cys Gln Gly Thr Ala Gln Asp Gly Gly Pro Cys Gln 375 Pro Cys Gly Val Gly Val His Phe Ser Pro Gly Ala Arg Ala Leu Thr 390 395 Thr Pro Ala Val His Val Asn Gly Leu Glu Pro Tyr Ala Asn Tyr Thr 415 Phe Asn Val Glu Ala Gln Asn Gly Val Ser Gly Leu Gly Ser Ser Gly His Ala Ser Thr Ser Val Ser Ile Ser Met Gly His Ala Glu Ser Leu 440 Ser Gly Leu Ser Leu Arg Leu Val Lys Lys Glu Pro Arg Gln Leu Glu 455 Leu Thr Trp Ala Gly Ser Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gly Ala Asn Leu Thr Tyr Glu Leu His Val Leu Asn Gln Asp Glu Glu Arg Tyr Gln Met Val Leu Glu Pro Arg Val Leu Leu Thr Glu Leu Gln Pro Asp Thr Thr Tyr 505 Ile Val Arg Val Arg Met Leu Thr Pro Leu Gly Pro Gly Pro Phe Ser Pro Asp His Glu Phe Arg Thr Ser Pro Pro Val Ser Arg Gly Leu Thr Gly Gly Glu Ile Val Ala Val Ile Phe Gly Leu Leu Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Gly Ile Leu Val Phe Arg Ser Arg Arg Ala Gln Arg Gln 570 Arg Gln Gln Arg His Val Thr Ala Pro Pro Met Trp Ile Glu Arg Thr Ser Cys Ala Glu Ala Leu Cys Gly Thr Ser Arg His Thr Arg Thr Leu His Arg Glu Pro Trp Thr Leu Pro Gly Gly Trp Ser Asn Phe Pro Ser 615

		•									4				
Arg 625	Glu	Leu	Asp	Pro	Ala 630	Trp	Leu	Met	Val [.]	Asp 635	Thr	Val	Ile	Gly	Glu 640
Gly	Glu	Phe	Gly	Glu 645	Val	Tyr	Ar'g	Gly	Thr 650	Leu	Arg	Leu	Pro	Ser 655	Gln
Asp	Cys	Lys	Thr 660	Val	Ala	Ile	Lys	Thr 665	Leu	Lys	Asp	Thr	Ser 670	Pro	Gly
Gly	Gln	Trp 675	Trp	Asn	Phe	Leu	Arg 680	Glu	Ala	Thr	Ile	Met 685	Gly	Gln	Phe
Ser	His 690	Pro	His	Ile	Leu	Ніз 695	Leu	Glu	Gly,	Val	Val 700	Thr	Lys	Arg	Lys
Pro 705	Ile	Met	Ile	Ile	Thr 710	Glu	Phe	Met	Glu	Asn 715	Ala	Ala	Leu	Asp	Ala 720
Þhe	Leu	Arg	Glu	Arg 725	Glu	Asp	Gln	Leu	Val 730	Pro	Gly	Gln	Leu	Val 735	Ala
Met	Leu	Gln	Gly 740	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gly	Met 745	Asn	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Asn 750	His	Asn
Tyr	Val	His 755	Arg	Asp	Leu	Ala	Ala 760	Arg	Asn	Ile	Leu	Val 765	Asn	Gln	Asn
Leu	Cys 770	Суз	Lys	Val	Ser	Asp 775	Phe	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg 780	Leu	Leu	Asp	Asp
Phe 785	Asp	Gly	Thr	Tyr	Glu 790	Thr	Gln	Gly	Gly	Lys 795	Ile	Pro	Ide	Arg	Trp 800
Thr	Ala	Pro	Glu	Ala 805	Ile	Ala	His	Arg	Ile 810	Phe	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser 815	Asp
Val	Trp	Ser	Phe 820	Gly	Ile	Val	Met	Trp 825	Glu	Val	Leu	Ser	Phe 830	Gly	Asp
Lys	Pro	Tyr 835	Gly	Glu	Met	Ser	Asn 840	Gln	Glu	Val	Met	Lys 845	Ser	Ile	Glu
Asp	Gly 850	Tyr	Arg	Leu	Pro	Pro 855	Pro	Val	Asp	Суз	Pro 860	Ala	Pro	Leu	Tyr
Glu 865	Leu	Met	Lys	Asn	Cys 870	Trp	Ala	Tyr	Asp	Arg 875	Ala	Arg	Arg	Pro	His 880
Phe	Gln	Lys	Leü	Gln 885	Ala	His	Leu	Glu	Gln 890	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Pro 895	His
Ser	Leu	Arg	Thr 900	Ile	Ala	Asn	Phe	Asp 905		Arg	Val	Thr	Leu 910	Arg	Leu
Pro	Ser	Leu 915	Ser	Gly	Ser	Asp	Gly 920		Pro	Туг	Arg	Thr 925		Ser	Glu

Trp Leu Glu Ser Ile Arg Met Lys Arg Tyr Ile Leu His Phe His Ser 930 935 940

Ala Gly Leu Asp Thr Met Glu Cys Val Leu Glu Leu Thr Ala Glu Asp 945 950 955 960

Leu Thr Gln Met Gly Ile Thr Leu Pro Gly His Gln Lys Arg Ile Leu 965 970 975

Cys Ser Ile Gln Gly Phe Lys Asp 980

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:20:

- (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 998 amino acids
 - (B) TYPE: amino acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:20:

Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Leu Leu Pro 20 25 30

Ala Gly Cys Arg Ala Leu Glu Glu Thr Leu Met Asp Thr Lys Trp Val 35 40 45

Thr Ser Glu Leu Ala Trp Thr Ser His Pro Glu Ser Gly Trp Glu Glu 50 55 60

Val Ser Gly Tyr Asp Glu Ala Met Asn Pro Ile Arg Thr Tyr Gln Val 65 70 75 80

Cys Asn Val Arg Glu Ser Ser Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Gly Phe 85 90 95

Ile Trp Arg Arg Asp Val Gln Arg Val Tyr Val Glu Leu Lys Phe Thr

Val Arg Asp Cys Asn Ser Ile Pro Asn Ile Pro Gly Ser Cys Lys Glu 115 120 125

Thr Phe Asn Leu Phe Tyr Tyr Glu Ala Asp Ser Asp Val Ala Ser Ala 130 135 140

Ser Ser Pro Phe Trp Met Glu Asn Pro Tyr Val Lys Val Asp Thr Ile 145 150 155 160

Ala Pro Asp Glu Ser Phe Ser Arg Leu Asp Ala Gly Arg Val Asn Thr 165 170 175

Lys	Val	Arg	Ser 180	Phe	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser 185	Lys	Ala	Gly	Phe	Tyr 190	Leu	Ala
Phe	Gln	Asp 195	Gln	Glý	Ala	Суз	Met 200	Ser	Leu	Ile	Ser	Val 205	Arg	'Ala	Phe
Tyr	Lys 210	Lys	Суз	Ala	Ser	Thr 215	Thr	Ala	Gly	Phe	Ala 220	Leu	Phe	Pro	Glu
Thr 225	Leu	Thr	Gly	Ala	Glu 230	Pro	Thr	Ser	Leu	Val 235	Ile	Ala	Pro	Gly	Th: 240
Cys	Ile	Pro	Asn	Ala 245	Val	Glu	Val	Ser	Val 250	Pro	Leu	Lys	Leu	Tyr 255	Cys
Asn	Gly	Asp	Gly 260	Glu	Trp	Met	Val	Pro 265	Val	Gly	Ala	Cys	Thr 270	Суз	Ala
Thr	Glý	His 275	Glu	Pro	Ala	Ala	Lys 280	Glu	Ser	Gln	Cys	Arg 285	Pro	Суз	Pro
Pro	Gly 290	Ser	Tyr	Lys	Ala	Lys 295	Ğln	Gly	Glu	Gly	Pro 300	Суз	Leu	Pro	Cys
Pro 305	Pro	Asn	Ser	Arg	Thr 310	Thr	Ser	Pro	Ala	Ala 315	Ser	Ile	Суз	Thr	Cys 320
				325	•				330				Ser	335	
			340					345					Val 350		
		355				_	360				_	365	Gly		
qeA	Asp 370	Leu	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Val 375	Ile	Суз	Lys	Lys	Cys 380		Gly	Ala	Gly
Gly 385	Ala	Ser	Ala	Суз	Ser 390	Arg	Суз	Asp	Asp	Asn 395	Val	Glu	Phe	Val	Pro 400
_				405					410				His	415	
Ala	His	Thr	Arg 420	Tyr	Thr	Phe	Glu	Val 425	Gln	Ala	Val	Asn	Gly 430	Val	Ser
	_	435					440					445	Ile		
	450					455					460		His		
Ser 465	Gly	Ser	Ser	Leu	Thr 470	Leu	Ser	Trp	Ala	Pro 475	Pro	Glu	Arg	Pro	Asn 480

Gly Val Ile Leu Asp Tyr Glu Met Lys Tyr Phe Glu Lys Ser Glu Gly 490 Ile Ala Ser Thr Val Thr Ser Gln Met Asn Ser Val Gln Leu Asp Gly 505 Leu Arg Pro Asp Ala Arg Tyr Val Val Gln Val Arg Ala Arg Thr Val Ala Gly Tyr Gly Gln Tyr Ser Arg Pro Ala Glu Phe Glu Thr Thr Ser F Glu Arg Gly Ser Gly Ala Gln Gln Leu Gln Glu Gln Leu Pro Leu Ile Val Gly Ser Ala Thr Ala Gly Leu Val Phe Val Val Ala Val Val Val 570 Ile Ala Ile Val Cys Leu Arg Lys Gln Arg His Gly Ser Asp Ser Glu Tyr Thr Glu Lys Leu Gln Gln Tyr Ile Ala Pro Gly Met Lys Val Tyr 600 Ile Asp Pro Phe Thr Tyr Glu Asp Pro Asn Glu Ala Val Arg Glu Phe Ala Lys Glu Ile Asp Val Ser Cys Val Lys Ile Glu Glu Val Ile Gly Ala Gly Glu Phe Gly Glu Val Cys Arg Gly Arg Leu Lys Gln Pro Gly Arg Arg Glu Val Phe Val Ala Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys Val Gly Tyr Thr Glu Arg Gln Arg Arg Asp Phe Leu Ser Glu Ala Ser Ile Met Gly Gln Phe Asp His Pro Asn Ile Ile Arg Leu Glu Gly Val Val Thr Lys Ser 695 Arg Pro Val Met Ile Leu Thr Glu Phe Met Glu Asn Cys Ala Leu Asp Ser Phe Leu Arg Leu Asn Asp Gly Gln Phe Thr Val Ile Gln Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Ile Ala Ala Gly Met Lys Tyr Leu Ser Glu Met Asn Tyr Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Val Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Phe Leu Glu

Asp Asp Pro Ser Asp Pro Thr Tyr Thr Ser Ser Leu Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile Ala Tyr Arg Lys Phe Thr 805 810 Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Met 825 Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Trp Asp Met Ser Asn Gln Asp Val Ile Asn Ala Val Glu Gln Asp Tyr Arg Leu Pro Pro Pro Met Asp Cys Pro 855 Thr Ala Leu His Gln Leu Met Leu Asp Cys Trp Val Arg Asp Arg Asn Leu Arg Pro Lys Phe Ser Gln Ile Val Asn Thr Leu Asp Lys Leu Ile 890 Arg Asn Ala Ala Ser Leu Lys Val Ile Ala Ser Ala Gln Ser Gly Met 905 Ser Gln Pro Leu Leu Asp Arg Thr Val Pro Asp Tyr Thr Thr Phe Thr Thr Val Gly Asp Trp Leu Asp Ala Ile Lys Met Gly Arg Tyr Lys Glu 935 Ser Phe Val Ser Ala Gly Phe Ala Ser Phe Asp Leu Val Ala Gln Met 945 950 955 Thr Ala Glu Asp Leu Leu Arg Ile Gly Val Thr Leu Ala Gly His Gln 970 Lys Lys Ile Leu Ser Ser Ile Gln Asp Met Arg Leu Gln Met Asn Gln

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:21:

Thr Leu Pro Val Gln Val 995

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 983 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
- (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein
- (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:21:
- Met Asp Cys Gln Leu Ser Ile Leu Leu Leu Ser Cys Ser Val Leu

Asp Ser Phe Gly Glu Leu Ile Pro Gln Pro Ser Asn Glu Val Asn Leu 25 Leu Asp Ser Lys Thr Ile Gln Gly Glu Leu Gly Trp Ile Ser Tyr Pro 40 Ser His Gly Trp Glu Glu Ile Ser Gly Val Asp Glu His Tyr Thr Pro Ile Arg Thr Tyr Gln Val Cys Asn Val Met Asp His Ser Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Asn Trp Val Pro Arg Asn Ser Ala Gln Lys Ile Tyr Val Glu Leu Lys Phe Thr Leu Arg Asp Cys Asn Ser Ile Pro Leu Val 105 Leu Gly Thr Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Met Glu Ser Asp 120 Asp Asp His Gly Val Lys Phe Arg Glu His Gln Phe Thr Lys Ile Asp 135 Thr Ile Ala Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Thr Gln Met Asp Leu Gly Asp Arg Ile Leu Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Ile Arg Glu Val Gly Pro Val Asn Lys 170 Lys Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Val Gly Ala Cys Val Ala Leu 180 185 Val Ser Val Arg Val Tyr Phe Lys Lys Cys Pro Phe Thr Val Lys Asn Leu Ala Met Phe Pro Asp Thr Val Pro Met Asp Ser Gln Ser Leu Val 215 Glu Val Arg Gly Ser Cys Val Asn Asn Ser Lys Glu Glu Asp Pro Pro Arg Met Tyr Cys Ser Thr Glu Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Lys 245 250 Cys Ser Cys Asn Ala Gly Tyr Glu Glu Arg Gly Phe Met Cys Gln Ala Cys Arg Pro Gly Phe Tyr Lys Ala Leu Asp Gly Asn Met Lys Cys Ala Lys Cys Pro Pro His Ser Ser Thr Gln Glu Asp Gly Ser Met Asn Cys Arg Cys Glu Asn Asn Tyr Phe Arg Ala Asp Lys Asp Pro Pro Ser Met 315

Ala Cys Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ser Pro Arg Asn Val Ile Ser Asn Ile 330 Asn Glu Thr Ser Val Ile Leu Asp Trp Ser Trp Pro Leu Asp Thr Gly Gly Arg Lys Asp Val Thr Phe Asn Ile Ile Cys Lys Lys Cys Gly Trp 360 Asn Ile Lys Gln Cys Glu Pro Cys Ser Pro Asn Val Arg Phe Leu Pro Arg Gln Phe Gly Leu Thr Asn Thr Thr Val Thr Val Thr Asp Leu Leu Ala His Thr Asn Tyr Thr Phe Glu Ile Asp Ala Val Asn Gly Val Ser 410 Glu Leu Ser Ser Pro Pro Arg Gln Phe Ala Ala Val Ser Ile Thr Thr 420 425 Asn Gln Ala Ala Pro Ser Pro Val Leu Thr Ile Lys Lys Asp Arg Thr Ser Arg Asn Ser Ile Ser Leu Ser Trp Gln Glu Pro Glu His Pro Asn Gly Ile Ile Leu Asp Tyr Glu Val Lys Tyr Tyr Glu Lys Gln Glu Gln Glu Thr Ser Tyr Thr Ile Leu Arg Ala Arg Gly Thr Asn Val Thr Ile 490 Ser Ser Leu Lys Pro Asp Thr Ile Tyr Val Leu Gln Ile Arg Ala Arg 505 Thr Ala Ala Gly Tyr Gly Thr Asn Ser Arg Lys Phe Glu Phe Glu Thr 515 Ser Pro Asp Ser Phe Ser Ile Ser Gly Glu Ser Ser Gln Val Val Met 535 540 Ile Ala Ile Ser Ala Ala Val Ala Ile Ile Leu Leu Thr Val Val Ile Tyr Val Leu Ile Gly Arg Phe Cys Gly Tyr Lys Ser Lys His Gly Ala Asp Glu Lys Arg Leu His Phe Gly Asn Gly His Leu Lys Leu Pro Gly Leu Arg Thr Tyr Val Asp Pro His Thr Tyr Glu Asp Pro Thr Gln Ala Val His Glu Phe Ala Lys Glu Leu Asp Ala Thr Asn Ile Ser Ile Asp 610 615

Lys Val Val Gly Ala Gly Glu Phe Gly Glu Val Cys Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Leu Pro Ser Lys Lys Glu Ile Ser Val Ala Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys 650 Val Gly Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gln Arg Arg Asp Phe Leu Gly Glu Ala Ser 665 Ile Met Gly Gln Phe Asp His Pro Asn Ile Ile Arg Leu Glu Gly Val 680 Val Thr Lys Ser Lys Pro Val Met Ile Val Thr Glu Tyr Met Glu Asn Gly Ser Leu Asp Ser Phe Leu Arg Lys His Asp Ala Gln Phe Thr Val Ile Gln Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Ile Ala Ser Gly Met Lys Tyr 730 Leu Ser Asp Met Gly Tyr Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Ile Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser 760 Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Asp Pro Glu Ala Ala Tyr Thr Thr Arg Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Ser Pro Glu Ala Ile Ala Tyr Arg Lys 795 Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Leu Trp Glu Val Met Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Trp Glu Met Ser Asn Gln Asp Val Ile Lys Ala Val Asp Glu Gly Tyr Arg Leu Pro Pro Pro Met Asp Cys Pro Ala Ala Leu Tyr Gln Leu Met Leu Asp Cys Trp Gln Lys Asp Arg Asn Asn Arg Pro Lys Phe Glu Gln Ile Val Ser Ile Leu Asp Lys Leu Ile Arg Asn Pro Gly Ser Leu Lys Ile Ile Thr Ser Ala Ala Ala Arg Pro Ser Asn Leu Leu Asp Gln Ser Asn Val Asp Ile Ser Thr 900 905 Phe Arg Thr Thr Gly Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Val Arg Thr Ala His Cys 915 920

(B) TYPE: nucleic acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA

										,		'					
	Lys	Glu 930	Ile	Phe	Thr	Gly	Val 935	Glu	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Cys 940	Asp	Thr	Île	Ala	
	Lys 945	Ile	Ser	Thr	Asp	Asp 950	Met	Lys	Lys	Val	Gly 955	Val	Thr	Val	Val	Gly 960	
	Pro	Gln	Lys	Ĺуз	Ile 965	Ile	Ser	Ser	Ile	Lys 970	Ala	Leu	Glu	Thr	Gln 975	Ser	
	Lys	Asn	Gly	Pro 980	Val	Pro	Val		•								
(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION I	FOR :	SEQ :	ID N	0:22	<u>:</u>			-						
	(i)	(A) (B) (C)	LEI TYI	NGTH PE: : RAND:	ARAC' : 24 nucle EDNE:	base sic a	e pa: acid sing:	irs									1
	(ii)	MOLI	ECUL	E TY	PE: (cDNA				ı							
	(xi)	SEQ	•	E DE	SCRI	PTIO	N: S	EQ I	D NO	:22:	i						
CTCC	TCGC	- -	<u>ጉር</u> ሞር/	CAAC	A A A A	~c					•						2
18.00	INFO						0:23	:		1							
		(A (B (C) LE) TY) ST	NGTH PE: RAND	ARAC : 39 nucl EDNE GY:	baseic SS:	e pa acid sing	irs								:	1
	(ii)	MOL	ECUL	Е ТҮ	PE:	cdna											
	(xi)	SEQ	UENC	E DE	SCRI	PTIO	N: S	EQ I	D NO	:23:							
GCG1	CTAG	AT T	ATCA	CTTC	T CC	TGGA	TGCT	TGT	CTGG	TA		•					3
(2)	INFO	RMAT	ION	FOR	SEQ	ID N	0:24	:									
	(i)				ARAC : 48					,							

BNSDOCID: <WO___9528484A1_I_>

	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:24:	
GCG	GGACGCCG CCGCCATGGC CCTGGATTGC CTGCTGCTGT TCCTCCTG	48
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:25:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 54 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:25:	
CGT:	TTCTTCC ACGCCGCGA GCAGAGATGC CAGGAGGAAC AGCAGCAGGC AATC	54
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:26:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 13 amino acids (B) TYPE: amino acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein	
	(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:26:	
	Met Ala Leu Asp Cys Leu Leu Leu Phe Leu Leu Ala Ser 1 5 10	
(2)	INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:27:	
	(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS: (A) LENGTH: 26 base pairs (B) TYPE: nucleic acid (C) STRANDEDNESS: single (D) TOPOLOGY: linear	
	(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA	

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:27:

AGGGAATTCC AYCGNGAYYT NGCNGC

- (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO:28:
 - (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
 - (A) LENGTH: 24 base pairs
 - (B) TYPE: nucleic acid
 - (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
 - (D) TOPOLOGY: linear
 - (ii) MOLECULE TYPE: cDNA
 - (xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO:28:

AGGGGATCCR WARSWCCANA CRTC

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- An isolated nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide having at least one of the biological activities of an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase, the nucleic acid selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) the nucleic acids set forth in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16 and their complementary strands;
 - (b), a nucleic acid hybridizing to the coding regions of the nucleic acids in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16; and
- (c) a nucleic acid of (b) which, but for the degeneracy of the genetic code, would hybridize to the coding regions of the nucleic acids in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16.
- 2. A polypeptide product of expression of a 20 nucleic acid of Claim 1 in a procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell.
 - 3. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 which is of human origin.

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4. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 which encodes a polypeptide having part or all of the amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16.

- 5. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 encoding a fragment comprising an EPH-like receptor extracellular domain.
- 35 6. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 which is cDNA, genomic DNA, synthetic DNA or RNA.

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7. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 which includes one or more codons preferred for expression in E. coli host cells.

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- 8. A nucleic acid of Claim 1 which includes one or more codon preferred for expression in mammalian cells.
- 9. A nucleic acid encoding amino acids 6-524 as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 10, and optionally encoding an amino terminal methionyl residue.
- 10. A nucleic acid encoding amino acids 1-547
 15 as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 12, and optionally encoding an amino acid terminal methionyl residue.
- 11. A nucleic acid encoding amino acids 21-547 as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 14, and optionally encoding an amino terminal methionyl residue.
 - 12. A nucleic acid encoding amino acids 23-553 as set forth in SEQ ID NO: 16, and optionally encoding an amino terminal methionyl residue.

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13. A nucleic acid encoding a chimeric protein, wherein the protein comprises an EPH-like receptor extracellular domain fused to a heterologous receptor cytoplasmic domain.

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14. A nucleic acid of Claim 13 wherein the extracellular domain is selected from the group consisting of HEK5, HEK7, HEK8 and HEK11 extracellular domains.

- 15. A biologically functional plasmid or viral DNA vector including a nucleic acid of Claim 1.
- 16. A procaryotic or eucaryotic host cell 5 stably transformed or transfected with the plasmid of Claim 15.
- 17. A method of producing an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase comprising culturing
 10 the host cell of Claim 16 to allow the host cell to express the EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase.
- 18. An isolated polypeptide having an amino acid sequence as shown in any of SEQ ID NO: 10, SEQ ID NO: 12, SEQ ID NO: 14 or SEQ ID NO: 16, or a fragment or analog thereof, wherein the polypeptide has at least one of the biological activities of an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase.
- 20 19. Purified and isolated HEK5 receptor.
 - 20. Purified and isolated HEK7 receptor.
 - 21. Purified and isolated HEK8 receptor.
 - 22. Purified and isolated HEK11 receptor.
 - 23. A polypeptide of Claim 18 wherein the biological activity is the binding of a ligand.
 - 24. A polypeptide of Claim 18 which is of human origin.
- 25. A polypeptide of Claims 18 characterized 35 by being the product of procaryotic or eucaryotic expression of an exogenous DNA sequence.

- 26. A polypeptide of Claim 25 wherein the exogenous DNA is a cDNA.
- 5 27. A polypeptide of Claim 25 wherein the exogenous DNA is a genomic DNA.
 - 28. An antibody or fragment thereof specifically binding a polypeptide of Claim 18.

- 29. An antibody of Claim 28 which is a monoclonal antibody.
- 30. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a polypeptide of Claim 18 in a mixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant, carrier, solubilizer or diluent.
- 31. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of an antibody of Claim 28 in a mixture with a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant, carrier, solubilizer or diluent.
- 32. A method for modulating the endogenous activation of an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase comprising administering an effective amount of a polypeptide of Claim 18.
- 33. A method for modulating the synthesis of an EPH-like receptor protein tyrosine kinase comprising hybridizing an antisense oligonucleotide to a nucleic acid of Claim 1.

- 34. A method of identifying a ligand that binds to a receptor polypeptide of Claim 18 comprising the steps of:
- a) exposing at least one molecule to the receptor polypeptide for a time sufficient to allow formation of a receptor/ligand complex;
 - b) removing non-complexed molecules; and
 - c) detecting the presence of the molecule bound to the receptor polypeptide.

FIG. IA CTG CTC GCC GCC GTG GAA GAA ACG CTA ATG GAC TCC ACT ACA GCG ACT 48 Leu Leu Ala Ala Val Glu Glu Thr Leu Met Asp Ser Thr Thr Ala Thr 10 GCT GAG CTG GGC TGG ATG GTG CAT CCT CCA TCA GGG TGG GAA GAG GTG 96 Ala Glu Leu Gly Trp Met Val His Pro Pro Ser Gly Trp Glu Glu Val 20 AGT GGC TAC GAT GAG AAC ATG AAC ACG ATC CGC ACG TAC CAG GTG TGC 144 Ser Gly Tyr Asp Glu Asn Met Asn Thr Ile Arg Thr Tyr Gln Val Cys 35 AAC GTG TTT GAG TCA AGC CAG AAC AAC TGG CTA CGG ACC AAG TTT ATC 192 Asn Val Phe Glu Ser Ser Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Arg Thr Lys Phe Ile 55 CGG CGC CGT GGG GCC CAC CGC ATC CAC GTG GAG ATG AAG TTT TCG GTG 240 Arg Arg Arg Gly Ala His Arg Ile His Val Glu Met Lys Phe Ser Val 75 CGT GAC TGC AGC AGC ATC CCC AGC GTG CCT GGC TCC TGC AAG GAG ACC 288 Arg Asp Cys Ser Ser Ile Pro Ser Val Pro Gly Ser Cys Lys Glu Thr 85 90 TTC AAC CTC TAT TAC TAT GAG; GCT GAC TTT GAC TCG GCC ACC AAG ACC 336 Phe Asn Leu Tyr Tyr Glu Ala Asp Phe Asp Ser Ala Thr Lys Thr 100 105 TTC CCC AAC TGG ATG GAG AAT CCA TGG GTG AAG GTG GAT ACC ATT GCA 384 Phe Pro Asn Trp Met Glu Asn Pro Trp Val Lys Val Asp Thr Ile Ala 120 GCC GAC GAG AGC TTC TCC CAG GTG GAC CTG GGT GGC CGC GTC ATG AAA 432 Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Ser Gln Val Asp Leu Gly Gly Arg Val Met Lys 130 135 ATC AAC ACC GAG GTG CGG AGC TTC GGA CCT GTG TCC CGC AGC GGC TTC 480 Ile Asn Thr Glu Val Arg Ser Phe Gly Pro Val Ser Arg Ser Gly Phe 145 150 160 TAC CTG GCC TTC CAG GAC TAT GGC GGC TGC ATG TCC CTC ATC GCC GTG 528 Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp Tyr Gly Gly Cys Met Ser Leu Ile Ala Val 170 165 CGT GTC TTC TAC CGC AAG TGC CCC CGC ATC ATC CAG AAT GGC GCC ATC 576 Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Lys Cys Pro Arg Ile Ile Gln Asn Gly Ala Ile

TI Ph	C CA e Gl:	G GAZ n Gli 19!	ı Tnı	CTC Lev	TCG Ser	GGG Gly	GC7	GAC	G. G AGO	AC	A TC(Sei	G CTY Let 205	ı Val	GC'	r GCC a Ala		624
CG Ar	G GG(g Gl) 21(y Sei	TGC Cys	: ATC	GCC Ala	AAT Asn 215	Ala	GAA Glu	A GAG	GTC Val	GAT Asr 220	Val	CCC Pro	ATC	C AAG Lys		672
CT Let 22	ı Tyı	TGI Cys	AAC Asn	GGG Gly	GAC Asp 230	GGC Gly	GAG Glu	TGG	CTG Leu	Val 235	Pro	ATC Ile	GGG Gly	CGC	TGC Cys 240		720
AT(TGC Cys	Lys	GCA Ala	GGC Gly 245	TTC Phe	GAG Glu	GCC Ala	GTT Val	GAG Glu 250	AAT Asn	GGC Gly	ACC Thr	GTC Val	TGC Cys 255	CGA Arg	1	768-
GG1 G13	TGT Cys	CCA Pro	TCT Ser 260	GGG Gly	ACT Thr	TTC Phe	Lys	GCC Ala 265	AAC Asn	CAA Gln	GGG Gly	GAT Asp	GAG Glu 270	GCC Ala	TGT Cys	!	816
ACC Thr	CAC His	TGT Cys 275	CCC	ATC Ile	AAC Asn	AGC Ser	CGG Arg 280	ACC Thr	ACT Thr	TCT Ser	GAA Glu	GGG Gly 285	GCC Ala	ACC Thr	AAC Asn	;	864
TGT Cys	GTC Val 290	TGC Cys	CGC Arg	AAT Asn	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 295	TAC Tyr	AGA Arg	GCA Ala	GAC Asp	CTG Leu 300	GAC Asp	CCC Pro	CTG Leu	GAC Asp	!	912
ATG Met 305	CCC	TGC Cys	ACA Thr	ACC Thr	ATC Ile 310	CCC Pro	TCC Ser	GCG Ala	CCC Pro	CAG Gln 315	GCT Ala	GTG Val	ATT Ile	TCC Ser	AGT Ser 320	9	960
GTC Val	AAT Asn	GAG Glu	ACC Thr	TCC Ser 325	CTC Leu	ATG Met	CTG Leu	GAG Glu	TGG Trp 330	ACC Thr	CCT Pro	CCC Pro	CGC Arg	GAC Asp 335	TCC Ser	10	800
GGA Gly	GGC Gly	CGA Arg	GAG Glu 340	GAC Asp	CTC Leu	GTC Val	TAC Tyr	AAC Asn 345	ATC Ile	ATC Ile	TGC Cys	AAG Lys	AGC Ser 350	TGT Cys	GLY	10)56
TCG Ser	GGC Gly	CGG Arg 355	GGT Gly	GCC Ala	TGC Cys	Thr	CGC Arg 360	TGC Cys	GGG Gly	GAC Asp	AAT Asn	GTA Val 365	CAG Gln	TAC Tyr	GCA Ala	11	.04
CCA Pro	CGC Arg 370	CAG Gln	CTA Leu	GGC Gly	Leu	ACC Thr 375	GAG Glu	CCA Pro	CGC Arg	ATT Ile	TAC Tyr 380	ATC Ile	AGT Ser	GAC Asp	CTG Leu	11	.52
CTG Leu 385	GCC Ala	CAC His	ACC Thr	Gln	Tyr 390	Thr	Phe	G1u	Ile	Gln 395	Ala	GTG Val	AAC Asn	GGC Gly	GTT Val 400	12	00
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ACT Thr	GAC Asp	CAG Gln	AGC Ser	Pro 405	Phe	TCG Ser	CCI	CAC	TTC	GCC Ala	TCT Sei	r GT(G AA(l Asi	2 ATC 1 Ile 419	C ACC Thr		1248
ACC Thr	AAC Asn	CAG Gln	GCA Ala 420	Ala	CCA Pro	TCG Ser	GCA Ala	GTG Val 425	Ser	ATO	ATC	CAT His	CAC Glr 430	ı Val	AGC Ser	•	1296
CGC Arg	ACC Thr	GTG Val 435	, Asp	AGC Ser	AŢT Ile	ACC Thr	Leu	Ser	TGG	TCC	CAG Gln	Pro	Asp	CAG Gln	CCC Pro		1344
AAT GGC GTG ATC CTG GAC TAT GAG CTG CAG TAC TAT GAG AAG GAG CTC Asn Gly Val Ile Leu Asp Tyr Glu Leu Gln Tyr Tyr Glu Lys Glu Leu 450 AGT GAG TAC AAC GCC ACA GCC ATA AAA AGC CCC ACC AAC ACG GTC ACG															1392		
Ash Gly Val lie Leu Asp Tyr Glu Leu Gln Tyr Tyr Glu Lys Glu Leu 450 455 460															1440		
GGC (CTC Leu	AAA Lys	GCĊ Ala	GGC Gly 485	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	TAT Tyr	GTC Val	TTC Phe 490	CAG Gln	GTG Val	CGG Arg	GCA Ala	CGC Arg 495	ACT Thr		1488
GTG (GCA Ala	GGC Gly	TAC Tyr 500	GGG Gly	CGC Arg	TAÇ Tyr	AGC Ser	GGC Gly 505	AAG Lys	ATG Met	TAC Tyr	TTC Phe	CAG Gln 510	ACC Thr	ATG Met	1	1536
ACA (Glu	GCC Ala 515	GAG Glu	TAC Tyr	CAG Gln	ACA Thr	AGC Ser 520	ATC Ile	CAG Gln	GAG Glu	AAG Lys	TTG Leu 525	CCA Pro	CTC Leu	ATC Ile		1584
ATC (GGC Gly 530	TCC Ser	TCG Ser	GCC Ala	GCT Ala	GGC Gly 535	CTG Leu	GTC Val	TTC Phe	CTC Leu	ATT Ile 540	GCT Ala	GTG Val	GTT Val	GTC Val		1632
ATC O Ile A 545	GCC Ala	ATC Ile	GTG Val	Cys	AAC Asn 550	AGA Arg	CGG Arg	GGG Gly	Phe	GAG Glu 555	CGT Arg	GCT Ala	GAC Asp	TCG Ser	GAG Glu 560		1680
TAC A	ACG (GAC Asp	Lys :	CTG Leu 565	CAA Gln	CAC His	TAC Tyr	Thr	AGT Ser 570	GGC Gly	CAC His	ATÀ Ile	ACC Thr	CCA Pro 575	GGC Gly		1728
ATG A Met L	\AG .ys∷	Ile '	TAC Tyr 580	ATC (GAT Asp	CCT Pro	Phe	ACC Thr 585	TAC Tyr	GAG Glu	GAC Asp	CCC Pro	AAC Asn 590	GAG Glu	GCA Ala		1776
GTG C	Arg (GAG Glu 595	TTT (Phe	Ala :	Lys	Glu	Ile 600	Asp	Ile	Ser	Cys	GTC Val 605	AAA Lys	ATT Ile	GAG Glu		1824
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CAG Gln	GTG Val 610	Ile	GGA Gly	GCA Ala	GGG Gly	GAG Glu 615	TTT	GGC	GAG Glu	GTC	TGC Cys 620	AGT Ser	GGC	CAC	CTG Leu	1872
AAG Lys 625	CTG Leu	CCA Pro	GGC Gly	AAG Lys	AGA Arg 630	GAG Glu	ATC Ile	TTT	GTG 'Val	GCC Ala 635	ATC	AAG Lys	ACG Thr	CTC Leu	AAG Lys 640	1920
TCG Ser	GGC Gly	TAC	ACG Thr	GAG Glu 645	AAG Lys	CAG Gln	CGC	CGG Arg	GAC Asp 650	TTC Phe	CTG Leu	AGC Ser	GAA Glu	GCC Ala 655	TCC Ser	1968
ATC Ile	ATG Met	GGC Gly	CAG Gln 660	TTC Phe	GAC Asp	CAT His	CCC Pro	AAC Asn 665	GTC Val	ATC Ile	CAC His	CTG Leu	GAG Glu 670	Gly	GTC Val	2016
GTG Val	ACC Thr	AAG Lys 675	AGC Ser	ACA Thr	CCT Pro	Val	ATG Met 680	ATC Ile	ATC Ile	ACC Thr	GAG Glu	TTC Phe 685	ATG Met	GAG Glu	AAT Asn	2064
GGC Gly	TCC Ser 690	CTG Leu	GAC Asp	TCC Ser	TTT Phe	CTC Leu 695	CGG Arg	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	GAT Asp	GGG Gly 700	CAG Gln	TTC Phe	ACA Thr	GTC Val	2112
ATC Ile 705	CAG Gln	CTG Leu	GTG Val	GGC Gly	ATG Met 710	CTT Leu	CGG Arg	GGC Gly	ATC Ile	GCA Ala 715	GCT Ala	GGC Gly	ATG Met	AAG Ļys	TAC Tyr 720	2160
			ATG Met													2208
		Asn	AGC Ser 740	Asn	Leu	Val	Cys	Lys	Val	Ser	Asp	Phe				2256
			GAG Glu													2304
			TTC Phe													2352
			ACC Thr													2400
			ATG Met			Gly		Arg	Pro 810	Tyr	Trp	Asp				2448
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	AG GA ln As							GAG	CAG	GAC	TAT						2496
	NG GA et As	p															2544
	AG GA 7s As 85	p.															2592
	C AA p Ly																2640
	C TC r Se															TAC Tyr	2688
	C AG r Se		Phe														2736
	G TA	r 1															2784
	G TC' 1 Se: 93	r (2832
Al	T GG a Gl _j 5	y I	His	Gln	Lys	Lys	Ile	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ile	Gln	Val	Met	Arg	Ala	2880
	G ATO										TGAC	CTTA	CAC C	TGCC	TCGG	SC .	2930
тс	ACCT	CT'	rc c	TCCA	AGCC	C CG	CCCC	CTCT	GC								2962

FIG. 2A CCA GCG TCC CTG GCC GGC TGC TAC TCT GCA CCT CGA CGG GCT CCC CTC 48 Pro Ala Ser Leu Ala Gly Cys Tyr Ser Ala Pro Arg Arg Ala Pro Leu 10 TGG ACG TGC CTT CTC CTG TGC GCC GCA CTC CGG ACC CTC CTG GCC AGC 96 Trp Thr Cys Leu Leu Cys Ala Ala Leu Arg Thr Leu Leu Ala Ser 25 CCC AGC AAC GAA GTG AAT TTA TTG GAT TCA CGC ACT GTC ATG GGG GAC 144 Pro Ser Asn Glu Val Asn Leu Leu Asp Ser Arg Thr Val Met Gly Asp 35 40 CTG GGA TGG ATT GCT TTT CCA AAA AAT GGG TGG GAA GAG ATT GGT GAA 192 Leu Gly Trp Ile Ala Phe Pro Lys Asn Gly Trp Glu Glu Ile Gly Glu GTG GAT GAA AAT TAT GCC CCT ATC CAC ACA TAC CAA GTA TGC AAA GTG 240 Val Asp Glu Asn Tyr Ala Pro Ile His Thr Tyr Gln Val Cys Lys Val ATG GAA CAG AAT CAG AAT AAC TGG CTT TTG ACC AGT TGG ATC TCC AAT 288 Met Glu Gln Asn Gln Asn Asn Trp Leu Leu Thr Ser Trp Ile Ser Asn 85 GAA GGT GCT TCC AGA ATC TTC ATA GAA CTC AAA TTT ACC CTG CGG GAC 336 Glu Gly Ala Ser Arg Ile Phe Ile Glu Leu Lys Phe Thr Leu Arg Asp 100 105 TGC AAC AGC CTT CCT GGA GGA CTG GGG ACC TGT AAG GAA ACC TTT AAT 384 Cys Asn Ser Leu Pro Gly Gly Leu Gly Thr Cys Lys Glu Thr Phe Asn 115 ATG TAT TAC TTT GAG TCA GAT GAT CAG AAT GGG AGA AAC ATC AAG GAA 432 Met Tyr Tyr Phe Glu Ser Asp Asp Gln Asn Gly Arg Asn Ile Lys Glu 130 AAC CAA TAC ATC AAA ATT GAT ACC ATT GCT GCC GAT GAA AGC TTT ACA 480 Asn Gln Tyr Ile Lys Ile Asp Thr Ile Ala Ala Asp Glu Ser Phe Thr 145 150 160 GAA CTT GAT CTT GGT GAC CGT GTT ATG AAA CTG AAT ACA GAG GTC AGA 528 Glu Leu Asp Leu Gly Asp Arg Val Met Lys Leu Asn Thr Glu Val Arg 165 170 GAT GTA GGA CCT CTA AGC AAA AAG GGA TTT TAT CTT GCT TTT CAA GAT 576 Asp Val Gly Pro Leu Ser Lys Lys Gly Phe Tyr Leu Ala Phe Gln Asp 180 185 GTT GGT GCT TGC ATT GCT CTG GTT TCT GTG CGT GTA TAC TAT AAA AAA 624 Val Gly Ala Cys Ile Ala Leu Val Ser Val Arg Val Tyr Tyr Lys Lys 195 200 205

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FIG. 2B TGC CCT TCT GTG GTA CGA CAC TTG GCT GTC TTC CCT GAC ACC ATC ACT 672 Cys Pro Ser Val Val Arg His Leu Ala Val Phe Pro Asp Thr Ile Thr 210 215 . GGA GCT GAT TCT TCC CAA TTG CTC GAA GTG TCG GGC TCC TGT GTC AAC 720 Gly Ala Asp Ser Ser Gln Leu Leu Glu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Val Asn CAT TCT GTG ACC GAT GAA CCT CCC AAA ATG CAC TGC AGC GCC GAA GGG 768 His Ser Val Thr Asp Glu Pro Pro Lys Met His Cys Ser Ala Glu Gly 245 250 GAG TGG CTG GTG CCC ATC GGG AAA TGC ATG TGC AAG GCA GGA TAT GAA 816 Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Lys Cys Met Cys Lys Ala Gly Tyr Glu 260 GAG AAA AAT GGC ACC TGT CAA GTG TGC AGA CCT GGG TTC TTC AAA GCC 864 Glu Lys Asn Gly Thr Cys Gln Val Cys Arg Pro Gly Phe Phe Lys Ala 275 , 280 TCA CCT CAC ATC CAG AGC TGC GGC AAA TGT CCA CCT CAC AGT TAT ACC 912 Ser Pro His Ile Gln Ser Cys Gly Lys Cys Pro Pro His Ser Tyr Thr CAT GAG GAA GCT TCA ACC TCT TGT GTC TGT GAA AAG GAT TAT TTC AGG 960 His Glu Glu Ala Ser Thr Ser Cys Val Cys Glu Lys Asp Tyr Phe Arg 305 310 AGA GAG TCT GAT CCA CCC ACA ATG GCA TGC ACA AGA CCC CCC TCT GCT 1008 Arg Glu Ser Asp Pro Pro Thr Met Ala Cys Thr Arg Pro Pro Ser Ala 325 CCT CGG AAT GCC ATC TCA AAT GTT AAT GAA ACT AGT GTC TTT CTG GAA 1056 Pro Arg Asn Ala Ile Ser Asn Val Asn Glu Thr Ser Val Phe Leu Glu 340 345 350 TGG ATT CCG CCT GCT GAC ACT GGT GGA AGG AAA GAC GTG TCA TAT TAT 1104 Trp Ile Pro Pro Ala Asp Thr Gly Gly Arg Lys Asp Val Ser Tyr Tyr 360 ATT GCA TGC AAG AAG TGC AAC TCC CAT GCA GGT GTG TGT GAG GAG TGT 1152 Ile Ala Cys Lys Lys Cys Asn Ser His Ala Gly Val Cys Glu Glu Cys 370 375 GGC GGT CAT GTC AGG TAC CTT CCC CGG CAA AGC GGC CTG AAA AAC ACC 1200 Gly Gly His Val Arg Tyr Leu Pro Arg Gln Ser Gly Leu Lys Asn Thr 385 390 400 TCT GTC ATG ATG GTG GAT CTA CTC GCT CAC ACA AAC TAT ACC TTT GAG 1248 Ser Val Met Met Val Asp Leu Leu Ala His Thr Asn Tyr Thr Phe Glu 405

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8 / 3 3 FIG. 2C											•						
ATT	Γ GA(e Glu	G GCA	A GTO A Val 420	. Asr	r GGA Gly	GTG Val	TCC	GAC	TTO Let	AGC	CCZ	A GGA	A GC0 7 Ala 430	a Arg	G CAG g Gln	. 1	.296
ТАТ Туг	GTG Val	S TCT Ser 435	. var	AAT Asn	GTA Val	ACC Thr	ACA Thr 440	Asn	'CAA	GCA Ala	GCT Ala	CCA Pro	Ser	CCA Pro	GTÇ Val	. 1	344
ACC Thr	AAT Asn 450	. val	AAA Lys	AAA Lys	GGG Gly	AAA Lys 455	ATT	GCA Ala	AAA Lys	AAC Asn	AGC Ser 460	Ile	TCT Ser	TTG	TCT Ser	1:	392
TGG Trp 465	CAA Gln	GAA Glu	CCA Pro	'GAT Asp	CGT Arg 470	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	ATC Ile	ATC Ile 475	CTA Leu	GAG Glu	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu	ATC Ile 480	' 1 4	440
ьуs	HIS	Pne	GAA Glu	Lys 485	Asp	Gln	Glu	Thr	Ser 490	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Ile	Lys 495	Ser	: 14	188
AAA Lys	GAG Glu	ACA Thr	ACT Thr 500	ATT Ile	ACT Thr	GCA Ala	GAG Glu	GGC Gly 505	TTG Leu	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GCT Ala	TCA Ser 510	GTT Val	TAT Tyr	15	36
GTC Val	TTC Phe	CAA Gln 515	ATT Ile	CGA Arg	GCA Ala	CGT Arġ	ACA Thr 520	GCA Ala	GCA Ala	GGC Gly	TAT Tyr	GGT Gly 525	GTC Val	TTC Phe	AGT Ser	15	84
CGA Arg	AGA Arg 530	TTT Phe	GAG Glu	TTT Phe	GAA Glu	ACC Thr 535	ACC Thr	CCA Pro	GTG Val	TTT Phe	GCA Ala 540	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	AGC Ser	GAT Asp	16	32
CAA Gln 545	AGC Ser	CAG Gln	ATT Ile	CCT Pro	GTA Val 550	ATT Ile	GCT Ala	GTG Val	Ser	GTG Val 555	Thr	GTA Val	GGA Gly	GTC Val	ATT Ile 560	16	80
TTG Leu	TTG Leu	GCA Ala	GTG Val	GTT Val 565	ATC Ile	GGC Gly	GTC Val	CTC Leu	CTC Leu 570	AGT Ser	GGA Gly	AGG Arg	CGG Arg	TGT Cys 575	GGC Gly	172	28
TAC Tyr	AGC Ser	AAA Lys	GCA Ala 580	AAA Lys	CAA Gln	GAT Asp	Pro	GAA Glu 585	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	AAG Lys	Met	CAT His 590	TTT Phe	CAT His	177	76
AAT Asn	Gly	CAC His 595	ATT Ile	AAA Lys	CTG Leu	Pro	GGA Gly 600	GTA Val	AGA Arg	ACT Thr	Tyr	ATT Ile 605	GAT Asp	CCA Pro	CAT His	182	24
Thr	TAT Tyr 610	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	Pro	Asn	CAA Gln 615 UTE S	Ala	Val	His	Glu	TTT Phe 620	GCC Ala	AAG Lys	GAG Glu	ATA Ile	187	12

2496

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9/33 FIG. 2D GAA GCA TCA TGT ATC ACC ATT GAG AGA GTT ATT GGA GCA GGT GAA TTT 1920 Glu Ala Ser Cys Ile Thr Ile Glu Arg Val Ile Gly Ala Gly Glu Phe 630 GGT GAA GTT TGT AGT GGA CGT TTG AAA CTA CCA GGA AAA AGA GAA TTA 1968 Gly Glu Val Cys Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Leu Pro Gly Lys Arg Glu Leu 645 · 650 CCT GTG GCT ATC AAA ACC CTT AAA GTA GGC TAT ACT GAA AAG CAA CGC 2016 Pro Val Ala Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys Val Gly Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gln Arg 660 665 AGA GAT TTC CTA GGT GAA GCA AGT ATC ATG GGA CAG TTT GAT CAT CCT 2064 Arg Asp Phe Leu Gly Glu Ala Ser Ile Met Gly Gln Phe Asp His Pro 675 680 AAC ATC ATC CAT TTA GAA GGT GTG GTG ACC AAA AGT AAA CCA GTG ATG , 2112 Asn Ile Ile His Leu Glu Gly Val Val Thr Lys Ser Lys Pro Val Met 695 690 ATC GTG ACA GAG TAT ATG GAG AAT GGC TCT TTA GAT ACA TTT TTG AAG 2160 Ile Val Thr Glu Tyr Met Glu Asn Gly Ser Leu Asp Thr Phe Leu Lys 710 715 AAA AAC GAT GGG CAG TTC ACT GTG ATT CAG CTT GTT GGC ATG CTG AGA 2208 Lys Asn Asp Gly Gln Phe Thr Val Ile Gln Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg 725 730 2256 GGT ATC TCT GCA GGA ATG AAG TAC CTT TCT GAC ATG GGC TAT GTG CAT Gly Ile Ser Ala Gly Met Lys Tyr Leu Ser Asp Met Gly Tyr Val His 740 AGA GAT CTT GCT GCC AGA AAC ATC TTA ATC AAC AGT AAC CTT GTG TGC 2304 Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Ile Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys 755 760 AAA GTG TCT GAC TTT GGA CTT TCC CGG GTA CTG GAA GAT GAT CCC GAG 2352 Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Val Leu Glu Asp Asp Pro Glu 775 770 GCA GCC TAC ACC ACA AGG GGA GGA AAA ATT CCA ATC AGA TGG ACT GCC 2400 Ala Ala Tyr Thr Thr Arg Gly Gly Lys Ile Pro Ile Arg Trp Thr Ala

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CCA GAA GCA ATA GCT TTC CGA AAG TTT ACT TCT GCC AGT GAT GTC TGG

Pro Glu Ala Ile Ala Phe Arg Lys Phe Thr Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp

AGT TAT GGA ATA GTA ATG TGG GAA GTT GTG TCT TAT GGA GAG AGA CCC

Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Val Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro 825

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TAC Tyr	TGG	GAG Glu 835	Met	ACC Thr	AAT Asn	CAA Gln	GAT	GTG Val	ATT	' AAA	GCG	GTA Val 845	Glu	GAA Glu	GGC Gly	2544
TAT Tyr	CGT Arg 850	Leu	CCA Pro	AGC Ser	CCC Pro	ATG Met 855	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	CCT Pro	GCT Ala	GCT Ala 860	Leu	TAT Tyr	CAG Gln	TTA Leu	2592
ATG Met 865	Leu	GAT Asp	TGC Cys	TGG	CAG Gln 870	AAA Lys	GAG Glu	CGA Arg	AAT Asn	AGC Ser 875	Arg	CCC Pro	AAG Lys	TTT Phe	GAT Asp 880	2640
GAA Glu	ATA Ile	GTC Val	AAC Asn	ATG Met 885	TTG Leu	GAC Asp	AAG Lys	CTG Leu	ATA Ile 890	CGT Arg	AAC Asn	CCA Pro	AGT Ser	AGT Ser 895	CTG Leu	2688
AAG Lys	ACG Thr	CTG Leu	GTT Val 900	AAT Asn	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	TGC Cys	AGA Arg 905	GTA Val	TCT Ser	AAT Asn	TTA Leu	TTG Leu 910	GCA Ala	GAA Glu	2736
CAT His	AGC Ser	CCA Pro 915	CTA Leu	GGA Gly	TCT Ser	GGG Gly	GCC Ala 920	TAC Tyr	AGA Arg	TCA Ser	GTA Val	GGT Gly 925	GAA Glu	TGG Trp	CTA Leu	2784
GAG Glu	GCA Ala 930	ATC Ile	AAG Lys	ATG Met	GGC Gly	CGG Arg 935	TAT Tyr	ACA Thr	GAG Glu	ATT Ile	TTC Phe 940	ATG Met	GAA Glu	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	2832
TAC Tyr 945	AGT Ser	TCA Ser	ATG Met	GAC Asp	GCT Ala 950	GTG Val	GCT Ala	CAG Gln	GTG Val	ACC Thr 955	TTG Leu	GAG Glu	GAT Asp	TTG Leu	AGA Arg 960	2880
CGG Arg	CTT Leu	GGA Gly	GTG Val	ACT Thr 965	CTT Leu	GTC Val	GGT Gly	His	CAG Gln 970	AAG Lys	AAG Lys	ATC Ile	ATG Met	AAC Asn 975	AGC Ser	2928
CTT 2983	CAA	GAA	ATG	AAG	GTG	CAG	CTG	GTA	AAC	GGA	ATG	GTG	CCA	TTG	TAACTT	CATG
Leu	Gln		Met 980	Lys	Val	Gln		Val 985	Asn	Gly	Met		Pro 990	Leu		
TAAATGTCGC TTCTTCAAGT GAATGATTCT GCACTTTGTA AACAGCACTG AGATTTATTT 3											3043					
TAACAAAAA AGGGGGAAAA GGGAAAACAG TGATTTCTAA ACCTTAGAAA ACATTTGCCT 3											3103					
CAGCCACAGA ATTTGTAATC ATGGTTTTAC TGAAGTATCC AGTTCTTAGT CCTTAGTCT											3162					

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AAG	CGGC.	AGG 2	AGCA	GCGT	rg g	CACC	GGCG	A AÇ	Me			e Ph		T TTC r Phe		54
-													GGT Gly		1	102
													TCT Ser		1	150
Gln		Glu				Ile	Ala	Ser	Pro		Glu		TGG Trp		1	L98
													TAC Tyr 70		2	46
													ACT Thr		2	94
													AAA Lys		3	42
													TGC Cys		3	90
													GAG Glu		4	38
													GCT Ala 150		4	86
													CTG Leu		5	34
													TAC Tyr		5	82

FIG. 3B GCT TTT CAG GAT GTG GGG GCC TGC ATC GCC CTG GTA TCA GTC CGT GTG 630 Ala Phe Gln Asp Val Gly Ala Cys Ile Ala Leu Val Ser Val Arg Val 185 TTC TAT AAA AAG TGT CCA CTC ACA GTC CGC AAT CTG GCC CAG TTT CCT 678 Phe Tyr Lys Lys Cys Pro Leu Thr Val Arg Asn Leu Ala Gln Phe Pro 205 GAC ACC ATC ACA GGG GCT GAT ACG TCT TCC CTG GTG GAA GTT CGA GGC Asp Thr Ile Thr Gly Ala Asp Thr Ser Ser Leu Val Glu Val Arg Gly 726 220 225 TCC TGT GTC AAC AAC TCA GAA GAG AAA GAT GTG CCA AAA ATG TAC TGT 774 Ser Cys Val Asn'Asn Ser Glu Glu Lys Asp Val Pro Lys Met Tyr Cys 235 240 GGG GCA GAT GGT GAA TGG CTG GTA CCC ATT GGC AAC TGC CTA TGC AAC 822 Gly Ala Asp Gly Glu Trp Leu Val Pro Ile Gly Asn Cys Leu Cys Asn 250 255 GCT GGG CAT GAG GAG CGG AGC GGA GAA TGC CAA GCT TGC AAA ATT GGA 870 Ala Gly His Glu Glu Arg Ser Gly Glu Cys Gln Ala Cys Lys Ile Gly 270 TAT TAC AAG GCT CTC TCC ACG GAT GCC ACC TGT GCC AAG TGC CCA CCC 918 Tyr Tyr Lys Ala Leu Ser Thr Asp Ala Thr Cys Ala Lys Cys Pro Pro 280 285 295 CAC AGC TAC TCT GTC TGG GAA GGA GCC ACC TCG TGC ACC TGT GAC CGA 966 His Ser Tyr Ser Val Trp Glu Gly Ala Thr Ser Cys Thr Cys Asp Arg 300 310 GGC TTT TTC AGA GCT GAC AAC GAT GCT GCC TCT ATG CCC TGC ACC CGT 1014 Gly Phe Phe Arg Ala Asp Asn Asp Ala Ala Ser Met Pro Cys Thr Arg 315 320 CCA CCA TCT GCT CCC CTG AAC TTG ATT TCA AAT GTC AAC GAG ACA TCT 1062 Pro Pro Ser Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Ile Ser Asn Val Asn Glu Thr Ser 330 GTG AAC TTG GAA TGG AGT AGC CCT CAG AAT ACA GGT GGC CGC CAG GAC 1110 Val Asn Leu Glu Trp Ser Ser Pro Gln Asn Thr Gly Gly Arg Gln Asp 345 350 ATT TCC TAT AAT GTG GTA TGC AAG AAA TGT GGA GCT GGT GAC CCC AGC 1158 Ile Ser Tyr Asn Val Val Cys Lys Lys Cys Gly Ala Gly Asp Pro Ser 360 365 370 375 AAG TGC CGA CCC TGT GGA AGT GGG GTC CAC TAC ACC CCA CAG CAG AAT 1206 Lys Cys Arg Pro Cys Gly Ser Gly Val His Tyr Thr Pro Gln Gln Asn 380 385

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GGC Gly	TTG Leu	AAG Lys	ACC Thr 395	Thr	AAA Lys	GTC Val	TCC	ATC	ACT	GAC	CTC Leu	CTA Leu	GCT Ala 405	CAT His	ACC Thr		1254
AAT Asn	TAC Tyr	ACC Thr 410	TTT Phe	GAA Gļu	ATC Ile	TGG Trp	GCT Ala 415	GTG Val	AAT Asn	GGA Gly	GTG Val	TCC Ser 420	AAA Lys	TAT Tyr	AAC Asn	•	1302
CCT Pro	AAC Asn 425	CCA Pro	GAC Asp	CAA Gln	Ser	GTT Val 430	TCT Ser	GTC Val	ACT Thr	GTG Val	ACC Thr 435	ACC Thr	AAC Asn	CAA Gln	GCA Ala		1350
GCA Ala 440	CCA Pro	TCA Ser	TCC Ser	ATT	GCT Ala 445	TTG Leu	GTC Val	CAG Gln	GCT Ala	AAA Lys 450	GAA Glu	GTC Val	ACA Thr	AGA Arg	TAC Tyr 455	,	1398
AGT Ser	GTG Val	GCA Ala	CTG Leu	GCT Ala 460	TGG Trp	CTG Leu	GAA Glu	CCA Pro	GAT Asp 465	CGG Arg	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	GTA Val 470	ATC Ile	ı	1446
						TAT Tyr											1494
TAT Tyr	CGT Arg	ATA Ile 490	GTT Val	CGG Arg	ACA Thr	GCT Ala	GCC Ala 495	AGG Arg	AAC Asn	ACA Thr	GAT Asp	ATC Ile 500	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	CTG Leu	į	1542
AAC Asn	CCT Pro 505	CTC Leu	ACT Thr	TCC Ser	TAT Tyr	GTT Val 510	TTC Phe	CAC His	GTG Val	CGA Arg	GCC Ala 515	AGG Arg	ACA Thr	GCA Ala	GCT Ala		1590
						GAG Glu											1638
						GAT Asp											1686
						GTG Val											1734
						AGT Ser											1782
				His	Leu	AAT Asn 590	Gln	Gly	Val	Arg							1830
				SU	BSTI	UTE S	SHFFT	[/R[]	F 261	1							

				•	14	/ 9	3 F	-10	3. 3	3D						
TTT Phe 600	ACG Thr	TAC Tyr	GAA Glu	GAT Asp	CCC	AAC	CAA	GCA	GTG	CGA	GAG	TTT Phe	GCC Ala	AAA Lys	GAA Glu 615	1878
ATT Ile	GAC Asp	GCA Ala	TCC Ser	TGC Cys 620	Ile	AAG Lys	ATT Ile	GAA Glu	AAA Lys 625	GTT Val	ATA Ile	GGA Gly	GTT Val	GGT Gly 630	GAA Glu	1926
TTT Phe	GGT Gly	GAG Glu	GTA Val 635	TGC Cys	AGT Ser	GGG Gly	CGT Arg	CTC Leu 640	AAA Lys	GTG Val	CCT Pro	GGC Gly	AAG Lys 645	AGA Arg	GAG Glu	1974
ATC	TGT Cys	GTG Val 650	GCT Ala	ATC Ile	AAG Lys	ACT Thr	CTG Leu 655	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	ACA Thr 660	GAC Asp	AAA Lys	CAG Gln	2022
AGG -Arg-	AGA Arg 665	GAC Asp	TTC Phe	CTG Leu	AGT	GAG Glu 670	GCC Ala	AGC Ser	ATC Ile	ATG Met	GGA Gly 675	CAG Gln	TTT Phe	GAC Asp	CAT His	2070
CCG Pro 680	AAC Asn	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	CAC His	TTG Leu 685	GAA Glu	GGC Gly	GTG Val	GTC Val	ACT Thr 690	AAA Lys	TGT Cys	AAA Lys	CCA Pro	GTA Val 695	2118
ATG Met	ATC Ile	ATA Ile	ACA Thr	GAG Glu 700	TAC Tyr	ATG Met	GAG Glu	AAT Asn	GGC Gly 705	TCC Ser	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	GCA Ala	TTC Phe 710	CTC Leu	2166
	AAA Lys															2214
CGT Arg		Ile		Ser	Gly	Met	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Asp					2262
CAT His																2310
TGC Cys 760																2358
GAA Glu																2406
GCG Ala	CCA Pro															2454

					1 5	5 /		-10	2 -	スピ						·
							TGG	GAA	GTG	ATG	TCG				AGG Arg	2502
Pro										Ile	AAA Lys 835				GAA Glu	2550
											ATT Ile					2598
											GAC Asp					2646
											CGC Arg					2694
											AAC Asn				TTG Leu	2742
Asp											TCA Ser 915					2790
											AAC Asn					2838
											AAC Asn					2886
		Ile					Ile				AAT Asn					2934
											ATG Met					2982
/al	CCC Pro 985		TGAG	CCAG	TA C	TGAA	TAAA	C TC	CAAAA	CTCI	TGA	LTAA.	'AGT			3031
TAC	CTCA	TC C	ATGC	'ACTI	T AA	TTGA	AGAA	CTG	CACT	TrTrT	TTTA	CTTC	GT C	TTCG	CCCTC	3091
rgaa.	ATTA	AA G	TAAA	'GAAA	A AA		SUBS	TITUT	E SHI	EET (F	RULE	26)				3116

								FI	G.	44	1					
CGG	TGCC	BAGC	GAAC	AGGA	GT G	GGGG	GGAA	LT A	AAAA	AAAG	CT	AAAC(STGG	AGC	AGCCGAT	60
CGG	GGAC	CGA	GAAG	GGGA	AT C	GATG	CAAG	G ĄG	CACA	CTAA	AAC	CAAA	AGCT	ACT	CGGAAC	120
AAA	CAGC	ATT	TAAA	AATC	CA C	GACT	CAAG	А ТА	ACTG	AAAC	CTA	LAAA	'AAA'	ACCI	GCTCAT	180
GCA	CC A	TG G et V 1	TT Tal P	TT C	AA A ln T	CT C hr A 5	GG T	AC C	CT T	er T	GG A rp I 10	TT A	TT I	TA 1 eu C	Ae GC	227
TAC Tyr 15	Ile	TGG Trp	CTG Leu	CTC Leu	CGC Arg 20	Phe	GCA Ala	CAC His	ACA Thr	GGG Gly 25	GAG Glu	GCG Ala	CAG Gln	GCT Ala	GCG Ala 30	275
AAG Lys	GAA Glu	GTA Val	CTA Leu	CTG Leu 35	CTG Leu	GAT Asp	TCT Ser	AAA Lys	GCA Ala 40	CAA Gln	CAA Gln	ACA Thr	GAG Glu	TTG Leu 45	GAG Glu	323
TGG Trp	ATT Ile	TCC Ser	TCT Ser 50	CCA Pro	CCC Pro	AAT Asn	GGG Gly	TGG Trp 55	GAA Glu	GAA Glu	ATT Ile	AGT Ser	GGT Gly 60	TTG Leu	GAT Asp	371
GAG Glu	AAC Asn	TAT Tyr 65	ACC Thr	CCG Pro	ATA Ile	CGA Arg	ACA Thr 70	TAC Tyr	CAG Gln	GTG Val	TGC Cys	CAA Gln 75	GTC Val	ATG Met	GAG Glu	419
CCC Pro	AAC Asn 80	CAA Gln	AAC Asn	AAC Asn	TGG Trp	CTG Leu 85	CGG Arg	ACT Thr	AAC Asn	TGG Trp	ATT Ile 90	TCC	AAA Lys	GGC Gly	AAT Asn	467
GCA Ala 95	CAA Gln	AGG Arg	ATT Ile	TTT Phe	GTA Val 100	GAA Glu	TTG Leu	AAA Lys	TTC Phe	ACC Thr 105	CTG Leu	AGG Arg	GAT Asp	TGT Cys	AAC Asn 110	515
AGT Ser	CTT Leu	CCT Pro	GGA Gly	GTA Val 115	CTG Leu	GGA Gly	ACT Thr	TGC Cys	AAG Lys 120	GAA Glu	ACA Thr	TTT Phe	AAT Asn	TTG Leu 125	TAC Tyr	563
TAT Tyr	TAT Tyr	GAA Glu	ACA Thr 130	GAC Asp	TAT Tyr	GAC Asp	ACT Thr	GGC Gly 135	AGG Arg	AAT Asn	ATA Ile	AGA Arg	GAA Glu 140	AAC Asn	CTC Leu	611
TAT Tyr	GTA Val	AAA Lys 145	ATA Ile	GAC Asp	ACC Thr	ATT Ile	GCT Ala 150	GCA Ala	GAT Asp	GAA Glu	AGT Ser	TTT Phe 155	ACC Thr	CAA Gln	GGT Gly	659
GAC Asp	CTT Leu 160	GGT Gly	GAA Glu	AGA Arg	AAG. Lys	ATG Met 165	AAG Lys	CTT Leu	AAC Asn	ACT Thr	GAG Glu 170	GTG Val	AGA Arg	GAG Glu	ATT Ile	707

17/33 FIG. 4B

											GGG Gly 190	7	755
									AAG Lys		. –		803
									GTG Val		TCA Ser	8	51
									GTC Val 235			8	99
				Pro					AGT Ser			9	47
									GCA Ala			. 9	95
									TTC Phe			10	43
									CAC His			10	91
									GGG Gly 315			11	39
									CCT Pro		GCA Ala	118	87
									GTA Val			12:	35
									GTG Val			12	83
			Ser	Trp	G1u 375	Gln	Gly	Glu	TGT Cys			133	31
			SUB	STITU	15 21	ובבו (HULL	(20)					

18/33 FIG 4C

	~~			_ :						FI	G.	40							
	G1	G A		AC A sn] 85	ATT	GGA Gly	TAC	C AT	G CC t Pr 39	o GT	G CA n Gl	G AC n Th	T GG r Gl	A TI Y Le 39	u Gl	iG GA	AT A	AAC Asn	1379
	ТА		C A	CT G nr V	TC 1	ATG Met	GAC Asp	CTO Let	r rei	A GC	C CAG	C GC'	r AA' a Ası 410	n Ty	T AC r Th	T TI r Ph	T G	AA' lu	1427
	41!	5	u 13.	ia y	ar A	7211	420	ĮV a 1	. Sei	ASI) Let	A AGO Ser 425	Arg	y Se:	r Gl	n Ar	g L 4	eu 30	1475
		- A1	α AI	a v	4	35	me	, THE	Thr	, GTA	440		Ala	Pro	Se ₁	Gl: 44!	n Va 5	al	1523
		GI	y va	45	90 10	ys (31 U	Arg	vaı	Leu 455	Gln	CGG Arg	Ser	Val	Glu 460	Lei	ı Se	er	1571
		O11	46:	5	U G.	ru r	113	Pro	470	GIY	Val	ATC Ile	Thr	Glu 475	Tyr	Glu	Il	.e	1619
	AAG Lys	TAT Tyr 480	TA	C GA	G A/ u Ly	AA G /s A	sp	CAA Gln 485	AGG Arg	GAA Glu	CGG Arg	ACC	TAC Tyr 490	TCA Ser	ACA Thr	GTA Val	AA Ly	A s	1667
	495	БÃЗ	261	. 111	ı se	5 A	00	ser	116	Asn	Asn	CTG Leu 505	Lys	Pro	Gly	Thr	Va. 51	1 0	1715
1	TAT Tyr	GTT Val	TTC	CA Gl	G A1 n I1 51	e A	GG (GCT Ala	TTT Phe	ACT Thr	GCT Ala 520	GCT Ala	GGT Gly	TAT Tyr	GGA Gly	AAT Asn 525	TA(C r	1763
:	AGT Ser	CCC Pro	AGA Arg	Let 530	1 AS	T G' p Va	TT (GCT Ala	ACA Thr	CTA Leu 535	GAG Glu	GAA Glu	GCT Ala	ACA Thr	GGT Gly 540	AAA Lys	AT(3	1811
1	rrr Phe	GAA Glu	GCT Ala 545	TUI	A GC Al	T G	rc T	er	AGT Ser 550	GAA Glu	CAG Gln	AAT Asn	Pro	GTT Val 555	ATT Ile	ATC Ile	ATT	r 2	1859
1	71 a	GTG Val 560	GTT Val	GCT Ala	GT.	A G(1 A)	la G	GG Sly 665	ACC Thr	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	TTG Leu	GTG Val 570	TTC Phe	ATG Met	GTC Val	TTT Phe		1907.
	GC Gly 575	TTC Phe	ATC Ile	ATT Ile	GG(G AC y Ar 58	:g A }0	rg !	His	Cys	Gly	TAT 7 Tyr 5 585 ILE 26	Ser :	AAA Lys	GCT Ala	GAC Asp	CAA Gln 590	1	1955

^{19/33} FIG. 4D GAA GGC GAT GAA GAG CTT TAC TTT CAT TTT AAA TTT CCA GGC ACC AAA 2003 Glu Gly Asp Glu Glu Leu Tyr Phe His Phe Lys Phe Pro Gly Thr Lys 595 600 ACC TAC ATT GAC CCT GAA ACC TAT GAG GAC CCA AAT AGA GCT GTC CAT 2051 Thr Tyr Ile Asp Pro Glu Thr Tyr Glu Asp Pro Asn Arg Ala Val His 610 615 CAA TTC GCC AAG GAG CTA GAT GCC TCC TGT ATT AAA ATT GAG CGT GTG 2099 Gln Phe Ala Lys Glu Leu Asp Ala Ser Cys Ile Lys Ile Glu Arg Val 625 630 ATT GGT GCA GGA GAA TTC GGT GAA GTC TGC AGT GGC CGT TTG AAA CTT 2147__ Ile Gly Ala Gly Glu Phe Gly Glu Val Cys Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Leu 640 645 CCA GGG AAA AGA GAT GTT GCA GTA GCC ATA AAA ACC CTG AAA GTT GGT 2195 Pro Gly Lys Arg Asp Val Ala Val Ala Ile Lys Thr Leu Lys Val Gly 660 665 TAC ACA GAA AAA CAA AGG AGA GAC TTT TTG TGT GAA GCA AGC ATC ATG 2243 Tyr Thr Glu Lys Gln Arg Arg Asp Phe Leu Cys Glu Ala Ser Ile Met 675 680 GGG CAG TTT GAC CAC CCA AAT GTT GTC CAT TTG GAA GGG GTT GTT ACA 2291 Gly Gln Phe Asp His Pro Asn Val Val His Leu Glu Gly Val Val Thr 690 AGA GGG AAA CCA GTC ATG ATA GTA ATA GAG TTC ATG GAA AAT GGA GCC 2339 Arg Gly Lys Pro Val Met Ile Val Ile Glu Phe Met Glu Asn Gly Ala 705 710 CTA GAT GCA TTT CTC AGG AAA CAT GAT GGG CAA TTT ACA GTC ATT CAG 2387 Leu Asp Ala Phe Leu Arg Lys His Asp Gly Gln Phe Thr Val Ile Gln TTA GTA GGA ATG CTG AGA GGA ATT GCT GCT GGA ATG AGA TAT TTG GCT 2435 Leu Val Gly Met Leu Arg Gly Ile Ala Ala Gly Met Arg Tyr Leu Ala 735 GAT ATG GGA TAT GTT CAC AGG GAC CTT GCA GCT CGC AAT ATT CTT GTC 2483 Asp Met Gly Tyr Val His Arg Asp Leu Ala Ala Arg Asn Ile Leu Val 755 AAC AGC AAT CTC GTT TGT AAA GTG TCA GAT TTT GGC CTG TCC CGA GTT 2531 Asn Ser Asn Leu Val Cys Lys Val Ser Asp Phe Gly Leu Ser Arg Val 770 ATA GAG GAT GAT CCA GAA GCT GTC TAT ACA ACT ACT GGT GGA AAA ATT 2579 Ile Glu Asp Asp Pro Glu Ala Val Tyr Thr Thr Thr Gly Gly Lys Ile 785 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

^{20/33} FIG. 4E CCA GTA AGG TGG ACA GCA CCC GAA GCC ATC CAG TAC CGG AAA TTC ACA 2627 Pro Val Arg Trp Thr Ala Pro Glu Ala Ile Gln Tyr Arg Lys Phe Thr 800 805 TCA GCC AGT GAT GTA TGG AGC TAT GGA ATA GTC ATG TGG GAA GTT ATG 2675 Ser Ala Ser Asp Val Trp Ser Tyr Gly Ile Val Met Trp Glu Val Met 815 820 825 TCT TAT GGA GAA AGA CCT TAT TGG GAC ATG TCA AAT CAA GAT GTT ATA 2723 Ser Tyr Gly Glu Arg Pro Tyr Trp Asp Met Ser Asn Gln Asp Val Ile 835 840 AAA GCA ATA GAA GAA GGT TAT CGT TTA CCA GCA CCC ATG GAC TGC CCA 2771 Lys Ala Ile Glu Glu Gly Tyr Arg Leu Pro Ala Pro Met Asp Cys Pro GCT GGC CTT CAC CAG CTA ATG TTG GAT TGT TGG CAA AAG GAG CGT GCT 2819 Ala Gly Leu His Gln Leu Met Leu Asp Cys Trp Gln Lys Glu Arg Ala , 870 865 GAA AGG CCA AAA TTT GAA CAG ATA GTT GGA ATT CTA GAC AAA ATG ATT 2867 Glu Arg Pro Lys Phe Glu Gln Ile Val Gly Ile Leu Asp Lys Met Ile 880 885 CGA AAC CCA AAT AGT CTG AAA ACT CCC CTG GGA ACT TGT AGT AGG CCA 2915 Arg Asn Pro Asn Ser Leu Lys Thr Pro Leu Gly Thr Cys Ser Arg Pro 895 900 . 905 910 ATA AGC CCT CTT CTG GAT CAA AAC ACT CCT GAT TTC ACT ACC TTT TGT 2963 Ile Ser Pro Leu Leu Asp Gln Asn Thr Pro Asp Phe Thr Thr Phe Cys 915 920 TCA GTT GGA GAA TGG CTA CAA GCT ATT AAG ATG GAA AGA TAT AAA GAT 3011 Ser Val Gly Glu Trp Leu Gln Ala Ile Lys Met Glu Arg Tyr Lys Asp 930 935 AAT TTC ACG GCA GCT GGC TAC AAT TCC CTT GAA TCA GTA GCC AGG ATG 3059 Asn Phe Thr Ala Ala Gly Tyr Asn Ser Leu Glu Ser Val Ala Arg Met 945 950 ACT ATT GAG GAT GTG ATG AGT TTA GGG ATC ACA CTG GTT GGT CAT CAA 3107 Thr Ile Glu Asp Val Met Ser Leu Gly Ile Thr Leu Val Gly His Gln 960 965 970 AAG AAA ATC ATG AGC AGC ATT CAG ACT ATG AGA GCA CAA ATG CTA CAT 3155 Lys Lys Ile Met Ser Ser Ile Gln Thr Met Arg Ala Gln Met Leu His 975 980 985 3209 TTA CAT GGA ACT GGC ATT CAA GTG TGATATGCAT TTCTCCCTTT TAAGGGAAGAT Leu His Gly Thr Gly Ile Gln Val 995

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FIG. 4F

TACAGACTGC	AAGAGAACAG	TACTGGCCTT	CAGTATATGC	ATAGAATGCT	GCTAGAAGAC	3269
AAGTGATGTC	CTGGGTCCTT	CCAACAGTGA	AGAGAAGATT	TAAGAAGCAC	CTATAGACTT	3329
GAACTCCTAA	GTGCCACCAG	AATATATAA	AAGGGAATTT	AGGATCCACC	ATCGGTGGCC	3389
AGGAAAATAG	CAGTGACAAT	AAACAAAGTA	CTACCTGAAA	AACATCCAAA	CACCTTGAGC	3449
TCTCTAACCT	CCTTTTTGTC	TTATAGACTT	TTTAAAATGT	ACATAAAGAA	TTTAAGAAAG	3509
AATATATTTG	TCAAATAAAA	TCATGATCTT	ATTGTTAAAA	TTAATGAAAT	ATTTTCCTTA	3569
AATATGTGAT	TTCAGACTAT	TCCTTTTTAA	AATCATTTGT	GTTTATTCTT	CATAAGGACT	3629
TTGTTTTAGA	AAGCTGTTTA	TAGCTTTGGA	CCTTTTTAGT	GTTAAATCTG	'ТААСАТТАСТ	3689
ACACTGGGTA	CCTTTGAAAG	AATCTCAAAT	TTCAAAAGAA	ATAGCATGAT	TGAAGATACA	3749
TCTCTGTTAG	AACATTGGTA	TCCTTTTTGT	GCCATTTTAT	TCTGTTTAAT	CAGTGCTGTT	3809
TTGATATTGT	TTGCTAATTG	GCAGGTAGTC	AAGAAAATGC	AAGTTGCCAA	GAGCTCTGAT	3869
ATTTTTAAA	AAGAATTTTT	TTGTAAAGAT	CAGACAACAC	ACTATCTTTT	CAATGAAAAA	3929
AGCAATAATG	ATCCATACAT	ACTATAAGGC	ACTTTTAACA	GATTGTTTAT	AGAGTGATTT	3989
TACTAGAAAG	AATTTAATAA	ACTCGAAGTT	TAGGTTTATG	AGTATATAAA	CAAATGAGGC	4049
ACTTCATCTG	AAGAATGTTG	GTGAAGGCAA	GTCTCTGAAA	GCAGAACTAT	CCAGTGTTAT	4109
СТАААААТТА	ATCTGAGCAC	ATCAAGATTT	TTTCATTCTC	GTGACATTAG	GAAATTTAGG	4169
ATAAATAGTT	GACATATATT	TTATATCCTC	TTCTGTTGAA	TGCAGTCCAA	ACATGAAAGG	4229
AAATAATTGT	TTTATATTAT	AACTCTGAAG	CATGATAAAG	GGGCAGTTCA	CAATITTCAC	4289
CATTTAAACA	CAAATTTGCT	GCACAGAATA	TCACCATTGC	AGTTCAAAAC	AAAACAAAAC	4349
AAAAAGTCTT	TTGTTTGTGA	ACACTGATGC	AAGAAACTTG	TTAAATGAAA	GGACTCTTTA	4409
CCCTAGAAGG	AAGAGGTGAA	GGATCTGGCT	TGTTTTTAAA	GCTTTATTTA	TTAAACCATA	4469
	· amamamm · a	3.3.00000003.003.3	CCAAMAAMMA	እ አጥርጥር ጥርጥጥ	ጥልጥርርል ልጥጥር	1520

F1G. 5A

FIG 5B

PGFFKFEASESPCLECPEHTLPSPEGATSCECEEGFFRAPQDPASMPCTRPPSAPHYLTAVGMGAKVELRWTPPQDSGGREDIVYSVTCEQCWPES...G PGFFKASPHIQSCGKCPPHSYTHEEASTSCVCEKDYFRRESDPPTMACTRPPSAPRNAISNVNETSVFLEWIPPADTGGRKDVSYYIACKKCNSHA...G RGFYKSSSQDLQCSRCPTHSFSDKEGSSRCECEDGYYRAPSDPPYVACTRPPSAPQNLIFNINQTTVSLEWSPPADNGGRNDVTYRILCKRCSWEQ...G AFHNPGACVALVSVRVFYQRCPETLNGLAQFPDTLPG.PA.GLVEVAGTCLPHARASPRPSGAPRMHCSPDGEMLVPVGRCHCEPGYEEGGSGEACVACP AFQDIGACVALLSVRVYYKKCPELLQGLAHFPETIAGSDAPSLATVAGTCVDHA.VVPPGGEEPRMHCAVDGEWLVPIGQCLCQAGYEKVED..ACQACS AFQDVGACIALVSVRVYYKKCPSVVRHLAVFPDTITGADSSQLLEVSGSCVNHS....VTDEPPKMHCSAEGEWLVPIGKCMCKAGYEEK.NGT.CQVCR AFQDVGACIALVSVRVFYKKCPLTVRNLAQFPDTITGADTSSLVEVRGSCVNNS....EEKDVPKMYCGADGEWLVPIGNCLCNAGHEER..SGECQACK AFQDVGACIALVSVKVYYKKCWSIIENLAIFPDTVTGSEFSSLVEVRGTCVSSA..EEEAENAPRMHCSAEGEWLVPIGKCICKAGYQQK..GDTCEPCG SGSYRMDMDTPHCLTCPQQSTAESEGATICTCESGHYRAPGEGPQVACTGPPSAPRNLSFSASGTQLSLRWEPPADTGGRQDVRYSVRCSQCQGTAQDGG PGFYKALDGNMKCAKCPPHSSTQEDGSMNCRCENNYFRADKDPPSMACTRPPSSPRNVISNINETSVILDWSWPLDTGGRKDVTFNIICKKCGWNI...K SGTFKANQGDEACTHCPINSRTTSEGATNCVCRNGYYRADLDPLDMPCTTIPSAPQAVISSVNETSLMLEWTPPRDSGGREDLVYNIICKSCGSGR....G IGYYKALSTDATCAKCPPHSYSVWEGATSCTCDRGFFRADNDAASMPCTRPPSAPLNLISNVNETSVNLEWSSPQNTGGRQDISYNVVCKKCGAGD..PS PGSYKAKQGEGPCLPCPPNSRTTSPAASICTCHNNFYRADSDSADSACTTVPSPPRGVISNVNETSLILEWSEPRDLGVRDDLLYNVICKKC.HGAGGAS AFqdvGaC.aLvsVrv.ykkCpstv.nlA.FpdT.tgadsssLvevrG.Cvnna....e...pp.m.CsadGEW1VPiGkC.CkaGyee...gtaCqaCp AFQDVGACVALVSVRVYFKKCPFTVKNLAMFPDTVP.MDSQSLVEVRGSCVNNS....KEEDPPRMYCSTEGEWLVPIGKCSCNAGYEER..GFMCQACR AFQDYGGCMSLIAVRVFYRKCPRIIQNGAIFQETLSGAESTSLVAARGSCIANA...EEVDVPIKLYCNGDGEWLVPIGRCMCKAGFEAVENGTVCRGCP AFQDQGACMSLISVRAFYKKCASTTAGFALFPETLTGAEPTSLVIAPGTCIPNA...VEVSVPLKLYCNGDGEWMVPVGACTCATGHEPAAKESQCRPCP pGfyka..gd.pClkCPphs.ttsegatsCtCengy.RadsdppsmaCTrpPSaPrnlisnvnetsv.LeWspPadtGgR.Dv.yn.iCkkCg.ga...g HEK11 HEK5 CONS HEK8 HEK2 HEK4 HEK4 HEK5 HEK8 HEK2 HEK7 HEK7 SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG. 50

NLTYE....LHVLNQDEERYQMVLEPRVLLTELQPDTTYIVRVRMLTPLGPGPFSPDHEFRTSPPVSRGLTGGEIVAVIFGLLLGAALLLGILVFRSRRA ILDYEVKYYEKQEQETSYTILRARGTNVTISSLKPDTIYVLQIRARTAAGYGTNSRKFEFETŠPDSFSISGESSQVVMIAISAAVAIILLTVVIYVLIGR LEYEIKHFEKDQETSYTII.KSKETTITAEGLKPASVYVFQIRARTAAGYGVFSRRFEFETTPVFAASSDQSQIPVIAVSVTVGVILLAVVIGVLLSGR LEYEVKYYEKDONERSYRIVRTAARNTDIKGLNPLTSYVFHVRARTAAGYGDFSEPLEVTTNTVPSRI IGDGANSTVLLVSVSGSVVLVVILIAAFVIS [TEYEIKYYEKDQRERTYSTVKTKSTSASINNLKPGTVYVFQIRAFTAAGYGNYSPRLDVATLEEATGKMFEATAVSSEQNPVIIIAVVXVAGTIILVFM PCQPCGVGVHFSPGARALTTPAVHVNGLEPYANYTFNVEAQNGVSGLGSSGHAS..TSVSISMGHAESLS..GLSLRLVKKEPRQLELTWAGSRPRSPGA ECGPCEASVRYSEPPHGLTRISVTVSDLEPHMNYTFTVEARNGVSGLVTSRSFR.TASVS..I..NQ...TEPPKVRLEGRSTTSLSVSW.SIPPPQQSR il.YEvkyyekdq.ersy.iv..k.tsvt.dgLkpdt.YvfqvrarTaaGyG..Sr..efeT.pea.sgsg...ivvviivs~aga..llvv..v.l..r JWKYEV. TYRKKGDSNSYNVRRTEGFSVTLDDLAPDTTYLVQVQALTQEGQGAGSKVHEFQTLSPEGSGNLAVIGGVAVGVVLLLVLAGVGFFIHRRKKN ILDYELQYYEKELSEYNATAIKSPTNTVTVQGLKAGAIYVFQVRARTVAGYGRYSGKMYFQTMTEAEYQTSIQEKLPLIIGSSAAGLVFLIAVVVIAIVC :LDYEMKYFEK..SEGIASTVTSQMNSVQLDGLRPDARYVVQVRARTVAGYGQYSRPAEFETTSERGSGAQQLQEQLPLIVGSATAGLVFVVAVVVIAIV QCEPCSPNVRFLPRQFGLTNTTVTVTDLLAHTNYTFEIDAVNGVSEL..SSPPRQFAAV..SITTNQAAPSPVLTIKKDRTSRNSISLSW.QEPEHPNGI ACTRCGDNVQYAPRQLGLTEPRIYISDLLAHTQYTFEIQAVNGVTD..QSPFSPQFASV..NITTNQAAPSAVSIMHQVSRTVDSITLSW.SQPDQPNGV ECVPCGSNIGYMPQQTGLEDNYVTVMDLLAHANYTFEVEAVNGVSDL....SRSQRLFAAVSITTGQAAPSQVSGVMKERVLQRSVELSW.QEPEHPNGV CepCg.nvry.prq1gLt.t.vtvsdLlahtnYtFe.eAvNGVs.l....sp.q.asvsv.ittnqaaps.v.tvr....sr.s.slsW.qep.rpngv KCRPCGSGVHYTPQQNGLKTTKVSITDLLAHTNYTFEIWAVNGVSK....YNPNPDQSVSVTVTTNQAAPSSIALVQAKEVTRYSVALAW.LEPDRPNGV ACSRCDDNVEFVPRQLGLSEPRVHTSHLLAHTRYTFEVQAVNGVSGK....SPLPPRYAAVNITTNQAAPSEVPTLRLHSSSGSSLTLSW.APPERPNGV VCEECGGHVRYLPRQSGLKNTSVMMVDLLAHTNYTFEIEAVNGVSDL....SPGARQYVSVNVTTNQAAPSPVTNVKKGKIAKNSISLSW.QEPDRPNGI HEX11 CONS HEK5 **IEK8** HEK2 CONS HEK4 **JEKS** JEK8 HEK2 HEK4 HEK7 HEK7 EPH 뎞 EPH ECK SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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QRQRQQRHVTAPPMWIERTSCAEALCGTSRHTRTLHREPWTL..PGGWSNFPSRELDPAWLMVDTVIGEGEFGEVYRGTLRLPS.QDCKTVAIKTLKDTS PGGQWWNFLREATIMGQFSHPHILHLEGVVTKRKPIMIITEFMENAALDAFLREREDQLVPGQLVAMLQGIASGMNYLSNHNYVHRDLAARNILVNQNLC VFGFIIGRRHCGYTKADQEGDEELYFHFKFPGTKTYIDPETYEDPNRAVHQFAKELDASCIKIERVIGAGEFGEVCSGRLKLP.GKRDVAVAIKTLKVGY tekQrrdFL.EAsIMGQFdHpniihLEGVvtkskPvMIitE.MENg.Ld.FlrkndgqftviQLVgMLrGIaaGMkYLsdmnYVHRDLAARNILvNsNLv lekorvdflgeagimgofshhniirlegviskykpmmiiteymengaldkflrekdgefsvlolvgmlrgiaagmkylanmnyvhrdlaarnilvnsnlv TEKQRRDFLGEASIMGQFDHPNIIRLEGVVTKSKPVMIVTEYMENGSLDSFLRKHDAQFTVIQLVGMLRGIASGMKYLSDMGYVHRDLAARNILINSNLV TEKQRRDFL.SEASIMGQFDHPNVIHLEGVVTKSTPVMIITEFMENGSLDSFLRQNDGQFTVIQLVGMLRGIAAGMKYLADMNYVHRDLAARNILVNSNLV TEKQRRDFLGEASIMGQFDHPNIIHLEGVVTKSKPVMIVTEYMENGSLDTFLKKNDGQFTVIQLVGMLRGISAGMKYLSDMGYVHRDLAARNILINSNLV TDKQRRDFLSEASIMGQFDHPNIIHLEGVVTKCKPVMIITEYMENGSLDAFLRKNDGRFTVIQLVGMLRGIGSGMKYLSDMSYVHRDLAARNILVNSNLV TERQRRDFLSEASIMGQFDHPNIIRLEGVVTKSRPVMILTEFMENCALDSFLRLNDGQFTVIQLVGMLRGIAAGMKYLSEMNYVHRDLAARNILVNSNLV TEKQRRDFLCEASIMGQFDHPNVVHLEGVVTRGKPVMIVIEFMENGALHAFLRKHDGQFTVIQLVGMLRGIAAGMRYLADMGYVHRDLAARNILVNSNLV ...LKPLKTYVDPHTYEDPNQAVLKFTTEIHPSCVTRQKVIGAGEFGEVYKGMLKTSSGKKEVPVAIKTLKAGYHLKLPGLRTYVDPHTYEDPTQAVHEFAKELDATNISIDKVVGAGEFGEVCSGRLKLPS.KKEISVAIKTLKVGY ...SGHITPGMKIYIDPFTYEDPNEAVREFAKEIDISCVKIEQVIGAGEFGEVCSGHLKLP.GKREIFVAIKTLKSGY RCGYSKAKQDPEEEKMHFHN....GHIKLPGVRTYIDPHTYEDPNQAVHEFAKEIEASCITIERVIGAGEFGEVCSGRLKLP.GKRELPVAIKTLKVGY RRRSKYSKAKQEADEEKHIN......QGVRTYVDPFTYEDPNQAVREFAKEIDASCIKIEKVIGVGEFGEVCSGRLKVP.GKREICVAIKTLKAGY CLRKQRHGSDSEYTEKLQQY.....IAPGMKVYIDPFTYEDPNEAVREFAKEIDVSCVKIEEVIGAGEFGEVCRGRLKQP.GRREVFVAIKTLKVGY r..qsr.dd.ey.keq......klpg.ktyidP.TyedPnqav.efakEidascikiekViGaGEFGEVcsGrLklp.gkre..VAIKTLKvgy NRRGFERADSEYTDKLQHYT. FCGYKSKHGADEKRLHFGNG. DRARQSPEDVYFSKSEQ. HEK11 HEK5 HEK2 CONS HEK4 HEK8 HEK4 **JEKS** 1EK8 HEK7 **IEK7** EPH SS EPH ECK SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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CKVSDFGLSRFLEDDPSDPTYTSSLGGKIPIRWTAPEAIAYRKFTSASDVWSYGIVMWEVMSYGERPYWDMSNQDVINAVEQDYRLPPPMDCPTALHQLM CKVSDFGLTRLL.DDFDGTYET..QGGKIPIRWTAPEAIAHRIFTTASDVWSFGIVMWEVLSFGDKPYGEMSNQEVMKSIEDGYRLPPPVDCPAPLYELM CKVSDFGLSRVLEDD. PEATYT. TSGGKIPIRWTAPEAISYRKFTSASDVWSFGIVMWEVMTYGERPYWELSNHEVMKAINDGFRLPTPMDCPSAIYQLM CKVSDFGLSRVLEDD. PEAAYT. TRGGKIPIRWTSPEAIAYRKFTSASDVWSYGIVLWEVMSYGERPYWEMSNQDVIKAVDEGYRLPPPMDCPAALYQLM CKVSDFGLSRFLEDDTSDPTYTSALGGKFPIRWTAPEAIQYRKFTSASDVWSYGIVMWEVMSYGERPYWDMTNQDVINAIEQDYRLPPPMDCPSALHQLM CKVSDFGLSRVLEDD. PEAAYT. TRGGKIPIRWTAPEAIAFRKFTSASDVWSYGIVMWEVVSYGERPYWEMTNQDVIKAVEEGYRLPSPMDCPAALYQLM CKVSDFGMSRVLEDD. PEAAYT. TRGGKIPIRWTAPEAIAYRKFTSASDVWSYGIVMWEVMSYGERPYWDMSNQDVIKAIEEGYRLPPPMDCPIALHQLM CKVSDFGLSRVIEDD. PEAVYT. TTGGKI PVRWTA PEAIQYRKFTSASDVWSYGIVMWEVMSYGER PYWDMSNQDVIKA I EEGYRLPA PMDCPAGLHQLM CKVSDFG1sRv1eDD.pea.yT.trGGkiPiRWTaPEAIayRkFTsASDVWSyG1VmWEVmsyGerPYw.msNqdVikaieegyRLPpPmDCPaal.qLM HEK11 HEK5 HEK7 HEK8 HEK2 HEK4 ECK

AOCWQOERARRPKFADIVSILDKLIRAPDSLKTLADFDPRVSIRLPSTSGSEGVPFRTVSEWLESIKMQQYTEHFMAAGYTAIEKVVQMTNDDIKRIGVR LDCWQKDRNNRPKFEQIVSILDKLIRNPGSLKIITSAAARPSNLLLDQSNVDISTFRTTGDWLNGVRTAHCKEIFTGVEYSSCDTIAKISTDDMKKVGVT JDCWQKDRNHRPKFGQIVNTLDKMIRNPNSLKAMAPLSSGINLPLLDRTIPDYTSFNTVDEWLEA-IKMGQYKESFANAGFTSFDVVSQMMEDILRVGVT :DCWOKERSDRPKFGQIVNMLDKLIRNPNSLKRTGTESSRPNTALLDPSSPEFSAVVSVGDWLQAIKMDRYKDNFTAAGYTTLEAVVHVNQEDLARIGIT : DCWVRDRNLRPKFSQIVNTLDKLIRNAASLKVIASAQSGMSQPLLDRTVPDYTTFTTVGDWLDAIKMGRYKESFVSAGFASFDLVAQMTAEDLLRIGVT LDCWQKERAERPKFEQIVGILDKMIRNPNSLKTPLGTCSRPISPLLDQNTPDFTTFCSVGEWLQAIKMERYKDNFTAAGYNSLESVARMTIEDVMSLGIT .dCWqk.RnrRPkF.qivniLdklirnpnSLktia.assr.s.pLld.sgpd.ttfrtvgeWLeaikmgryke.Ftaagyts..avaqmtaeDl.riGvt KNCWAYDRARRPHFOKLOAHLEOLLANPHSLRTIANFDPRVTLRLPSLSGSDGIPYRTVSEWLESIRMKRYILHFHSAGLDTMECVLELTAEDLTOMGIT JDCWQKERNSRPKFDEIVNMLDKLIRNPSSLKTLVNASCRVSNLLAEHSPLGSGAYRSVGEWLEAIKMGRYTEIFMENGYSSMDAVAQVTLEDLRRLGVT CONS HEK4 HEK5 HEK7 HEK8 EPH ECK SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

F16. 5F

lvghQkkIlsSiq.mr.Qmnqgh.p.v.V AITHQNKILSSVQAMRTQMQQMHGRMVPV LVGHQKKIMSSIQTMRAQMLHLHGTGIQV LAGHQKKILSSIQDMRLQMNQTLPVQV LAGHQKKILINSIQVMRAQMNQIQSVEV JPGHQKRIAYSLLGLKDQVNTVGIPI **LVGHQKKIMNSLQEMKVQLVNGMVPL** VVGPOKKIISSIKALETQSKNGPVPV LPGHQKRILCSIQGFKD HEK11 HEK8 HEK2 HEK4 HEK5 HEK7 EPH ECK

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28/3**3** FIG. 6

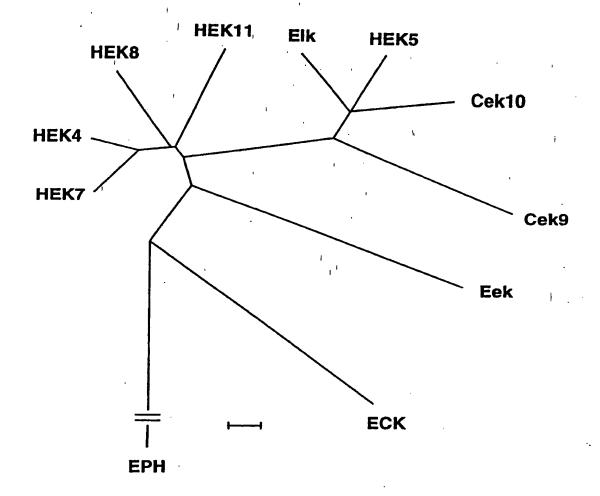


FIG. 7A

<u>Human</u>

FIG. 7B

<u>Rat</u>

9.5 kb 7.5 2.4

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG. 8A

Human

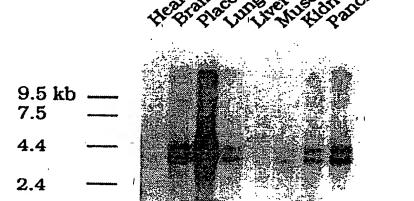


FIG. 8B

Rat

9.5 kb — 7.5 — 4.4 — 2.4

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FIG. 9A

<u>Human</u>

HORIAN CETTO WELLEN CONTROLE

FIG. 9B

Rat

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FIG. IOA

<u>Human</u>

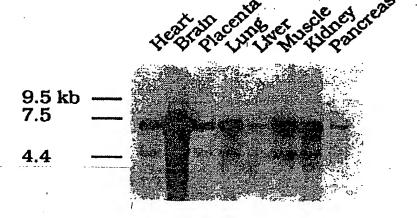


FIG. IOB

Rat

Ovary estis thyrrius Heart Stornach Intestine United Her Kidney

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FIG. 11A

Human

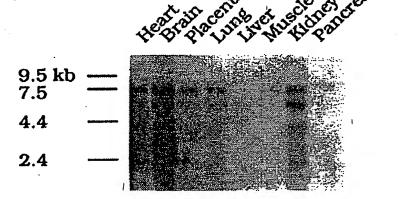
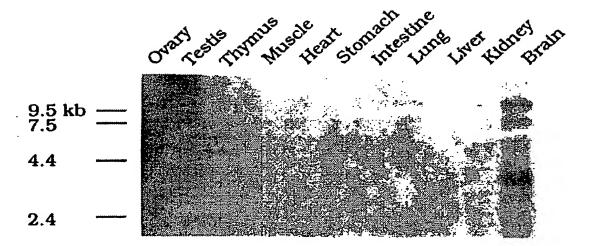


FIG. 11B

Rat



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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter 14 Application No

PCT/US 95/04681 A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
1PC 6 C12N15/12 C07K14/71 C07K16/28 A61K38/17 A61K39/395 C12N15/62 G01N33/566 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 6 C12N C07K A61K G01N Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category * Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X WO-A-93 00425 (INST MEDICAL W & E HALL) 7 1-8,10, January 1993 15-18, 20,23, 25-32,34 see the whole document X DE-A-42 33 782 (CHEMOTHERAPEUTISCHES 1-9. FORSCHUNG) 14 April 1994 15-19, 23, 25-32,34 see the whole document X CA-A-2 083 521 (MOUNT SINAI HOSPITAL CORP 1-7,13, 15-18,) 1 October 1993 23-32,34 see the whole document -/--X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed in annex. * Special categories of cited documents: T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance invention P. earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed in the art. '&' document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 15. 09. 95 6 September 1995 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Pax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Nauche, S

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CIContinu	tion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	PC1/US 95/04681
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	ONCOGENE,	1-8,11,
	vol. 7, no. 12, December 1992 pages 2499-2506, HEBENSTREIT-GILARDI, P. ET AL.: 'An	15-18, 21,23, 25-27,34
	Eph-related receptor tyrosine kinase gene segmentally expressed in the developing mouse hindbrain.' see the whole document	
X	BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS, vol. 194, 1993 ORLANDO, FL US, pages 698-705,	1-9, 15-19, 23, 25-27,
	IWASE T., TANAKA M., SUZUKI M., NAITO Y., SUGIMURA H.; 'Identification of protein-tyrosine kinase genes preferentially expressed in embryo stomach and gastric cancer's see the whole document	32,34
(CELL REGULATION, vol. 2, July 1991	1-9, 15-19,
	pages 523-534, PASQUALE, E.B.; 'Identification of chicken embryo kinase 5, a developmentally regulated receptor-type tyrosine kinase of the Eph family' see the whole document	23, 25-29, 32,34
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Interr all Application No
PCT/US 95/04681

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	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		Independent of the St
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages		Relevant to claim No.
X	ONCOGENE, vol. 6, no. 6, 1991 pages 1057-1061, CHAN, J.; WATT, V.M.; 'eek and erk, new members of the eph subclass of receptor protein-tyrosine kinases' cited in the application see the whole document		1-9, 15-18, 23, 25-27, 32,34
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P,X	ONCOGENE, vol. 10, no. 5, 2 March/1995 pages 897-905, FOX GM; HOLST PL; CHUTE HT; LINDBERG RA; JANSSEN AM; BASU R; WELCHER AA; 'cDNA cloning and tissue distribution of five human eph-like receptor protein-tyrosine kinases' see the whole document		1-34

---- ernational application No.

PCT/US 95/04681

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Box I Ob	servations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)
	ional search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
	Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:
beca	ms Nos.: 32 use they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
Ren	hark: Although claim 32 is directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body (Rule 39.1(iv)) PCT), the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
becar	ns Nos.; use they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such tent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
	·
becau	is Nos.: se they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).
Box II Obse	rvations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)
This Internatio	nal Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:
•	
1. As all search	required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all
As all a of any	earchable claims could be searches without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment additional fee.
As only covers	some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
	·
No requirestricted	ired additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:
mark on Protes	The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.
n PCT/ISA/210	

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

anformation on patent family members

Inten and Application No
PCT/US 95/04681

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CA-A-2083521	3 c,	NONE	